

HAROLD E. EDGERTON

PAPERS

MC 25

Series III

Laboratory Notebooks

Number 35

Dated Dec. 8, 1983 to _____

0143 24 1565

No. 983

COMPUTATION BOOK

NAME

HAROLD EDGERTON

35

Course STROBE LAB 4-405 MIT

DEC 8 1983. -

START 13267

AN AMPAD PAPER PRODUCT
AMERICAN PAD & PAPER CO. - P. O. BOX 1250 -

139607 BOMP
HOLYOKE, MASS. 01040
441835 LORAN

Notebook # 35

Filming and Separation Record

1 unmounted photograph(s)

 negative strip(s)

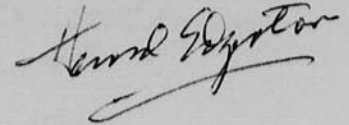
17 unmounted page(s)
(notes, drawings, letters, etc.)

was/were filmed where originally located between page and .
inside front cover

Item(s) now housed in accompanying folder.

July 10, 1984

LOST CAMERA
Harold Edgerton



An elapsed-time camera, the one that was loaned to Robert Rines for use in Loch Ness (1972-1984) was lost during tests on Saturday, June 30 at a location near the U.S. Coast Guard Station, Boston. Its location can be found from the sighting shown on the attached sketch.

The camera was being tested by Mark De Cew who had planned to use it in Loch Ness this summer. The new idea was to use the camera in a vertical alignment with sunlight, for shadow illumination. The camera will only be operated at high noon and at a depth where exposure is satisfactory. A rate of one per second will be used. The 50-ft. film has 40 pictures per ft. (16-mm) making a total of 4000 photos per load, for a running time of 4000 seconds, or 66.6 minutes (about one hour).

Walter Westphal and Henry Kendall have made several dives for the camera. Because of difficulties with currents, visibility, darkness, and location no results have been obtained.

Conclusions: Since the divers could not find the camera near the buoy we now wonder (1) was the buoy at the spot where the camera was lost, (2) did the camera go below the surface into the sediment, (3) has the camera been moved by the currents, and (4) what further methods of search should be tried?

Encl.

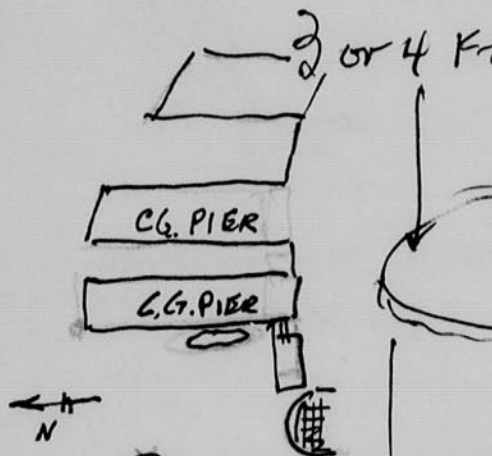
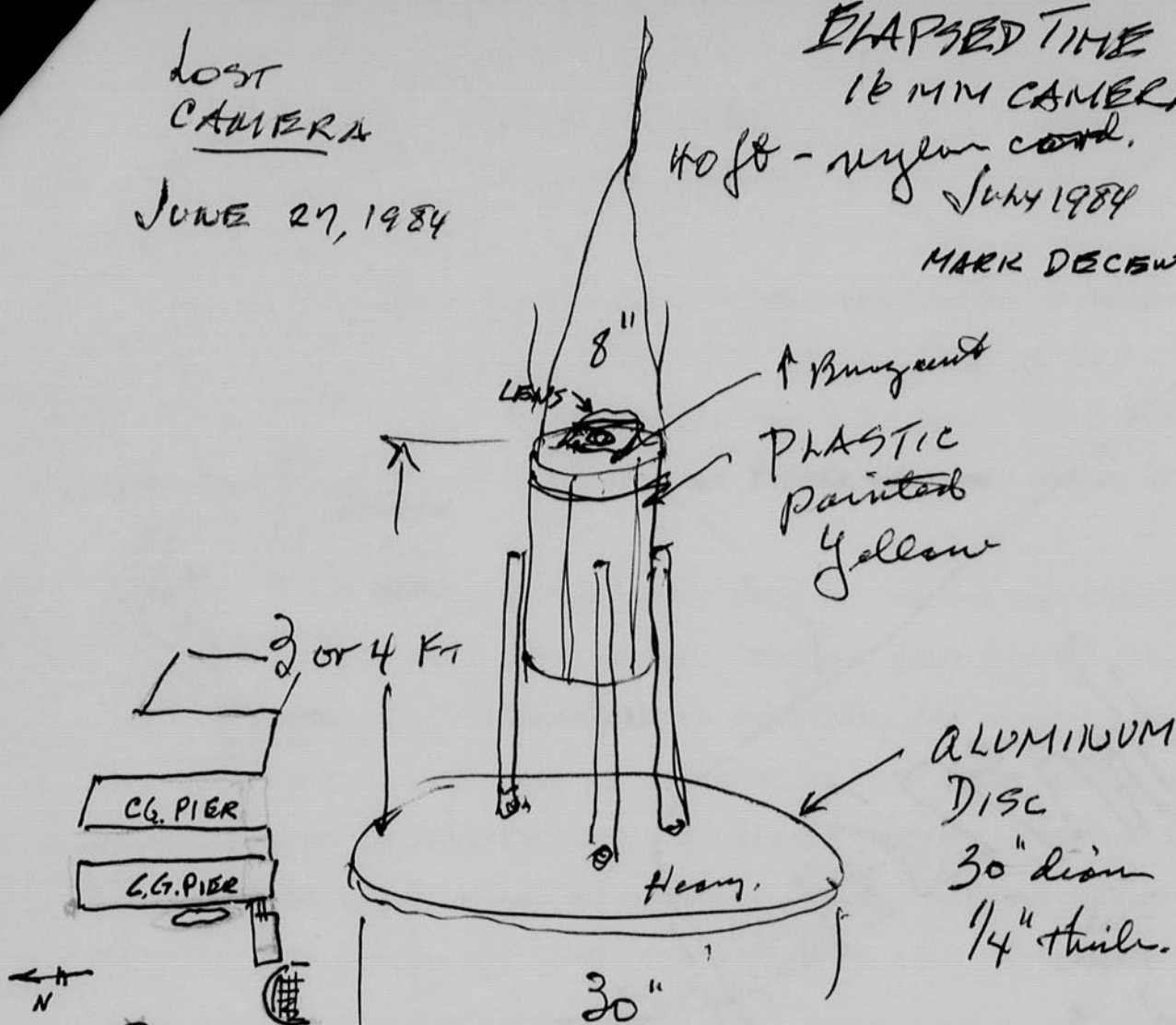
LOST
CAMERA

JUNE 27, 1984

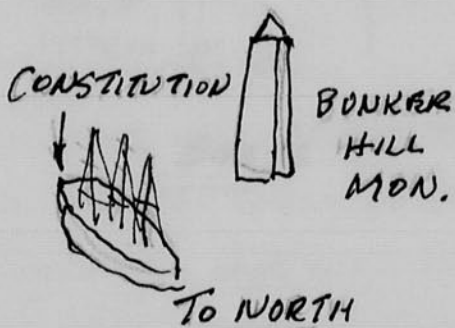
ELAPSED TIME
16 MM CAMERA.

40 ft - nylon cord.
July 1984

MARK DECEW.



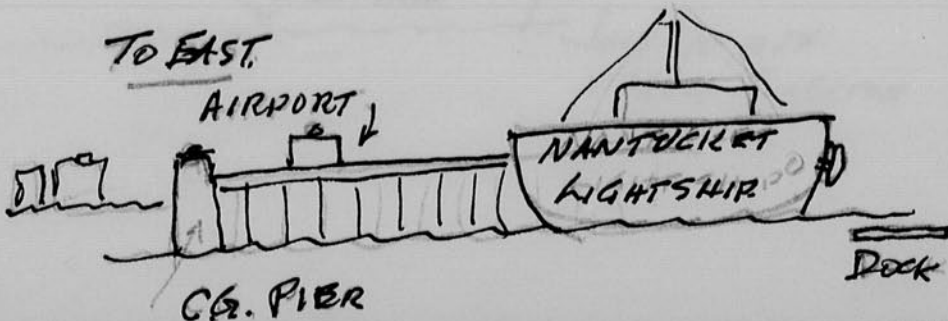
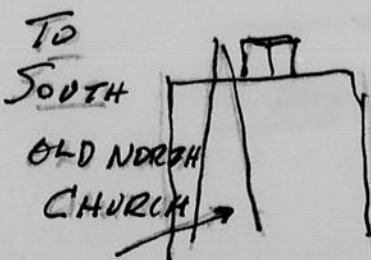
weight in water 20# ± ?
estimated



POSITION
JULY 5, 1984.

Harold Decew
July 5, 1984.

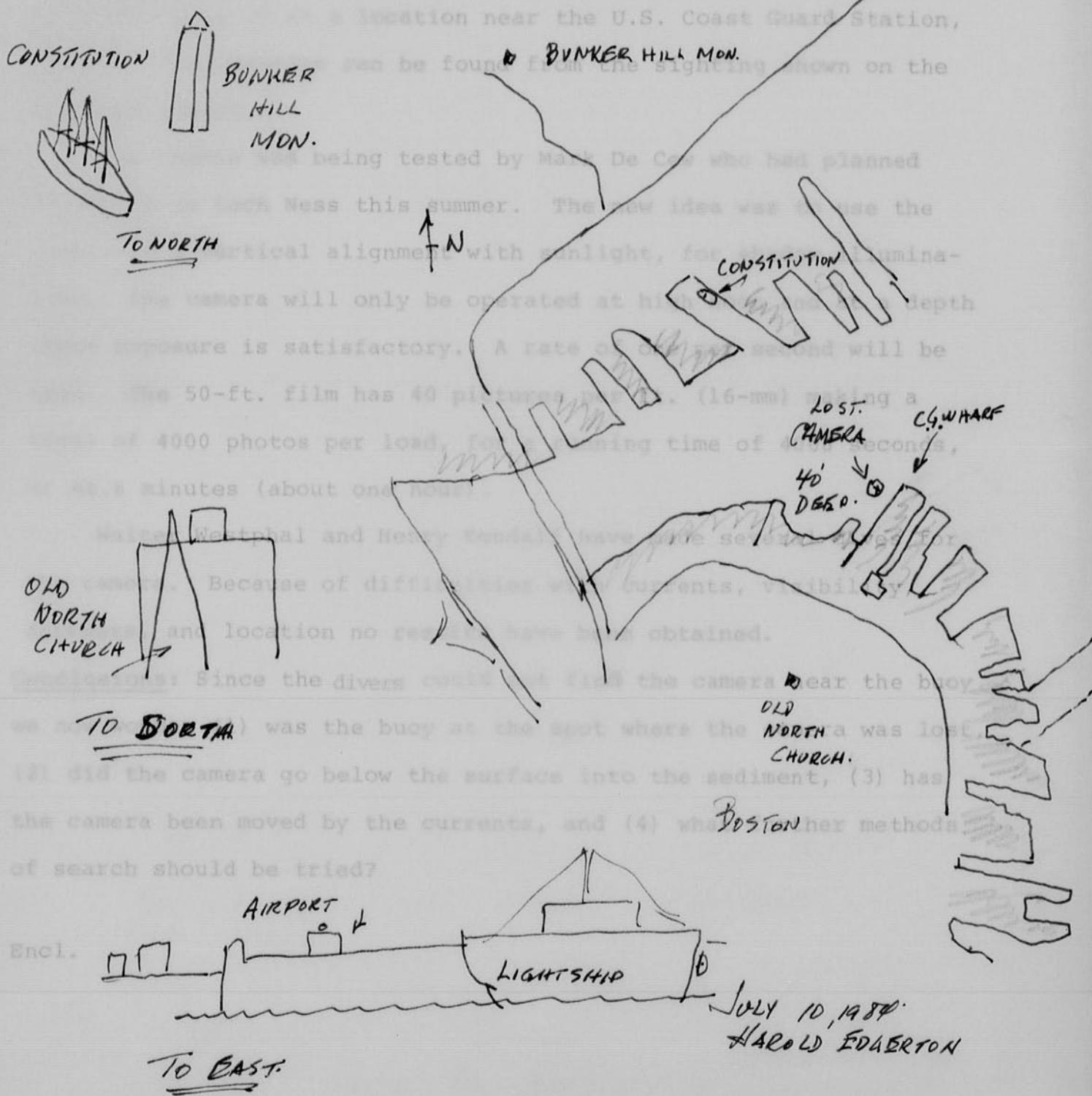
Lost west of
Coast Guard dock
Boston Harbor.



July 10, 1984

Harold Edgerton

LOST CAMERA
Harold Edgerton



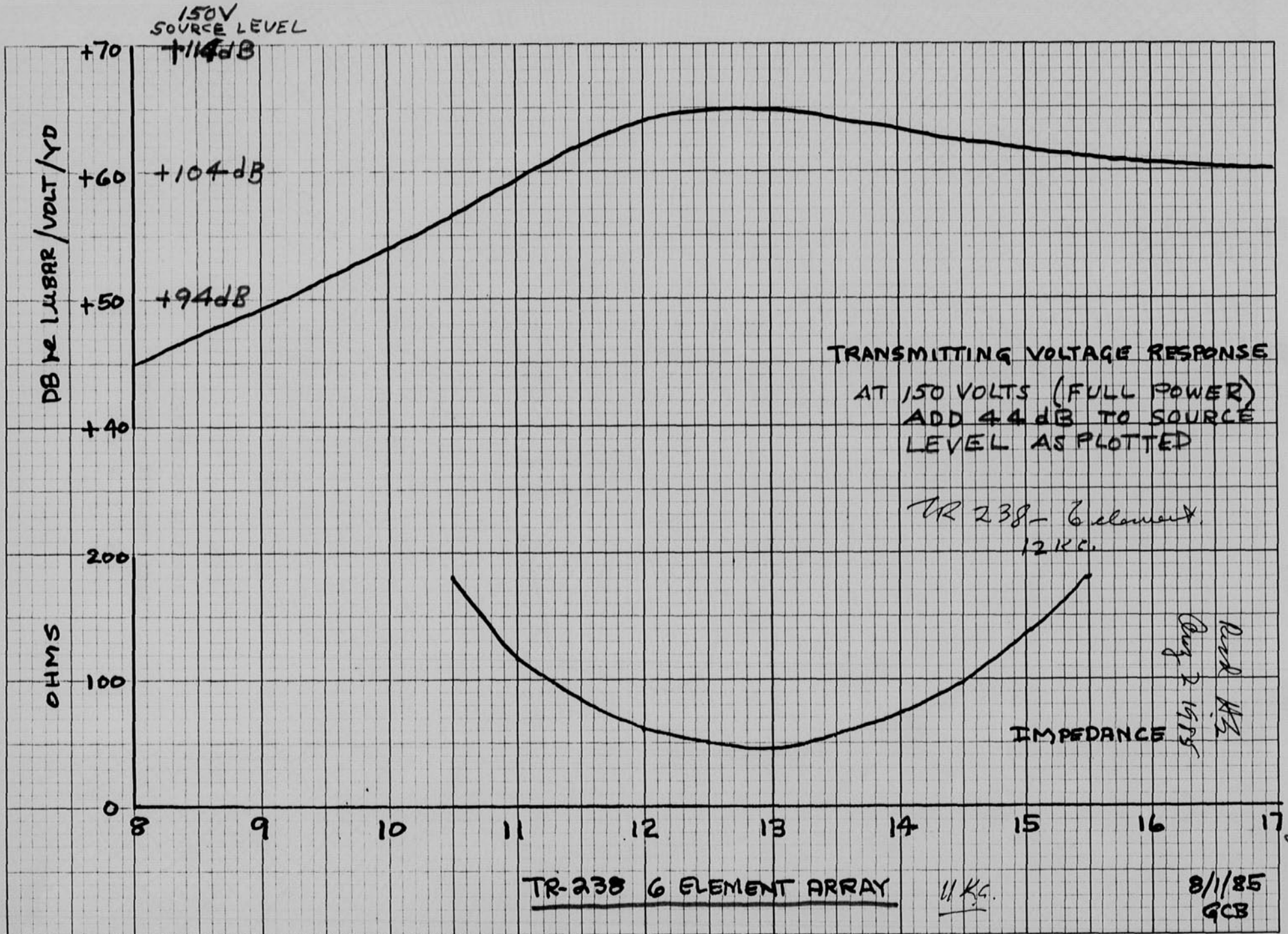
JULY 10, 1984
HAROLD EDGERTON

...the one that was loaned to Robert
 ... (1972-1984) was lost during tests on
 ... a location near the U.S. Coast Guard Station,
 ... can be found from the sighting shown on the
 ... being tested by Mark De Co who had planned
 ... Ness this summer. The new idea was to use the
 ... vertical alignment with sunlight, for illumina-
 ... the camera will only be operated at high depth
 ... exposure is satisfactory. A rate of 1/1000 second will be
 ... The 50-ft. film has 40 pictures (16-mm) using a
 ... of 4000 photos per load, for a running time of 10
 ... 45 minutes (about one hour)
 ... Because of difficult water currents, visibility
 ... and location no results have been obtained.
 ... Since the divers could not find the camera near the buoy
 ... was the buoy at the spot where the camera was lost,
 ... did the camera go below the surface into the sediment, (3) has
 ... the camera been moved by the currents, and (4) what other methods
 ... of search should be tried?

Encl.

Color Plankton

p 84 85 ^{NOV} Dec 28 P 87	color experiment.
p 86 N.B. 35 Dec 5 1977	color. Polaroid.
p 89 35 Jan 5 1979	Experiment.
90 35 Jan 20 1979	nutrient experiment.
115 35 Feb 6 1979	Experiment.
116 35 Feb 8 1979	Trial Experiment.



MASSA PRODUCTS CORPORATION, HINGHAM, MASS.

For Harold Colgate

30°
330°

20°
340°

10°
350°

0

350°
10°

340°
20°

330°
30°

40°
320°

320°
40°

50°
310°

310°
50°

60°
300°

300°
60°

70°
290°

290°
70°

80°
280°

280°
80°

90°
270°

270°
90°

100°
260°

260°
100°

110°
250°

250°
110°

120°
240°

240°
120°

130°
230°

230°
130°

140°
220°

220°
140°

David C. ... 1975
H. ...

10dB

12 kHz.

DIRECTIONAL RESPONSE
TR-238 6 ELEMENT ARRAY
FREQ. = 12.7 kHz

8/1/85
GLB

150°
210°

160°
200°

170°
190°

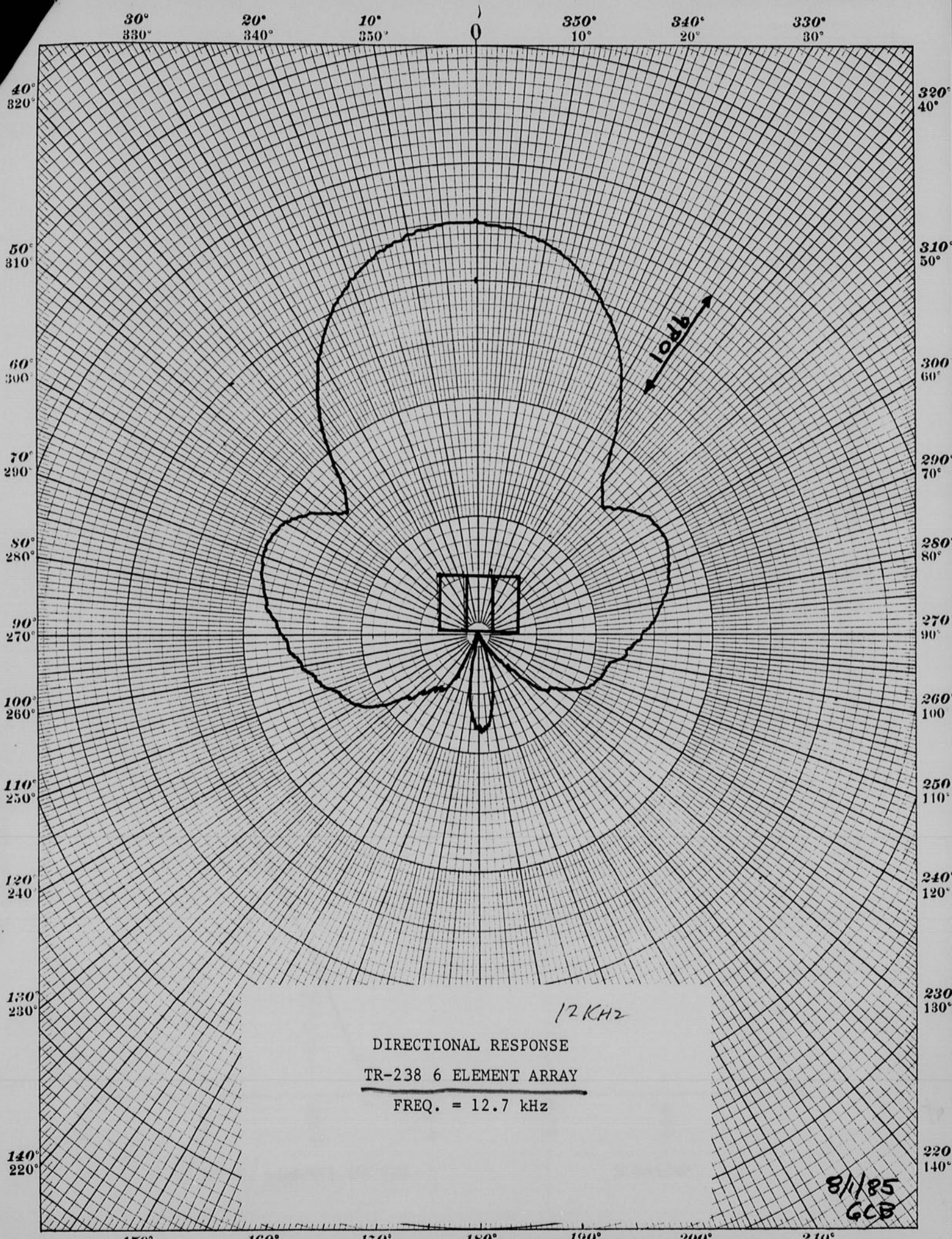
180°
180°

190°
170°

200°
160°

210°
150°

GRAPHIC 4501



12 KHz

DIRECTIONAL RESPONSE
TR-238 6 ELEMENT ARRAY
FREQ. = 12.7 kHz

8/1/85
GCB

Ceiling
 Ceiling
 Aug 3 1955
 6 KHz + Mass. Hyams
 Beam.
 6 KHz
 X100-17
 005
 ← 005 →

MIT
AUG 15 1955

TO S
du

↓
 ↑
 ↑ 6 KHz Double
 005 Sec.
 ↓

per ceiling
 MASSA
 12 KHz
 6 peaks
 100 X 1300
 Gunton
 Beam
 ceiling

Used for paper on
Sensor of High Resolution

For paper on signal Duration.

Why did the signal curves to
3.5 Kc. seem so slow on the
Venice trip? Note I used a 250(?)
mass hydrophone in Venice

3.5 KHz curve.

Brown curve

last field may be specified with !, which means continue through to the last field. The field specification can be 1 of the following formats:

- ← 1. *limit-limit*
- 2. *limit:limit*
- 3. *limit*
- 4. OTHERS

← Format 1 specifies that any limits specified as literals be excluded from the activity.

→ ← Format 2 requests that any limits specified as literals be included in the activity.

→ ← Format 3 is a single field.

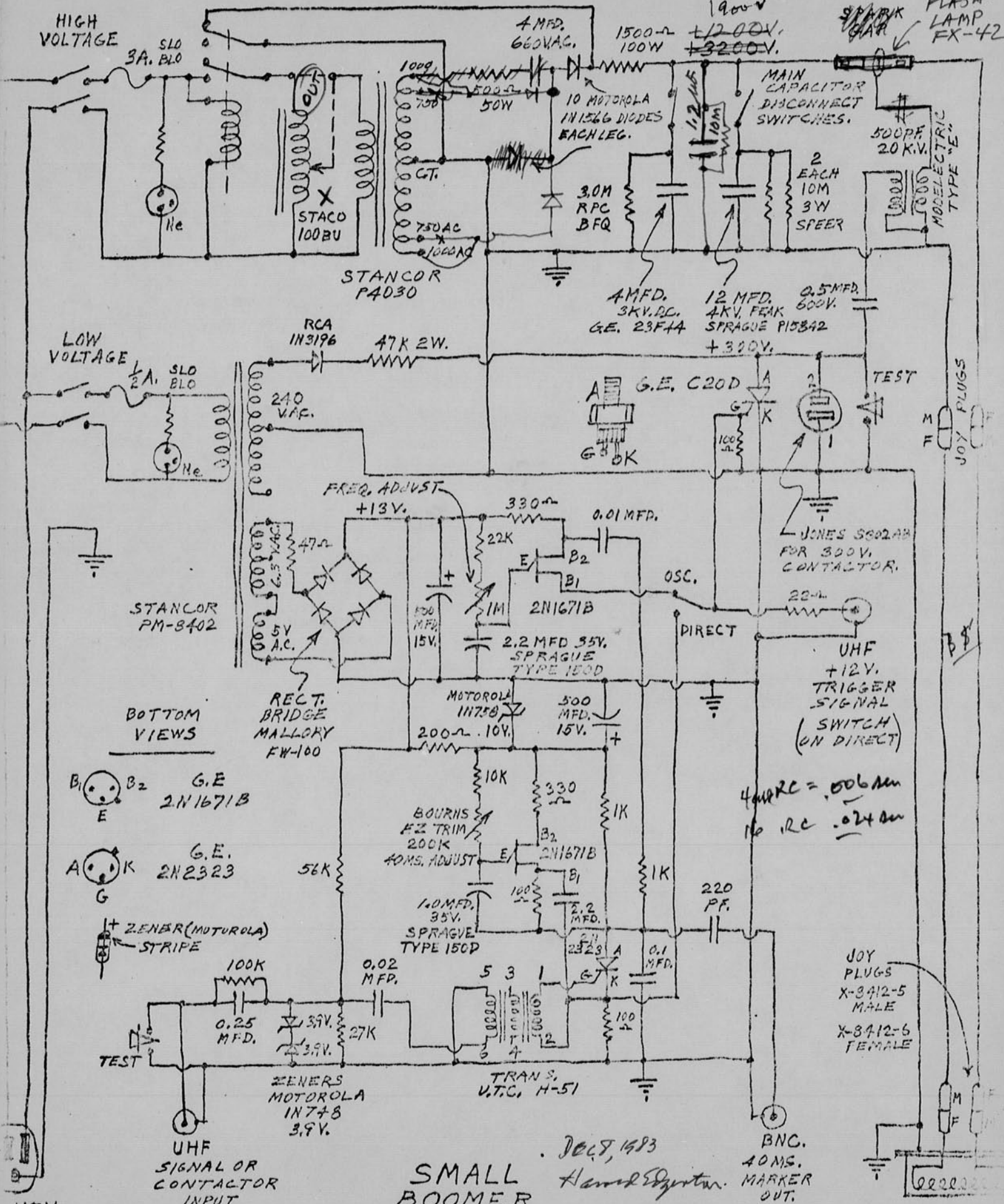
→ ← Format 4 specifies the action for unspecified fields.

← An option is action to be taken on a given field. Available options and their meanings are listed below:

Anchor ← Start printing at a specified column.

Continue/*literal* Process rest of the field list only if *literal* appears in the preceding field.

Aug 29 1985



DEPT, 1483
 Small Boomer
 (TOOL BOX)
 5/19/66 F.E.M.

JANUARY 20TH 1981

DEAR SIRs,

Today for the first time I saw work done by Harold E. Edgerton. (Splash of milk - 1936?) AND WANT TO SEE MORE - I AM VERY EXCITED WITH THIS PHOTOGRAPH AND WANT TO KNOW MORE ABOUT THIS MAN AND HIS WORK.

IS IT POSSIBLE?

I SAW IT IN CREATIVE PHOTOGRAPHY - 1826 - Present
AN EXHIBITION FROM THE
GERSHWIN COLLECTION
by Helmut & ALISON GERSHWIN

Please tell me all you know and how I can learn more. Books, articles, etc. I hope he is ALIVE I read he was born in 1903 and feel I might have missed him. Hope NOT -

Please Direct me to ANY INFORMATION CONCERNING THIS MAN'S ART - IF IT IS NOT POSSIBLE, please tell me!

THANK - YOU

KATHERINE V. KEATING
1106 1/2 NUENCES

KATHERINE V. KEATING
1106 1/2 NUENCES
AUSTIN TEXAS
78701



MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECH.
77 MASSACHUSETTS AVE
CAMBRIDGE MASS. 02139

DIRECTOR OF PHOTOGRAPHY, ART, ?
INQUIRE ON HAROLD E. EDGERTON

Castling

Massa Oceanographic Transducers

• precision in electroacoustics

For Harold Edgerton

Rec'd Aug 21 1985

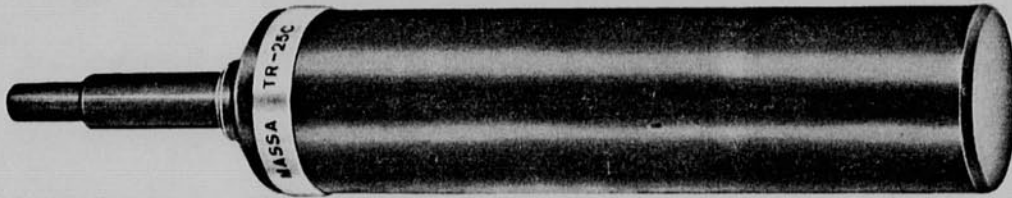
ELECTROACOUSTIC TRANSDUCER

MODEL TR-25C ALSO TR-1025C

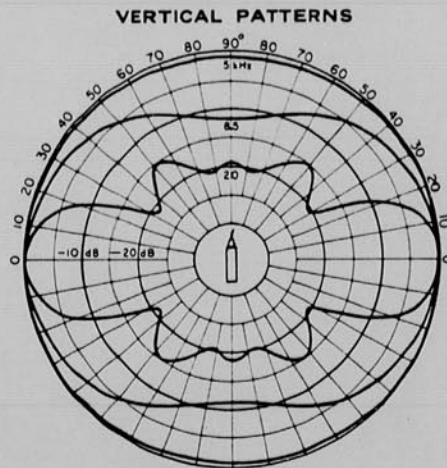
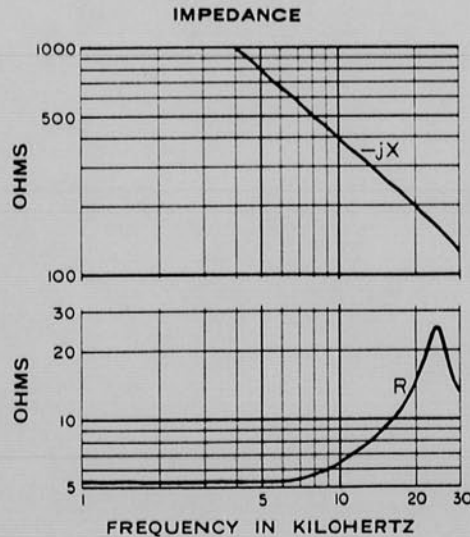
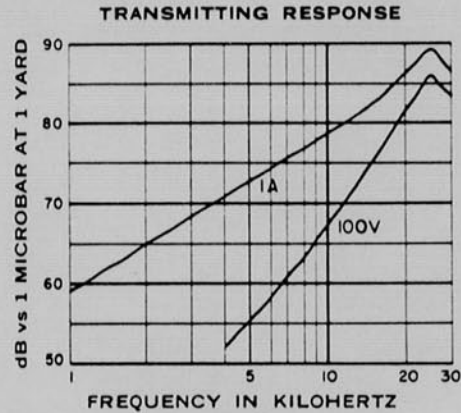
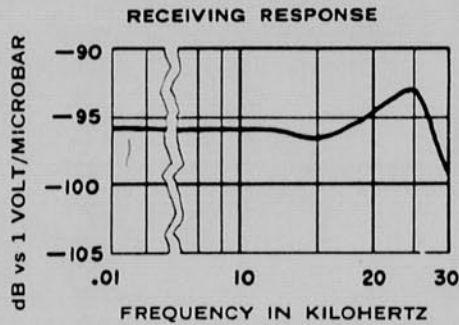
The Massa Model TR-25C is a rugged transducer designed as a general purpose wide range hydrophone. It can be used for making accurate underwater sound measurements, as well as for generating medium power acoustic outputs in the 1 to 30 kHz region. The sensor element is lead zirconate-titanate and is assembled within a rubber housing into which an underwater high pressure cable is also sealed. The TR-25C will resist underwater explosions without damage.

SPECIFICATIONS

RECEIVING RESPONSE	-96 dB vs 1 V/microbar (10 Hz to 20 kHz)
HORIZONTAL DIRECTIVITY	Omnidirectional
MAXIMUM POWER OUTPUT AT 25 kHz	100 Watts
CAPACITANCE04 microfarad
MAXIMUM OPERATING DEPTH	2000 ft
WEIGHT (LESS CABLE)	2½ lbs
DIMENSIONS	2¼" dia x 9" long



TR-25C CHARACTERISTICS



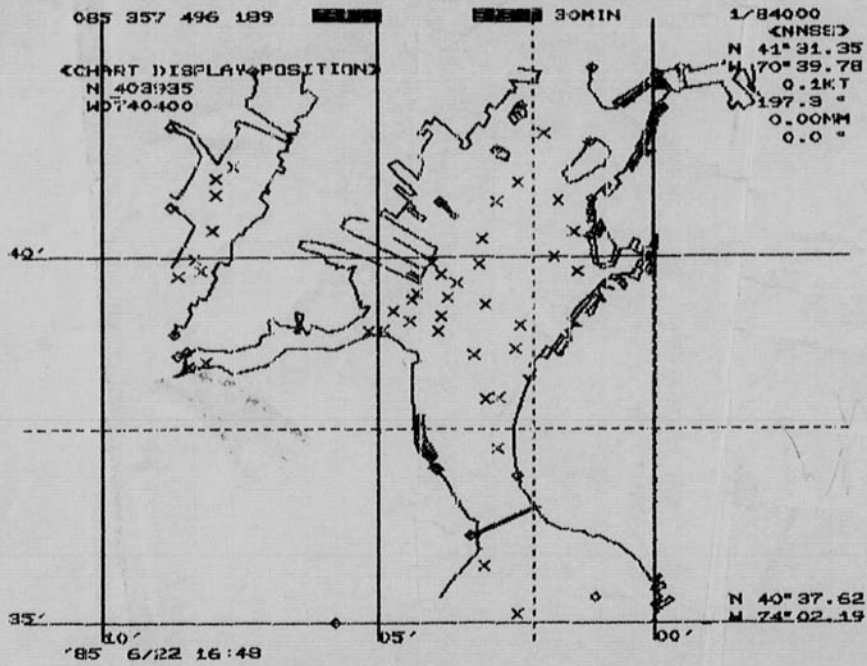
Massa reserves the right to change prices and specifications without notice



Massa Products Corporation

280 Lincoln Street, Hingham, Mass. 02043

TWX. 710-348-6932
TEL. (617) 749-4800



MWA

Calypso June 1985

Calypso AT WHOI
 1985

KODAK VERICOLOR II Professional Film 4107, Type S

ENGLISH

- Color negative film designed for exposure times of 1/10 second or shorter.
- For exposure by electronic flash, daylight, or blue flash.
- Gives excellent quality in color reproduction without supplementary masking.
- Features dimensionally stable 7-mil ESTAR Thick Base.

Darkroom Handling: Total darkness required.

EXPOSURE

ISO 125/22*
ASA 125/22 DIN

Speed:

Light Source	KODAK WRATTEN Filter	Speed		
		ISO	ASA	DIN
Daylight	None	125/22°	125	22
Photolamp (3400 K)	80B	40/17°	40	17
Tungsten (3200 K)	80A	32/16°	32	16

Exposure times longer than 1/10 second are not recommended. For long exposures, use KODAK VERICOLOR II Professional Film 4108, Type L.

Note: ISO (International Standards Organization) film speed numbers are given in anticipation of future worldwide use.

Inclusion of Gray Card in Scene: To aid in determining exposures required in making prints from negatives, use the gray (18% reflectance) side of the KODAK Neutral Test Card. Instructions are packaged with the card.

Flash Pictures: To get the lens opening for electronic flash or flashbulbs, divide the guide number by the distance from flash to subject.

Electronic Flash Guide Numbers:

Output of Unit (BCPS or ECPS)	350	500	700	1000	1400	2000	2800	4000	5600	8000
Guide Number for Distances in Feet	45	55	65	80	95	110	130	160	190	220
Guide Number for Distances in Metres	14	17	20	24	29	33	40	50	60	65

Guide Numbers for Blue Flashbulbs: Select the guide number on the flashbulb package for the daylight film speeds listed above and for the type of reflector, shutter, and synchronization on the camera you are using.

Caution: Since bulbs may shatter when flashed, the use of a flashguard over the reflector is recommended. Do not flash bulbs in an explosive atmosphere.

Daylight Exposure Table: Lens openings with shutter at 1/250 second.

For the hours from 2 hours after sunrise to 2 hours before sunset.

Bright or Hazy Sun on Light Sand or Snow	Bright or Hazy Sun (Distinct Shadows)	Weak, Hazy Sun (Soft Shadows)	Cloudy Bright (No Shadows)	Heavy Overcast	Open Shade*
<i>f/16</i>	<i>f/11†</i>	<i>f/8</i>	<i>f/5.6</i>	<i>f/4</i>	<i>f/4</i>

*Subject shaded from the sun but lighted by a large area of sky.

†For backlit close-up subjects, use *f/5.6*.

Reciprocity Effect Adjustments: No lens aperture, exposure time, or development adjustments are required for VERICOLOR II Professional Film 4107, Type S, when indicated exposure time is between 1/10 and 1/50,000 second. Other exposure times are not recommended.

PROCESSING • Use KODAK FLEXICOLOR® Chemicals for Process C-41 or C-41V to process this film. This film can be processed in the (1) KODAK VERSAMAT Color Processor, Model 145, when modified for Process C-41V; (2) in the KODAK VISCOUNT Processor for KODACOLOR Film, Models 1 and 2, equipped with the KODAK VISCOUNT Speed-Up Assembly, Model 1-2; and (3) in other commercial equipment using Process C-41 or C-41V. This film is not processed by Kodak.

Recommendations are available from Eastman Kodak Company, Product Support Publications, Rochester, New York 14650.

Note: This film is *not* designed for processing in Process C-22 Chemicals.

JUDGING NEGATIVE EXPOSURE • Processed negatives will have an overall orange cast, a slightly different color than Vericolor and Ektacolor negatives. Exposure can be judged by placing negatives over an illuminator. Viewing the negative through a green filter, such as a KODAK WRATTEN Filter No. 61, makes it appear much like a black-and-white negative and helps in determining whether adequate detail has been obtained.

A more precise check on exposure level can be made with a KODAK Color Densitometer or other suitable electronic densitometer equipped with a filter such as a KODAK WRATTEN Filter No. 92 or the red filter of the KODAK Densitometer Filter Set MM (Certified). Depending somewhat on the nature of the subject and the use of a recommended light source for exposure, a normally exposed color negative read through the **red filter** should have the following approximate densities:

The KODAK Neutral Test Card (gray side) receiving the same illumination as the subject.....	0.65 to 0.85
The lightest step (darkest in negative) of a KODAK Paper Gray Scale receiving the same illumination as the subject.....	1.15 to 1.35
The highest diffuse density in a normally lighted forehead light complexion.....	0.95 to 1.25
dark complexion.....	0.65 to 1.05

Because of the extreme range in normal skin color, the red density values given for a normally lighted forehead should be used only as a guide. For greatest likelihood of normal exposure, the use of a KODAK Neutral Test Card (gray side) is recommended.

PRINTING NEGATIVES • Color prints can be made by direct contact-printing or enlargement onto KODAK EKTACOLOR Papers or by the dye transfer process.

Color transparencies can be made by exposing directly onto KODAK VERICOLOR Print Film 4111 (Estar Thick Base) and KODAK VERICOLOR Slide Film 5072.

Black-and-white prints can be made on KODAK PANALURE Paper, KODAK PANALURE Portrait Paper, or KODAK PANALURE II RC Paper.

STORAGE AND HANDLING • Keep unexposed film stored at 13°C (55°F) or lower in the original sealed package. To avoid moisture condensation on film which has been refrigerated, allow film to warm to room temperature before opening package. Always store film (exposed or unexposed) in a cool, dry place. Process exposed film as soon as possible after exposure. Always protect negatives from strong light and store in a cool, dry, and dark place.

A temperature of 21°C (70°F) with a relative humidity not exceeding 40 percent is considered satisfactory for properly processed VERICOLOR II Film negatives which are intended for reprinting. Satisfactory prints can be obtained from negatives stored over a period of time if the negatives are properly protected from moisture and stored at lower temperatures. The useful life of negatives can be significantly extended if properly stored at -18 to -23°C (0 to -10°F). KODAK Storage Envelopes for processed film are available in 4 x 5- and 8 x 10-inch sizes. For more information about storage of negatives for longer periods, see Kodak Publication No. E-30, *Storage and Care of KODAK Color Films*, available from Dept. 412-L.

The Kodak materials described in this publication for use with KODAK VERICOLOR II Professional Film 4107, Type S, are available from those dealers normally supplying Kodak materials. Equivalent materials may be used if desired.

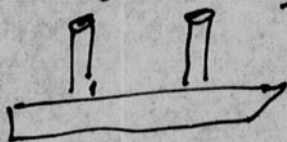
Read This Notice: This film will be replaced if defective in manufacture, labeling, or packaging. Except for such replacement, the sale or any subsequent handling of this film is without warranty or liability even though defect, damage, or loss is caused by negligence or other fault. Since color dyes may in time change, this film will not be replaced for, or otherwise warranted against, any change in color.

Kodak, Vericolor, Estar, Flexicolor, Versamat, Viscount, Kodacolor, Wratten, Ektacolor, and Panalure are trademarks.

From G. Y. Cousteau

1985 at N4101 when

Alcyon[?] docked



Twin rotor
ship.

LIGHT OUTPUT OF AN EG&G, INC. FX-102 FLASH TUBE.
 PHOTO PICKUP No. 3 "DOLLY" VISUAL RESPONSE, $D = 29''$, $R_L = 1K$

DIAL SETTING PS-302 118V. ac LINE	CAP. VOLTS	CAP. μF	PEAK C.P. $\times 10^6$	DURATION IN MICRO SECONDS	LIGHT OUTPUT HCPS
800	800	2.0	0.095	4.4	0.42
1000	1000	2.0	0.14	4.6	0.64
1200	1200	2.0	0.19	4.6	0.87
1400	1400	2.0	0.24	4.6	1.06
1500	1460	2.0	0.26	4.6	1.14
800	800	4.56	0.13	6.2	0.81
1000	1000	4.56	0.19	6.4	1.2
1200	1200	4.56	0.26	6.4	1.7
1400	1400	4.56	0.33	6.4	2.1
1500	1460	4.56	0.35	6.4	2.2

Handwritten signature

Feb 18 1981

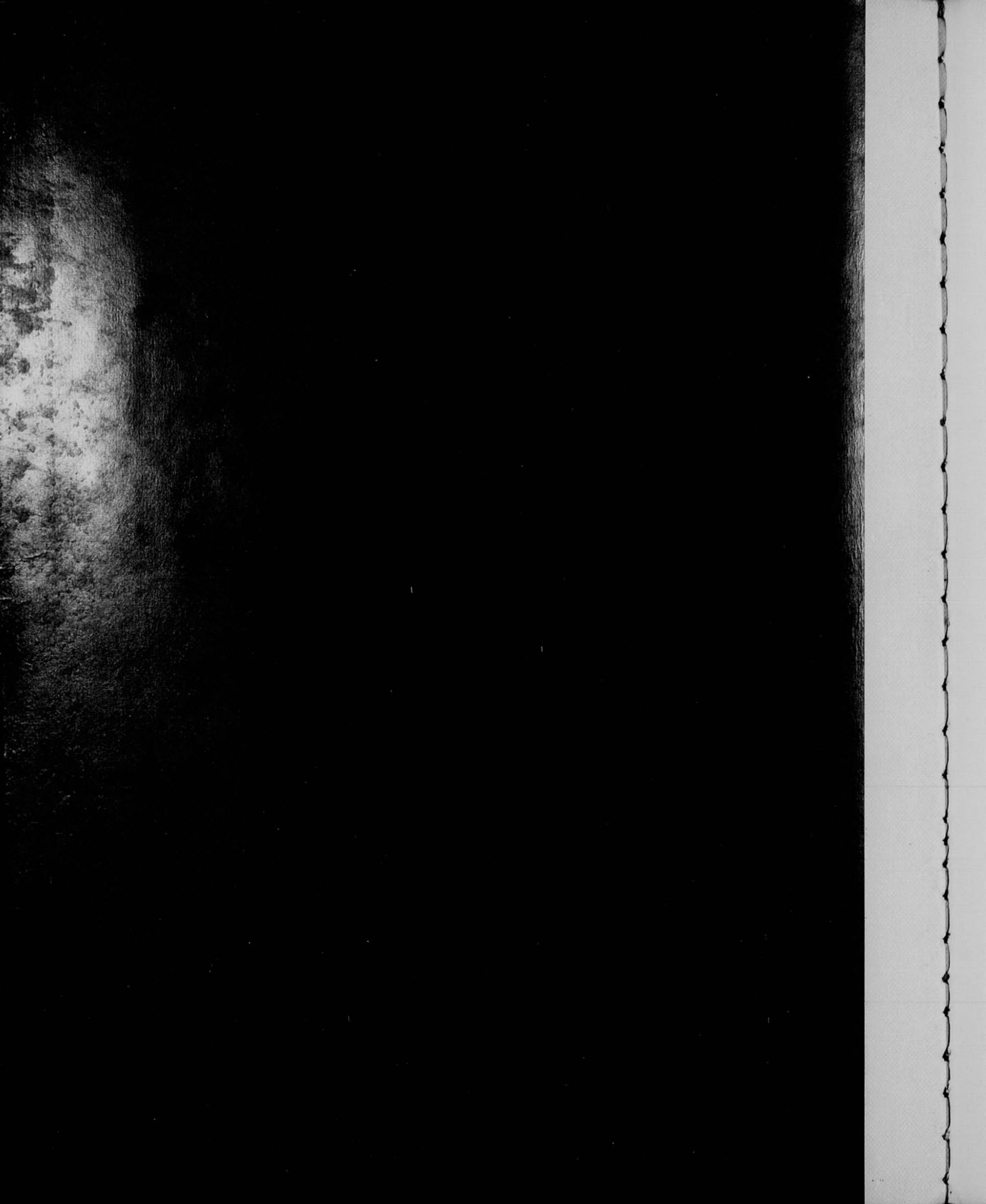
V. E. MacRoberts
 MIT, Rm. 4-405
 Cambridge, Ma. 02139
 February 10, 1981



1975 ±?

Ed & Marion Link
of
Herba Branch
Florida.

Harold Edgerton



Can 10 checked and coin.

103 heglm from Redwood

2 40 300 400 5000

5742 year journal about 1982 vs.

26 71
4x 89 3+ 2+ clunk

class River p 46

Harold E. Edgerton

MIT 4-405

Cambridge Mass

02139

July 20 1985
SAFE COMBO

Start at 0
Clear 10x to right

L 4x to 26

R 3x to 89

L 2x to 72

R to 82

open

Bruce Dale.

(617) 253-4629
494 8783

Home 100 memorial Drive

Cambridge Mass 02142 USA.

apt 11-7A- 253 4629

617 864 4790

Dec 8 1983

Feb. 17, 1984	Eye Pattern	3pm	while working on removal of photo exhibits.	in room 4-405 1 1/2 hour duration
Feb 23 1984		3:40 am	in Bed.	
Feb 25 1984		11 am	at MIT 4-405	gone by 11:45.
Mar 3 84		7:30	100 mem	1/2 hr gone.
Mar. 23 84		1 am	Hudson Ohio.	Blood in Urine.
April 10 84		2 pm	MIT 4-405	
Apr 19 84		12:30	MIT	
Sat, 4 21 84		12:45	Home	
May 13 84		11	Harv Square	
JAN 4 85		9	Home	
Jan 17 86		4 pm	MIT 4 pm	both eyes!

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<http://libraries.mit.edu/archives/>

1937

A New "Whirling Watcher"

A NEW type of stroboscope, a scientific device for "stopping" motion to study the behavior of machines operating at high speed, has been developed in the department of electrical engineering at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

The name stroboscope means "whirling watcher," and these instruments have long been used to study motion. The new type of stroboscope, which was developed at



This photograph was taken with the aid of a new thyratron mercury-arc tube. The "N" and "S" on the poles of the 160-horsepower motor are moving past the camera at a ground speed of 93 miles per hour.

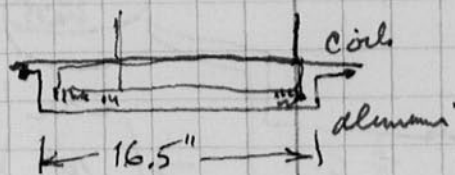
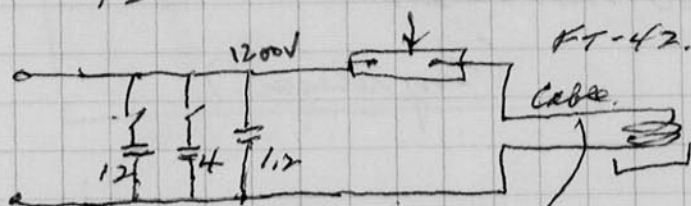
A featured exhibit is the development of the "modern stroboscope which makes possible high-speed photography of moving objects and "stop-motion" analysis of machinery processes, and other high-speed events," by Dr. Harold E. Edgerton, Professor Emeritus of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology and one of the founding partners of EG & G, Inc.

Aurora, the county seat of Hamilton County, is the "Deepwell Irrigation Center of the Nation." Aurora has three parks, with tennis courts, a swimming pool, and fine camping facilities for your enjoyment. All services available.

Dec 8 1983, Harold Edgerton Bill Mac Roberts.

Mini Bomber, Pizzajon unit.
Small Bomber Tool Box jil 5/19/66

Capacity. L of coil and cable. = 395×10^{-6} henries
 1.2 ufh
 4 "
 12 "



30 to 35 ft. cable, #10

$T = 2\pi\sqrt{LC} =$ time for 1/2 cycle, undamped.

$T = \pi\sqrt{LC} =$ time for 1/4 cycle, undamped.

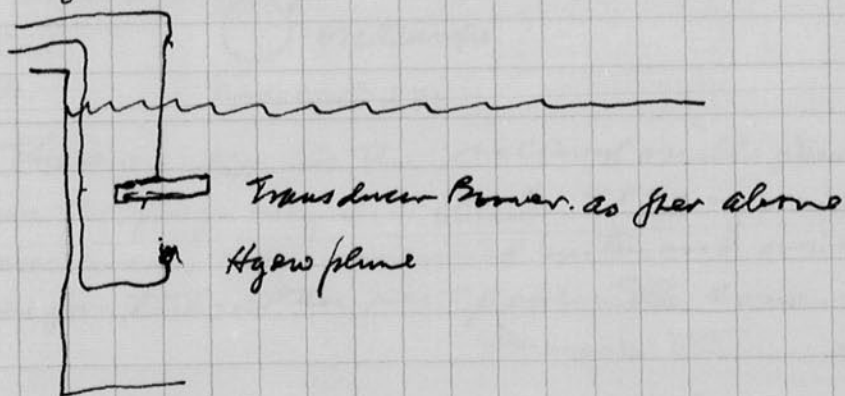
$$f = \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{LC}}$$

720,000 C = u.s.

C	LC	\sqrt{LC}	$\pi\sqrt{LC}$, u.s.	$\pi \times 2$	f.	$\frac{C}{\mu}$	$P = f \frac{C}{\mu}$
1.2	494.	22.2	70.0	14200	7100	✓	0.864
5.2	2054	45.3	142.	7000	3500	✓	3.74
13.2	5214	72.	226.	4420	2210	✓	9.50
17.2	6794	82	258	3870	1935	✓	12.38

without.

Dec 10 '83 Project in Pool or Chas River

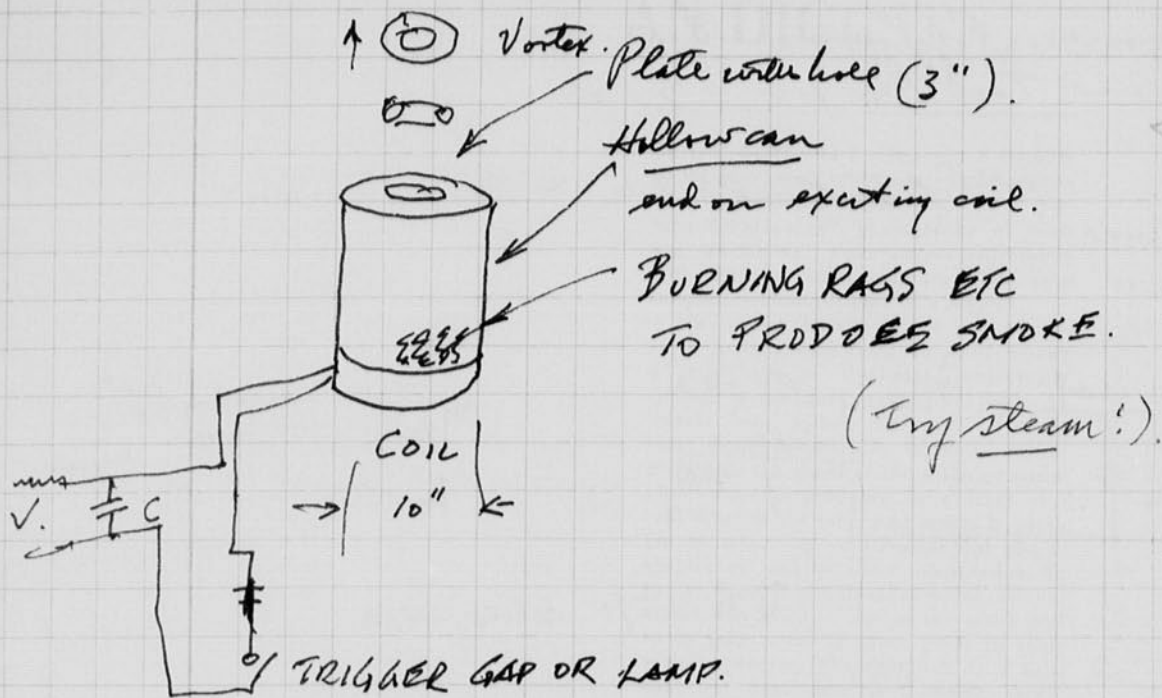


1. Measure current pulse when in air and in water
2. Measure pressure in water.

Esther went with me to Avon Mass for a showing of
 A.T.V. (Education) at the Bomber Com. center, Perry Hookman.

VORTEX GENERATOR.

Dec 10 1983 Harold Edgerton

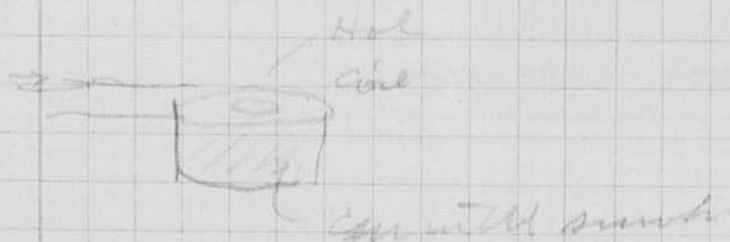


Find best hole size.

Smoking

Ellen Dixon a sophomore in chemistry at MIT. She was here at noon today. We had fish dinner. then she went to see the Keys in Brookline 67 Carlton St. Rebecca is now 1 1/2 years old (Born April 16 1982).

Father & I went to America for DeS showing of the P-T film made about high-speed stroke work.

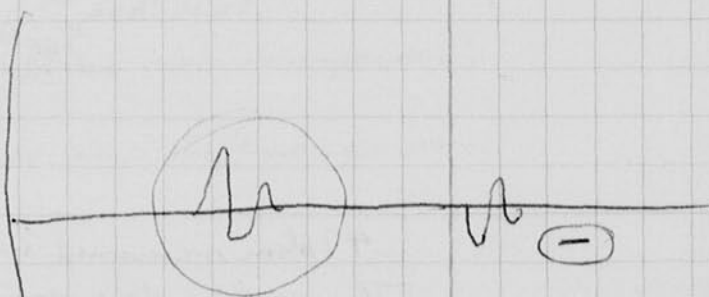
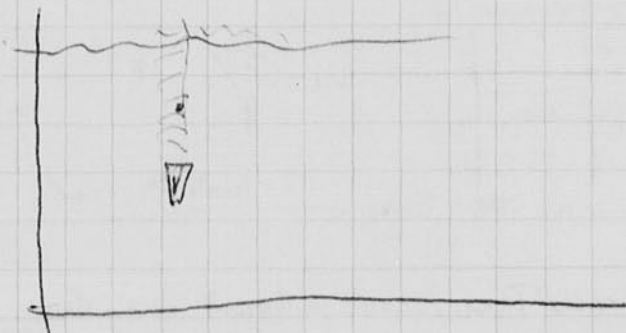
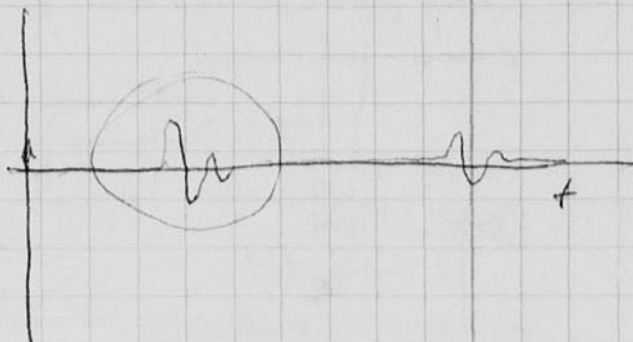
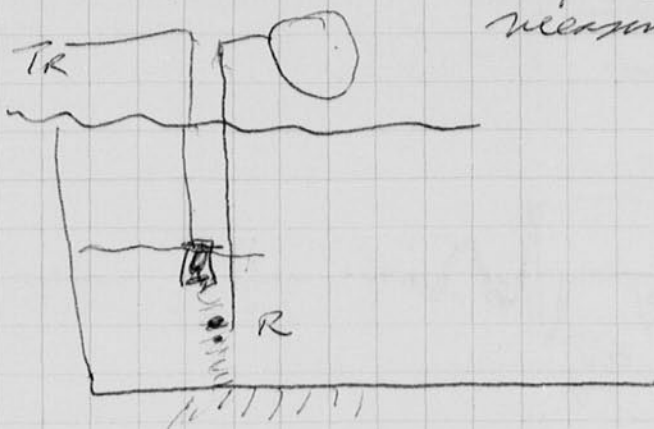


Dec 21, 1983 Gary Hochman (Nebraska) was in today. His TV. is finished was shown in America.

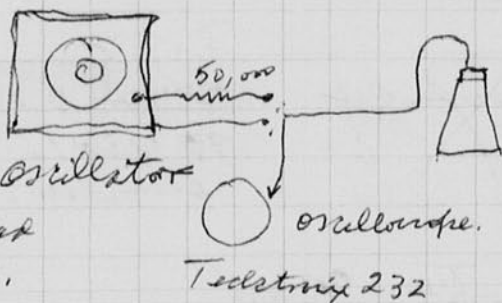
Sam Raymond helped us get a tape VVC cassette recorder HR-D120V. We showed the tape made by Hochman.

Dec 27, 1983.
 H32 Bill MacL.

Sonar Transducer. Put in water to measure the output.



Th. Dec 29 1983 Experiments yesterday with Massa 6Kc TR 61A Under water Transducers.



Don Rad
1309A.

Oscilloscope.
Tectronix 232

There is a slip in the received oscillograph reading when the frequency is 4800 to 4850 cycles/sec.

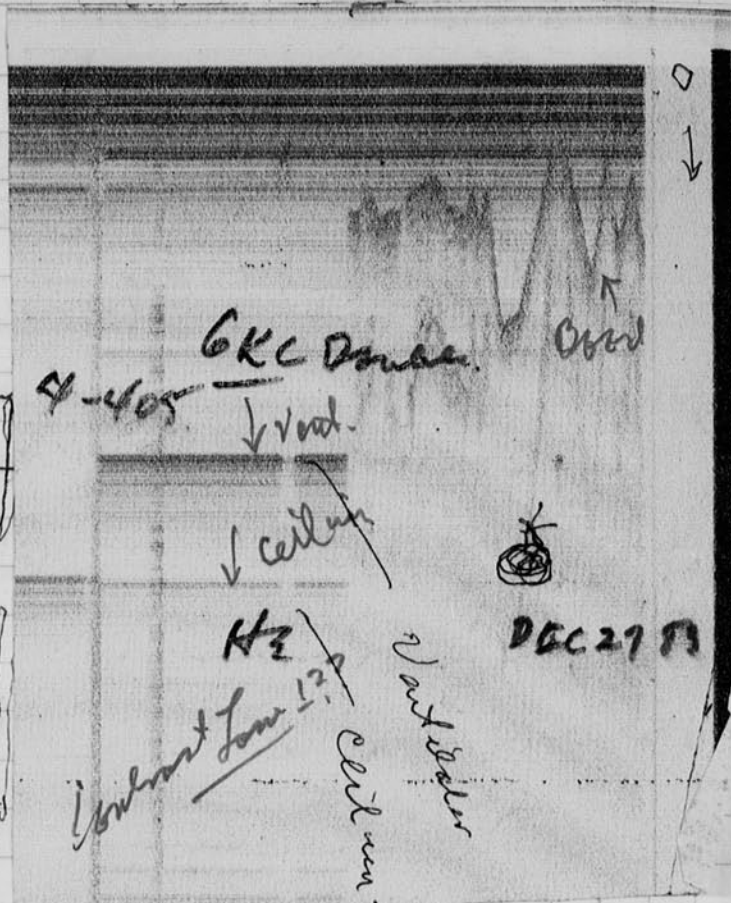
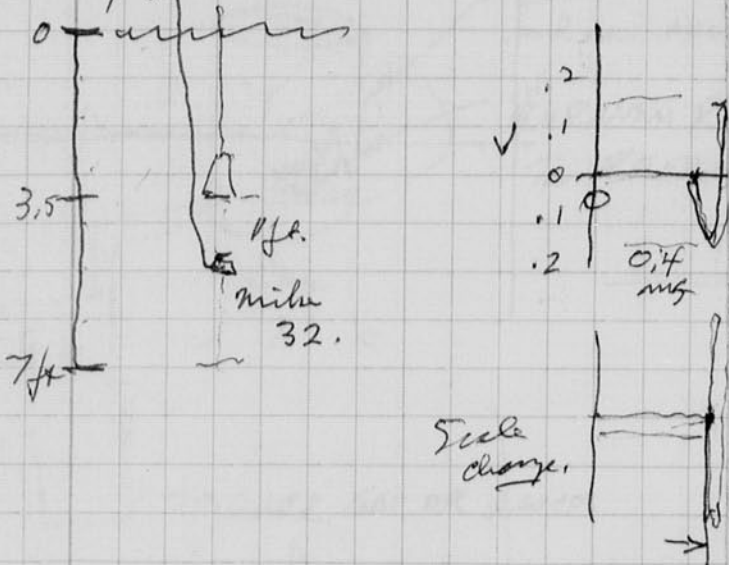
Transducers were measured with and without ~~transformers~~ transformers.

Preparation for tests at the M.I.T. pool with sonar

Dec 28 TH, 1983, MIT Pool,
 A Edgerton & Bill MacRoberts.

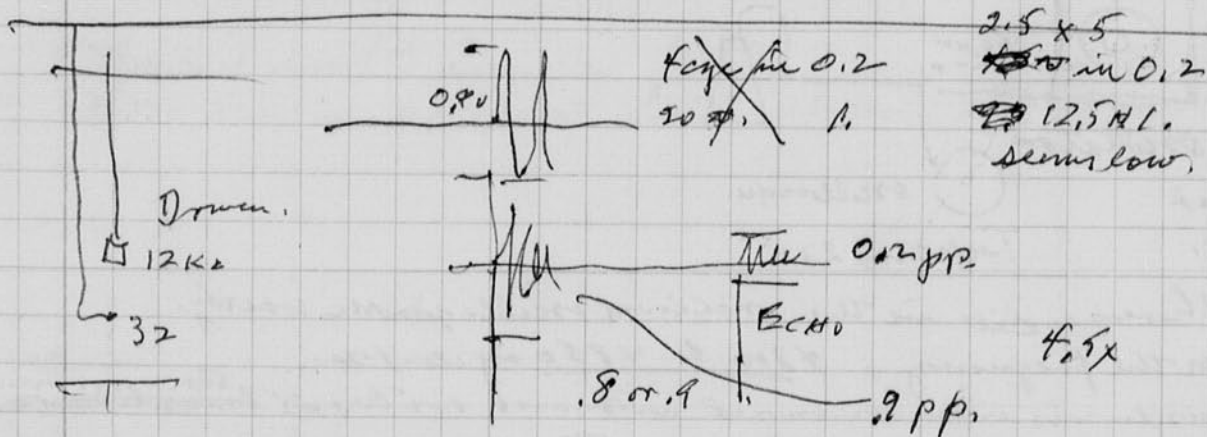
Shallow pool 4 ft deep.

Big pool west end 7 ft deep

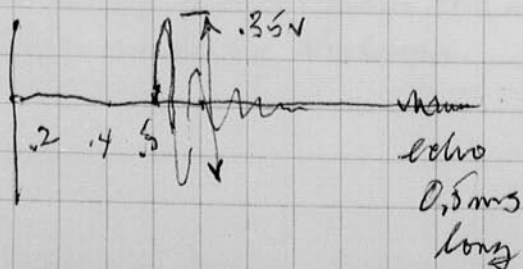
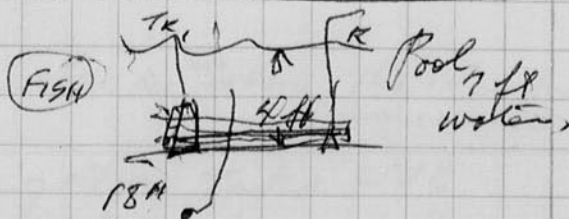


47 dim removed increases the peak about 2x.
 The end notches do not seem to be influenced by the 47 dim.

RKC, 0.5 = 4 cycles
 (1. - 5 cycles) cell.



6 KC fish with 12 KC p...
 6 KC 4 or 5... signal too long,
 freq seems to be ok.



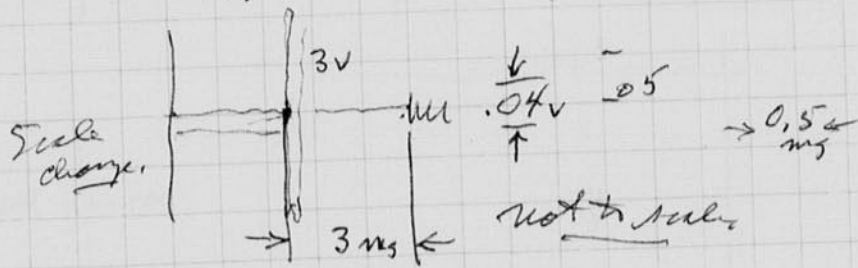
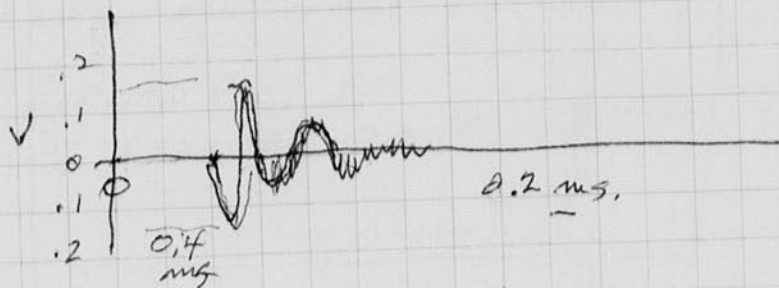
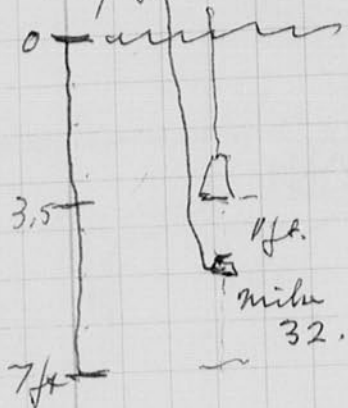
Signal about 0.5ms long

The River is covered with ICE

Dec 28 TH, 1983, MIT Pool,
A Edgerton & Bill Max Roberts.

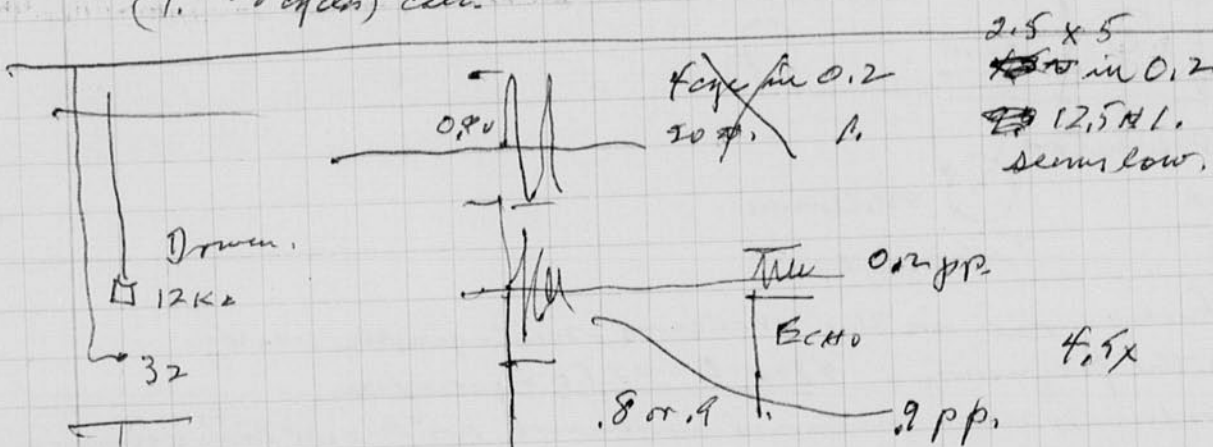
Shallow pool 4 ft deep.

Big pool west end 7 ft deep

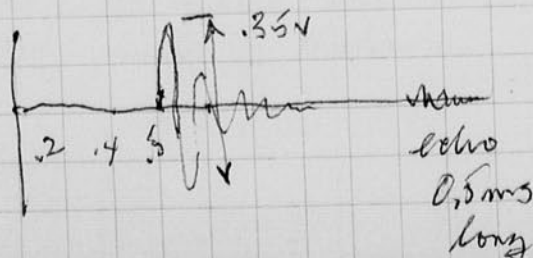
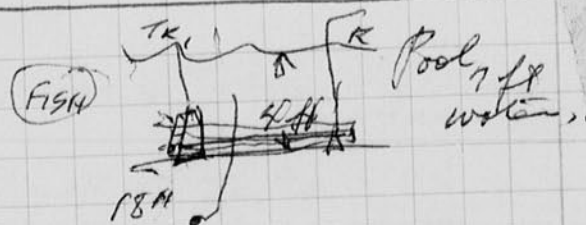


47 dbm removed increases the peak about 20 db.
The end notes do not seem to be influenced by the 47 dbm.

PKC, 0.5 = 4 cycles.
(1. - 5 cycles) calc.



6Kc fish with 12Kc pickup
6Kc 4 or 5 to signal too long,
freq seems to be ok.



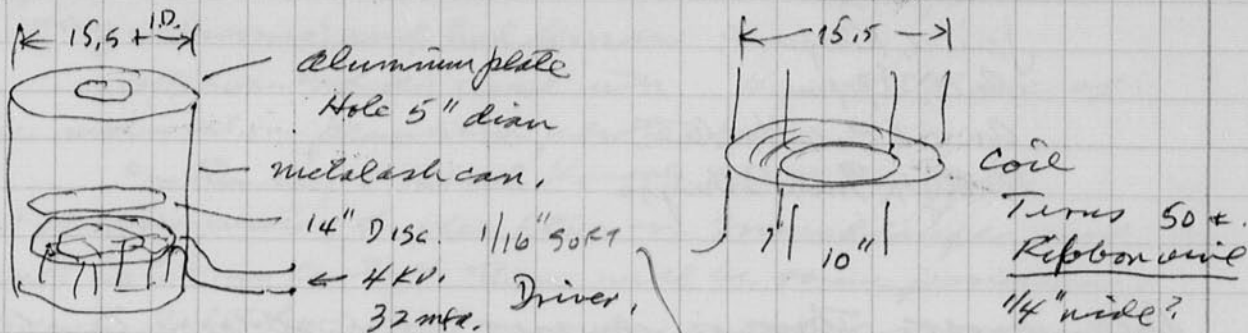
Signal about 0.5ms long

The River is covered with ICE

Dec 30 1983 in
Harold Edgerton.

VORTEX GENERATOR.

Last night about 5:30 I worked with Bill Malobevy to convert an ash barrel into a vortex generator.



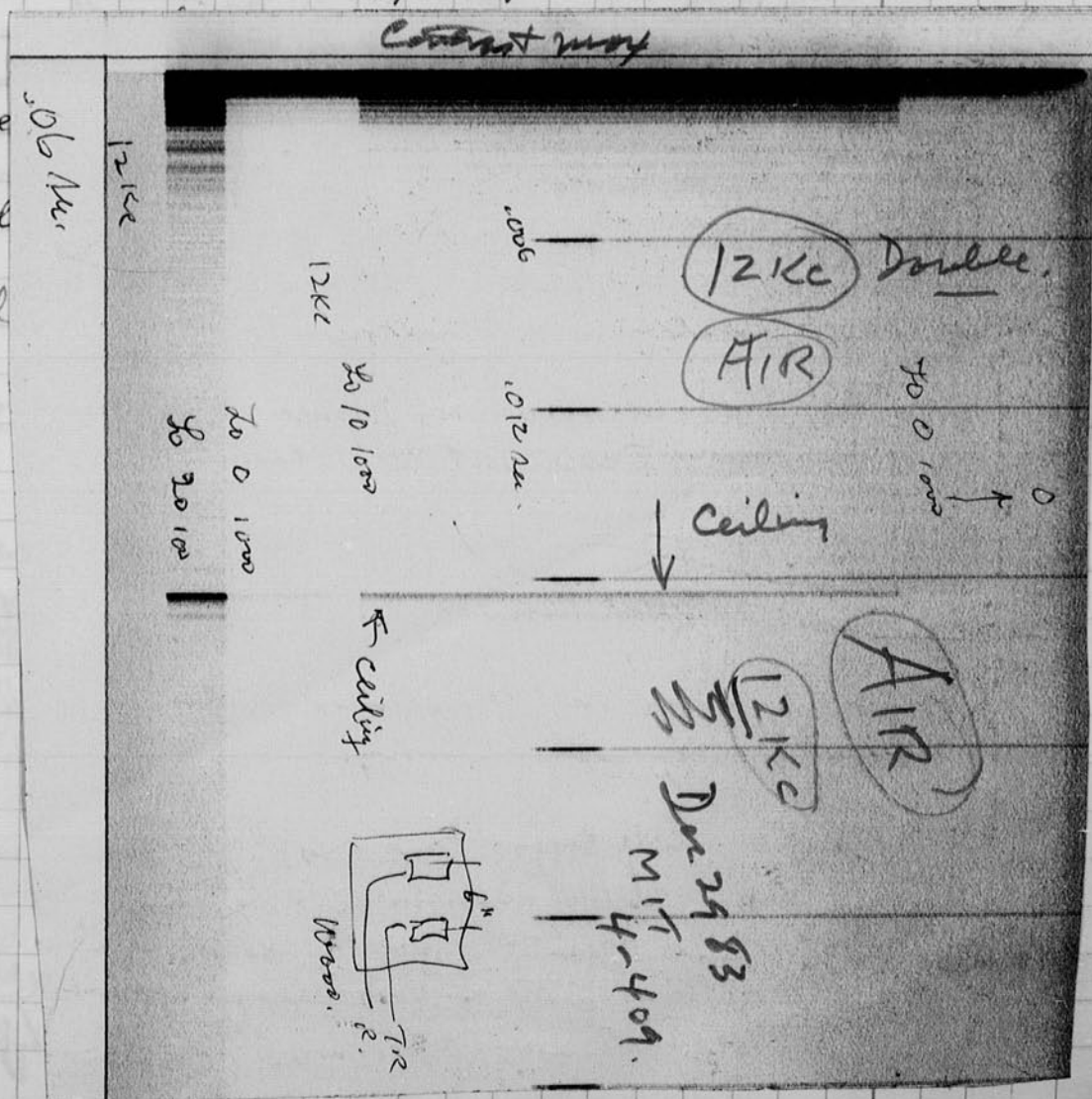
distorted when 32 mfd was used.

The driving plate was made of al. of thickness ". Diameter ". It did not always fall flat and central so the action was irregular.

I think the metal ash can has an influence on the action.

Suggestions - use a smaller coil
Center the driving plate further

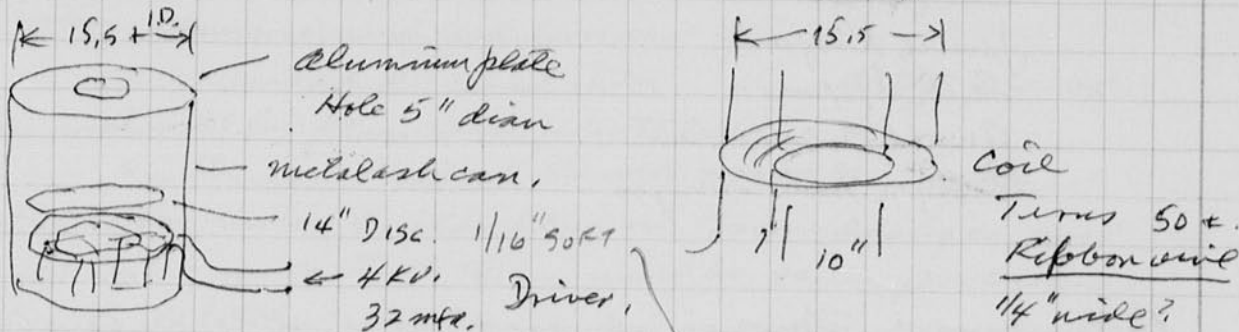
Try some
note the d
Try wood



Dec. 30 1983 in
Harold Edgerton.

VORTEX GENERATOR.

Last night about 5:30 I worked with Bill Malobevy to convert an ash barrel into a vortex generator.



The driving plate was made of al.
of thickness ". Diameter ". It did not
always fall flat and central so the action was irregular.

I think the metal ash can has an influence on
the action.

Suggestions - use a smaller coil
Center the driving plate for easier
operation.

Try some smoke.

Note, the disc was distorted by the force from 32 mfd at 4KV. ✓

Try wood box instead of metal can.

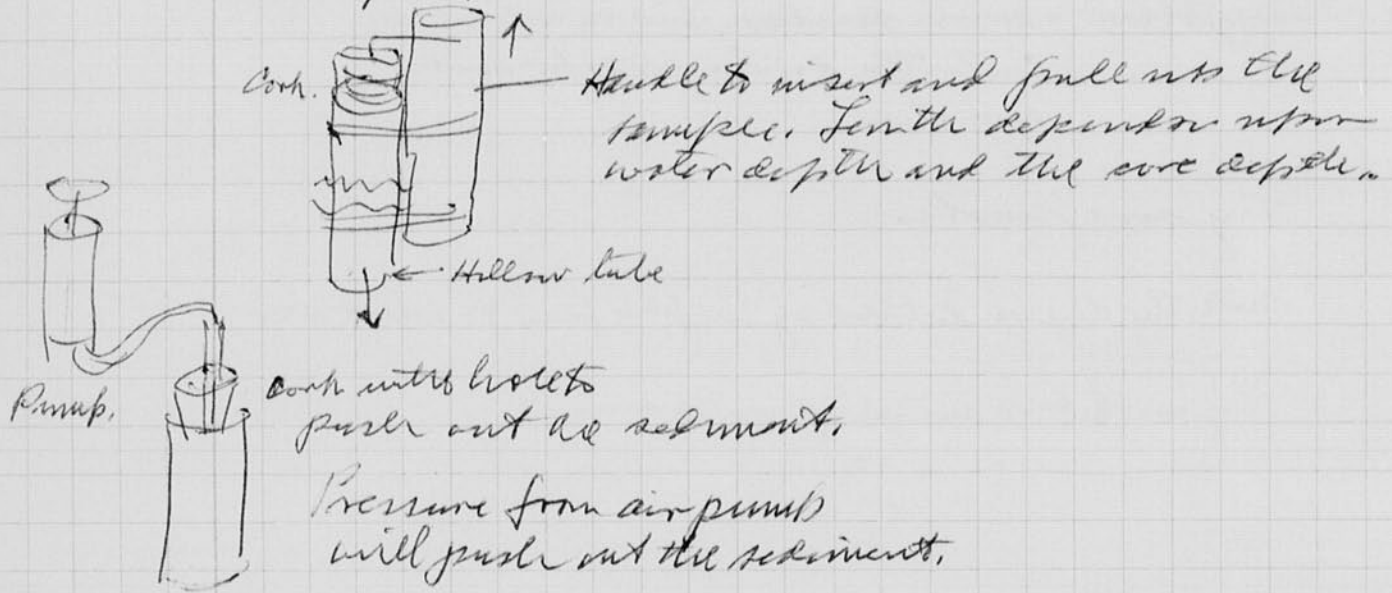
Jan. 1, 1984
Harold Skipton.

New Years Party last night at our apt 100 man or apt 11-7
Guests: Brandon & Marcia Rightmeyer
Bill Fickert
Janice Kirsport.
Ruth Lippson
Ann & Bob Holden
Betty & Frank Reintjes

Bottom cover. There is always the problem to obtain a core of soft sediments.

I propose to use a light tube such as 1" diam electrical conduit.

This will be attached to another pipe or rod, a cork will be fitted so that it is open when the core is made and inserted when the core is pulled out. Then an air pump will be used to squirt out the sample.



Phone call from Eliska Lindler, here in Boston from ~~Belgium~~.

Bronze core will be featured in this book. Dated in June?
465 Kilograms of Bronze.

Wood in wood cask, Pine (Pulp) oak (Stem) elm,
Eliska will visit Steffy in Brussels ^{Pulp} Belgium
Lucien Besoh. Marseille Aix in Provence
Toulon site of 7000 amphora ~~wreck~~

LINDLER will go to
Israel and
Jordan
Jan 27 - 28

Jan 7 1984.
Harold Edgerton.

Wed Jan I visited the Coulter group in (Bedford?)
Ms. M had a group in the conference room to
meet with me, then we visited the coating machines
(very impressive) and had lunch.

after words & dis cord with Howell the use of
the material for plankton photography.

On Thursday I called Howell about trying to
get shadow photos of plankton in formaldehyde and
salt water in contrast, there will be some problems.
I suggested that we start on a dry subject of some sort,
His technician is out with a stroke. I must call Howell
again to keep this going.

SCHIEVER.
Walter Schauer will bring his movie from "Mao to Mozart"
to MIT on Wed Feb 8 at 8 pm for a showing to MIT. The movie
shows Jesse Stern (violinist) in China.

Jan 9, 1984 Harold Edgerton
Peter Muni
Jay Bell & some good

3:30 pm. Tripster on 4th floor.
camera on 3rd.

Focus 1 meter at f 11 plus x film.
Process. DK 50 10 min.

12' 5" wavy to lens center.

13' from floor.

Photo Prints
49.1V ac
magnify #10
8150C
in 30 sec.
0.95 cm

Jan. 17, 1984 There been busy with a
2 week 6,001 course given by the E.E.C.S. Dept.
Some 50 others are in this, mostly professors.

Sunday Jan. 22, 1984 100 Memorial Drive Cambridge Mass.
There been attending & exam 6,001 course at MIT
in the E.E.C.S. dept. Some 50 others of the staff attended.
The main thrust was about computers. We used
50+ Hewlett-Packard type - in the 4th floor at
MIT in the Romer-Hausen room. The lectures were
held in the Underdown.

8
Jan 22 1984 continued

Yesterday I worked with Peter Mui on the drop problem. We took photos 2 ft from 26' leads in airway of bucketing 4. The camera was operated at 120 cycles. One drop showed the log affair out of - drops - contact there.

There are problems about drop size. We took some fresh water with no any conclusion.

Peter thinks the "head" of water is a critical item. He measures the drop size by gathering water in a measuring cup. To get volume, then there are 60 drops per second made by the pump. A calculator gives the diameter of the drop which is about 1 cm or slightly less.

The stream seems to break up when the drops expand. We discussed the idea of looking at the stream and measuring where the breakup occurs. Then this should be plotted against drop distance.

The breakup distance seems to be variable and difficult to find. We must try to get a more uniform drop size!

Pentax Camera 7336534 Asher

Lens f 2 7092223.

John Todd more

Oct. 30. 1981.

114.0

* 120.62 with tax.

H3.

→

Jan 23 1484 Harold Goddard

evening. Meeting at room at 22 Squarmin's
Coring devices.

I propose to use a tube with a spring
down cork to close the top after the tube has been
pushed into the mud.



The water in the tube will push out the
cork, then a spring will press it closed
so the tube can be pulled up with out
losing the material.

I propose a 1" diam tube should be
used. If larger the dragage might be too
much.

The tube could be split and held together
with clamps. Hopefully the seal would be
good enough.



I must try this in the
Charles for operation. The first
experiments can be done from
the ASIT Sailing Dock.

- 812 Drops. the velocity of Drops.
- 815 Small Drops
- 816. Moments of Vision
- 817 one flow
- 820 velocity of drops.
- 821 Newton's law.

- 823. Bullet
and.

Joseph Davis. 2533456. Artist
 Edison 75m, 10,000 v 10 amp.

100 km. above the earth. Electrical News.
 Oxygen - 3914 km 6300 km.

Discussed cut or space experiment,

July 3, 1984, Hand Experiment Ellen returns today from
 Hickory NC. She is a professor
 at MIT in the Chemistry Department.

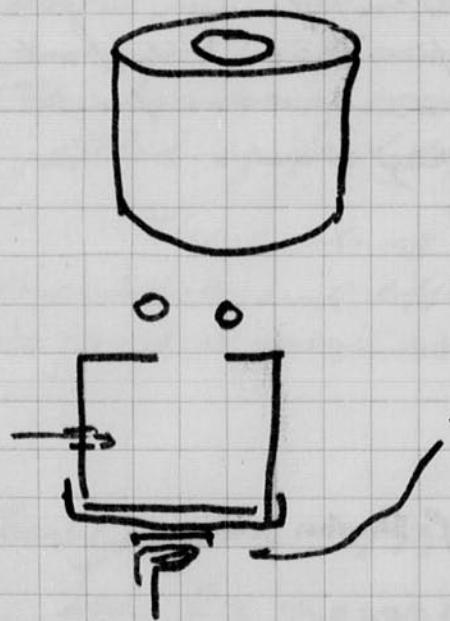
Several visitors came today.

Peter Mann

Vicor -

Steve Benton - discussed the Chladni plate
 equipment with Laser light.

July 4 1984 Smoking generator.



Steel Barrel.
 Cover with Holes.
 Size?

Open bottom.
 Rubber diaphragm
 held by "O" Ring.

Metal circle with coil &
 throw it

Steam.
 Dry Ice.
 Smoke
 TICKY.

which is best?

I showed Steve Benton my Chladni plate
 device yesterday, suggesting that we use a
 laser beam to project the image on the
 ceiling. (Reflected light).
 Optical method of viewing the patterns and
 audio to hear the sounds of resonance.



EG&G founders cut cake at the dedication of the EG&G Education Center October 7. The \$5-million structure is devoted solely to teaching and conference purposes. It is named in honor of Esther M. and Harold E. Edgerton, center; Pauline S. and Kenneth J. Germeshausen, left, and Dorothy J. and Herbert E. Grier, right, whose gifts provided virtually all of the funding for the EG&G Center.

Education theme at EG&G Center

By ROBERT C. DI IORIO
Staff Writer

The EG&G Education Center, named in honor of Esther M. and Harold E. Edgerton, Pauline S. and Kenneth J. Germeshausen, and Dorothy J. and Herbert E. Grier, was formally dedicated October 7 in ceremonies at which visions of the future and glimpses of the past coalesced to focus on the overriding goal of education.

The \$5 million center is designed solely for teaching and conference purposes for students, faculty and staff of the Department of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science, of which Mr. Germeshausen, Mr. Grier and Professor Edgerton are alumni. The gifts of the Edgertons, the Germeshausens and the Griers provided virtually all of the funding for the center. EG&G, Inc., the company they founded in the 1930s, also contributed to the construction of the center in their honor.

President Paul E. Gray called the building "a living legacy of these remarkable folks."

"Doc (as Professor Edgerton is known) and Esther, Polly and Ken, Dorothy and Herb, you each are a part of MIT. You understand that education—and undergraduate education in particular—is the unifying feature of MIT. Your contributions over the years to the quality of education at MIT are surely crowned with your gift of this building to the students and faculty of this—our largest—department...I accept this building...on behalf of the faculty and students at MIT. We promise to do you proud."

Dr. David S. Saxon, chairman of the MIT Corporation, said the magnificent gift of the Edgertons, the Germeshausens and the Griers, "continue and enhance their lifelong friendship and identification with the Department of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science, with the Alumni Association and with the whole of MIT"

Dr. Gerald L. Wilson, Dean of the School of Engineering, said the spirit of the department is focused on teaching in the broadest sense—"a sense that we are here together, faculty, students, support staff, all for the purpose of helping each other to learn and to grow, and doing so in an environment that strives to build on the excellence of the past..."

"The result of this attention to what we teach, this constant search for the central issues of the discipline, bring a sense of quality, value, care and confidence that the graduates of this department carry with them forever. The example set by Ken Germeshausen, Herb Grier and Harold Edgerton when they formed EG&G is representative. From a small activity they began together, the talents that each brought to the endeavor grew into a major enterprise whose products were more than electronic innovation. They were products whose hallmark was to meet a recognized need with care, quality and innovation, a hallmark that spans great changes in technology and the ravages of time..."

"On behalf of the students and faculty who will teach and learn here, on behalf of all who will follow us and use these facilities, on behalf of the thousands of students who will not have the privilege of knowing each of you, Pauline and Ken, Dorothy and Herb, Esther and Doc, we can only thank you and hope that your sense of pride in what you have done here can affect you in the special way your gift has affected each of us."

Each of the principal benefactors spoke briefly. Mrs. Edgerton remarked that she hadn't been married long before she realized her husband had another love—MIT. "We've been a happy triangle ever since," she said. Mrs. Germeshausen expressed the hope that the young people who fill the ranks of the department now and in the future "will find

the same spark" of friendship and cooperation at MIT that she and her associates did "so that we will have a peaceful and unified life." Mrs. Grier said she shared those sentiments "to the 10th power." Professor Edgerton, who said he came to MIT in 1926 planning to remain for a year, recalled that his career as an educator began at age five when he explained to another youngster how one puts hay and water into one end of a Jersey cow and extracts milk from the other end. Mr. Germeshausen remembered graduating at the bottom of the depression when job prospects were nil and how he and Professor Edgerton agreed to do some consulting for companies using high speed photography. Mr. Grier told the audience that the raw material of research and high technology is people, that good people and good education go hand in hand and that the efforts being made at MIT toward quality education provide vital support to the realization of national goals.

During the dedication ceremony four plaques were uncovered. A fifth-floor plaque marks the Pauline S. and Kenneth J. Germeshausen Undergraduate Teaching Laboratory. A plaque on the fourth floor designates the Dorothy J. and Herbert E. Grier Conference Room. A second-floor plaque commemorates the EG&G, Inc., gift. On the first floor, a plaque marks the Esther M. and Harold E. Edgerton Lecture Hall.

Notebook # 35

Filming and Separation Record

1 unmounted photograph(s)

 negative strip(s)

 unmounted page(s)
(notes, drawings, letters, etc.)

was/were filmed where originally located between page 10 and 11.

Item(s) now housed in accompanying folder.

TROBE LAB
MIT

FALL, 1983

Robert Krunitz

Satish Mandavalli

John
P...

PKO

Charlie
M...

Harold
E...

HAROLD
E...

Ally
P...

Robert
M...
Singerman

María Paz Kudisch

Steve

James
G...
B...

Phyllis
Chen

Feb 6, 1984 Monday
 HZ & P. Mui.

Conference on Dros Research.

Peter has been studying literature.

Program.

60 eq can cross from 4th floor.

adjustable size.

observation of breaks from above.

adjustment of location to
 1 floor where camera will
 be installed for viewing
 photos.

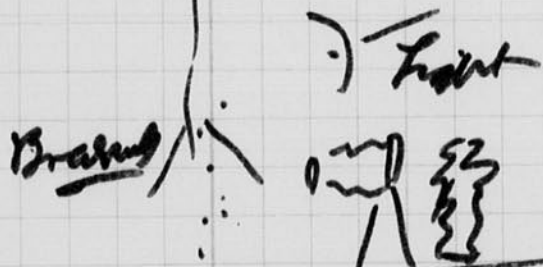
Camera 35-mm. Nikon with ^{35 mm lens} 70 mm
 55.

3: to 1 reduction

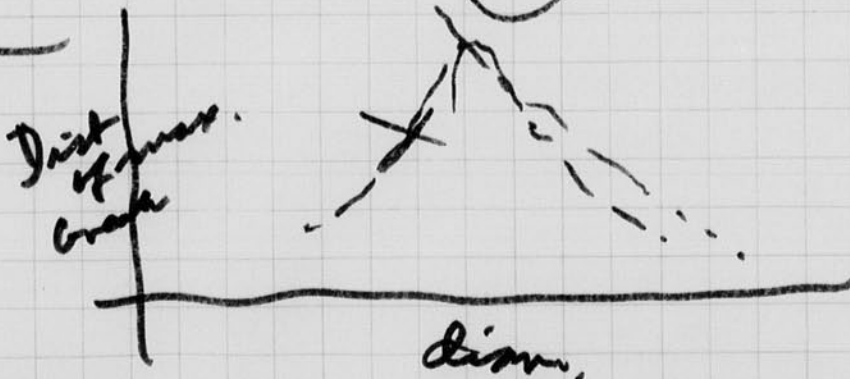
~~Photo cell trip.~~

Single flash. Probeluttes.

13' ±



Program



1. Quality plates. (Qualipix). Ken Reeves

Better than in old references
color.

High Resolution.

2. Quantitative data on drum dist. etc.

Plan for 7 pm Monday Feb. 6, 1988.

Dripper on 4th floor. with
complaint about Peter Smith.

Fast (continuous) at 3rd floor for
breakout. Possibly on 2nd floor. ?

Photo on B & W. Plus X. film.
with 35 mm film.

Lamp 25 us flash. output 253 Bcps

$$DA = \sqrt{\frac{250 \text{ cps}}{25}} \approx \underline{35} \quad DA = \sqrt{\frac{5}{2}}$$

$$\underline{D} = \underline{2 \text{ ft.}} \quad \underline{f} = \underline{16 \text{ or } 22} \quad \checkmark$$



Feb 8 1984

Harold Edgerton

Peter Muir, Bill MacRoberts and I put some effort into the dripper design yesterday. A metal reinforcement was put around the hose to cause it to be straight.

Feb 9 1984 Yesterday Wally and Marge Schauer (Walter)
101 Central Park West N.Y. 10023

(212) 877 4043. were with us at 100 man Dr. Last night after the showing of the film of MO & MOZART.

in 10-250 MIT at 8 pm.

Dinner at Panache (leather).

Shue-chen Tan was also here from China.

Blood in urine at noon. This is the second time. No clotting. Only at first of discharge.

Will see Dr. W at MIT on Monday at 8:30 am.

Feb 11, 1984 Dinner and ceremony last night at the Mus of Science for Tom A. Rosse, inventor of the year. I read the citation.

Stem Quarry Box Edin Ross

Aquarium: Al Barber. Lab on 5th floor

Tom coffee UWH,

Sample for photography from Tom.

Clam *mercenaria mercenaria* 3 webbed

Rotifer: ~~Brachionus~~

Brachionus Plicatilis.

I plan to photo graph these and then take them out to Bedford to be photo imaged on the Colton - H system with Howell. Col. sulfide crystals?

Sunday Feb 12-1984. Yesterday I worked with

Peter Muir on the drop problem. We are trying to get photos of the locules of embryos from the 4th to the 2nd floor. The embryos are about 1 cm in diam. Photos of 120 cycles are made on a moving camera.

13 ft floor spacing. Probably $10 \text{ ft} + 13 = 23 \text{ ft}$ drop.

A senior Vivian Wang is going to do a thesis study on drops as they splash. I gave her my copy of Worthington to study.

I suggested she investigate the size of small drops on the ring as a function of drop distance and liquid thickness. Surface tension also enters into the phenomena.

Feb 23 1984 Eric Edgerton ^{Yonkers, N.Y.} came by bus from N.Y. for a lecture by Suzanne Helmuth and John Reynolds at MIT about their exhibit in Hayward. Ellen and Esther also were there. Supper at the Fish restaurant (Fogel).

I gave a slide show at the Helton Boston Hotel yesterday at noon before 6:00, at the Engineers' week affair. Brian was in charge of the banquet.

I had an x-ray study of my bladder etc on Feb 21.

Harold died Feb 14 in a convalescent nursing home. There will be a memorial service somewhat later.

My left eye has been causing a problem. I now have very poor vision. The images are distorted and there seems to be a area where there is a filter for low light level. The color of an image is of a different shade for the two eyes. It seems that a blood vessel may have leaked on the back side of the macula. All medial objects the same visual area. It does not seem to get any better as time goes on. My right eye seems to be normal. Hope it continues.

I gave a lecture at MIT in the class 6, which is now being taught by Dick Miller. I showed a large collection of slides.

Vivian Wang is going to do a thesis on the splashing of liquids.

Mark DeC. is considering a study of photophysical methods of the lockless. My shadow system will be considered.

Feb 29 1984 Harold Edgerton.

I went to the Coulter plant on Irving Ave and
 had lunch yesterday. Ellen Dixon went along.
 We saw that Hauer and Phyllis Burke (clerk),
 Phil(?) made a turkey leather from Yucca.

The images were made on
 KC 201 chromium plated plastic.

#2. 1.5 ft. 0.7 cps. no glass. exposure time

#3 1 ft. glass on Subject. Slight overexp

4. 1.5 ft Rotifer
 BRACHIONUS PLICATUS
 cover glass.

note. Water discharge the film!

5. Tap water on film
 seems to be ok.
 method? Run

6. Isopropanol coverglass on subject.
 1.5 ft. Rotifer. 1/4 mm coverglass.

7. Sandwich of two (1/4) mm cover glasses.
 with Rotifer.
 1.5 ft. 0.7 cps. Left to be transferred to
 permanent slide.

We left about 11:30 for M.I.T. There was some
 snow and slush.

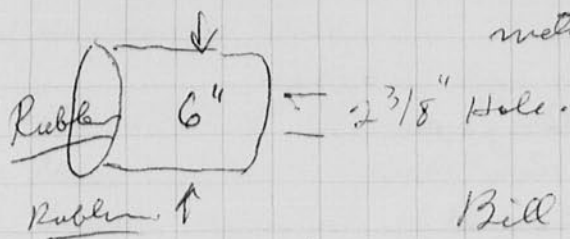
I showed slides Feb 22 at the Sheraton - Bos Hotel
 Brian Dunfield was the toast master of the
 National Engineers week. About 600 were at the
 luncheon.

Vortex experiments

Nov 1, 1984

GARY OBER BRUNNER
Gary Oberbrunner
Syracuse N.Y.

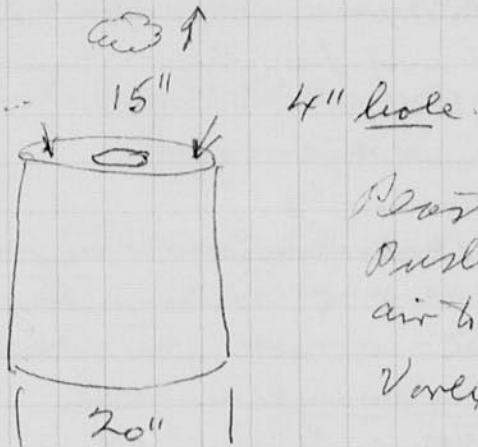
17



Hit gust log

Peter Mui

Bill Mac Roberts
David Edgerton



Plastic barrel.
Push down to cause
air to come out of the hole.

Vortex goes ceiling!

Smoke - Pink water 6.7909

Lionell
Smoke, oil,
Wax smell

Works fine with al. Disc 3/32" disc with
16 mfd - O. Ristans.

distortion

SMOKE,
VORTICES

a cardboard disc used. 17"

Hollow Barrel increased to 6.5 inches diam.

Excellent 10 ft in 4 seconds to ceiling.

16 mfd with 5 ohms in for 4000v.

Driver of disc.

Such:

3:15 pm. more tests, 16 mfd
2 x 16 mfd. no R.

6.5" diam
~~2 sec to ceiling~~

Excellent.

1 sec to ceiling +

Try 8" hole. 32 mfd 4KV. seems to be OK.
no R, 5 seconds to ceiling.

5" hole in Bakelite disc 3 sec to ceiling 16 mfd. 16" diam of barrel.
1 sec and more to ceiling 32

8" Hole 2 sec to ceiling 32 mfd + 5 ohms excellent!

More mfd meters for testing (Kugler) were here. also some...

Sunday Mar 4 1984. Photo Exhibit at Rose Gallery

21 St Boston.

Most of the photos were high-speed types.

most were printed by Gus Kozlowski.

Eric H. is the owner of Rose Gallery.

He had a wonderful open house on Sunday. Some

300+ people came 11 am to 11 pm. I left about 7:30.

Angela Rippon of Channel 7 and Jim Bennett Sound Scanner

later visited me at 11 am. They plan to show the

material on Tuesday, Mar. 5, at 11 pm.

There will be an interview by

Jim DeLiber on channel 56 at 10 am on Tues Mar 5.

This was set up by Grace — several days ago.

Bronze Prop.



Conie DRISCOE QUINCY MASS.

1914 ^{4 TURNER STREET} Belfast 479-5386

Ship. Steamer

4 master hit by steamer 1914

Bill QUINN orleans cape cod Book of wrecks
wants info on manitow.

Mar 24 Sat. Just returned (even) from Kent College,

night with Waldo Simon 86 years old

79 Atterbury Blvd 110 Hudson CH 44336.

Jimmy J. —

Ohio junior student of Kent College

I showed slides and the picture.

Jim Barber 1197 Templeton Ave.

Dover Ohio 44224. took me to the

United at Cleveland 1042 South 1035

Palm Press 27 Hold Littleton Mass

01460

March 1984

1-486-8448

Greece. Negropont where Marco Polo stopped when going from
ACRE to VENICE. Thordarson says it is on Euboea Island.

Note. there is a narrow channel here where the currents are
very strong (tidal current). The town here is KALKIS.

Waldo Simon wanted to know where negropont was located!

Mar 26 1984

H. Sargent, Bob Rines March De
Conf on Tech News

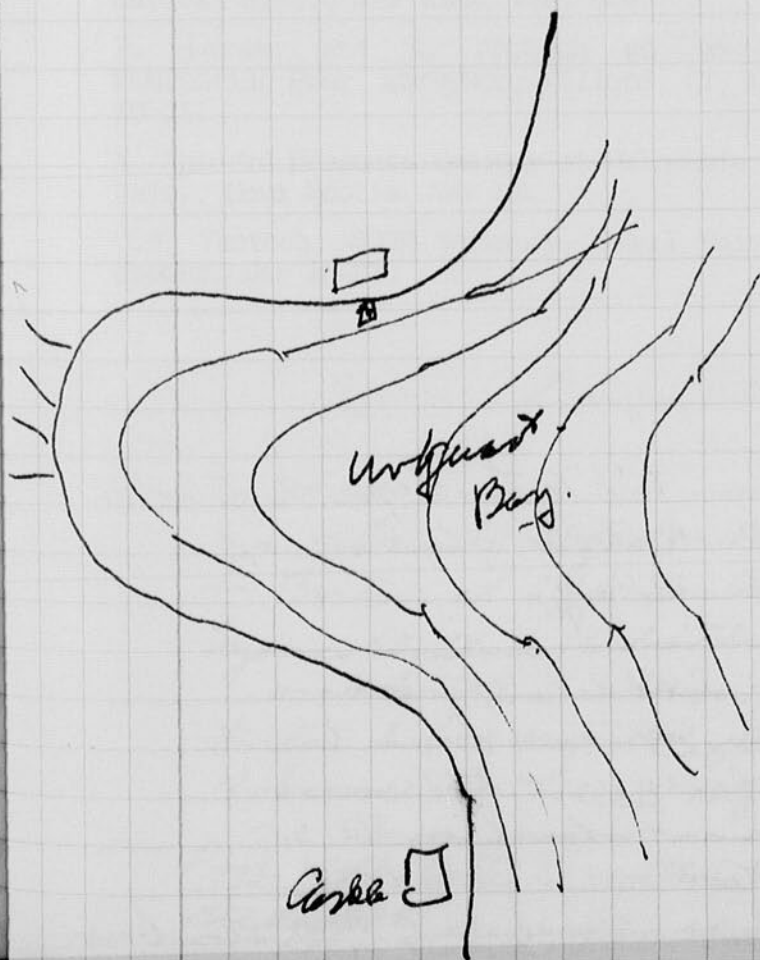
1. Silhouette of life in Tech news. Photography - Visuals.
2. Chris Miller - V.W. T.V. Photo news - content and camera.
3. Seven minutes of Bay entrance.
4. Higher definition Seven imaging.

Ries will be in Japan in May 13, 14 for 2 1/2 weeks.
Song. V.W. housing done in Japan.

5. Jerry Tetring, Bob Kishok, etc Manual imaging,
Manual imaging arrays.
6. Adapting Vix cameras - still bumps. Solar telescope.
Dionna Marshall. Newton. - news.
861-8177. Megafocus. Bedford news.
275-2010. Zoo prepare.
7. — Belgium photography.

Bob will be in Cambridge for class on
Monday, 6-931. "Plants and seawater."
6-931. 10 or 15 students. Bedg 37-247?
Monkeys - 37-212.

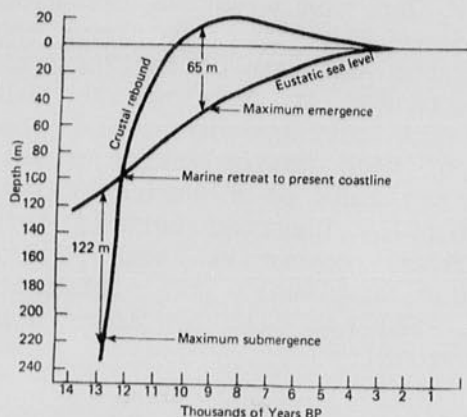
24 floor. Prob.



Book to read.

Trends from the
Dead Sea

EDMUND WILSON



Libby.

BIGELOW LAB

SPRING 1974

Vol 3 no 2

During the last ice age, much of the earth's water was in the form of ice in massive continental glaciers, reducing the volume of the ocean and lowering eustatic sea level. The great weight of the glaciers, however, depressed the land masses and raised isostatic sea level. As melting began, eustatic sea level began to rise. Removal of the ice burden from the land mass caused the earth's crust to spring up, or rebound. The combination of these processes caused MSL first to decline then increase from about 8500 years ago to the present (Fig.). Recent estimates suggest that MSL in eastern Maine may be rising at nearly $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet per century, largely due to down-warping of the earth's crust. Continued melting of the Greenland and Antarctic ice masses are expected to add one foot to MSL in the next century.

Recent government studies have projected that increased atmospheric carbon dioxide will contribute to global warming (Greenhouse effect). Heat transfer from surface layers resulting in thermal expansion. Present estimates, allowing for many assumptions and uncertainties, suggest thermal expansion will increase MSL between 2 and 10 feet within 100 years.

Rising MSL has far-reaching implications to our environmental and economic well-being. Major effects will be seen in coastal erosion patterns, coastal plain submergence and flood damage. Research can lead to better decision making and mitigate the inevitable individual and societal consequences.

THE SEA ALSO RISES

Mean sea level (MSL) - water level averaged over time to correct for short-term fluctuations due to waves, tides and storms has become an accepted datum from which we measure everything from storm surge heights to the altitude of jet aircraft. Its wide use as a basic datum has lulled many people into thinking of MSL as a static feature. Nothing could be further from the truth! Recently Peter Larsen and Anne Johnson of Bigelow Lab have been concerned with tidal power effects on the tides in Maine, particularly with the ecological manifestations of the predicted increases in tidal range. The appropriate concern over changes in tidal range, however, has unfortunately overshadowed the very important, longer-term changes in MSL. Three factors affecting MSL are currently believed to be operating. These are movements of the land mass (isostatic changes), changes in amount of water in the ocean (eustatic changes) and the very topical factor of thermal expansion. Isostatic changes in MSL are of regional significance, whereas the latter two factors are important globally.

April 1, 1974 Harold Egerton

Returned last night at about 5:30 pm from trip to Las Vegas Nevada, where I gave a lecture to High School ~~and~~ students of the county. Some 90 were there for all day.

Left Boston on Mon 27 for Salt Lake City where I met Mat Swank with a Pam ~~to~~ truck for a trip to the Sundial Hotel where the conference was to have a seminar. I gave an afternoon speech on the 28 at 7 pm. ~~Mon~~ of ~~Coastal~~ ~~reference~~. He described the early work at Manhattan District on the stone bands.

April 10, 1984

Harold Edgerton.

The new oak cabinets for the photo in the Hall and the exhibits are now in place and full. There was a opening on April 6 (my 51 birthday). cake and punch were on hand. Warren Seemans is in charge of the museum at MIT and had a lot to say about the arrangement.

Ruff Mann gave the Killian lecture yesterday at 7:30 in 10-250. He is the 12th to do this.

EG & S Stroble Guard from Manderhill LS-162
24 volts. 8 flashes per burst.
duration of flash = 14 μ s Peak = 0.4×10^6 cp.
duration of 8 flashes = 114 μ s.

This is on the menu
going as of
Mar 1984

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \text{cps} = 5.6 \text{ cps} \\
 \times 8 \\
 \hline
 44.8 \text{ cps}
 \end{array}$$



45 cps

Museum of Sci Single flash - about 5 cps.

April 23 Monday 1984 Mary Lou and Char arrive April 21

Maryanne Holbert arrives April 22

Easter dinner with Jim Dixon Rebecca, Glendora &

Linda into Resonance, Jacques, Betty, Benedict, and FSI-250.
Take much of discussion.

April 27, 1984 The EG & S Stroble Guard 1012 was mistaken out of the Green Bldg.

Rate measured at 10 pm for 100 measurements = 1.57 seconds

Bill MacRobert.

Somson Darjupke Bonnis \$05. Student with camera

April 30, 1984

Emily Edgerton Key was born in Boston at 6 pm on April 20 1984. This is

6th 20y.

Syria Edgerton's 16 birthday

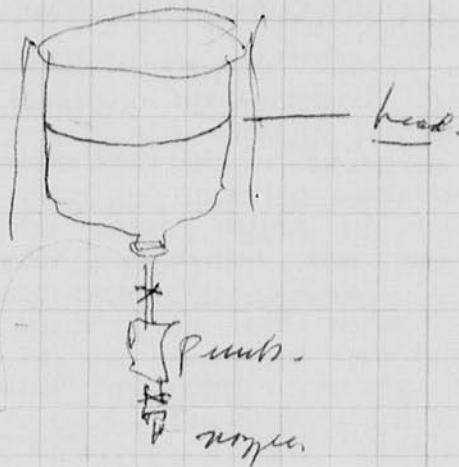
Mary Louise Dixon is here from Hickory N.C. to see her grand daughter and to help take care of Rebecca Key Louise Key who is now 2 years old.

Prof Will (Betty) from the Uni of Mass was here with 15 \pm students to see my amp hours. Gladia Tindaro.

May 2 1984 HB & Peter Min 930
Drop size equipment

1. Upper Reservoir.

Peter says it is N.G.
Says a lock is necessary. all air must be out.

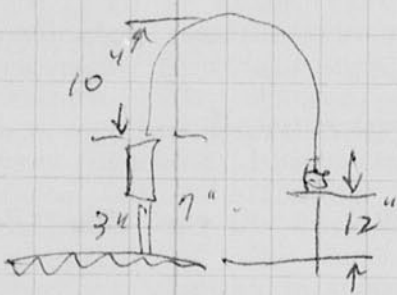


Problem - How to get large drops.

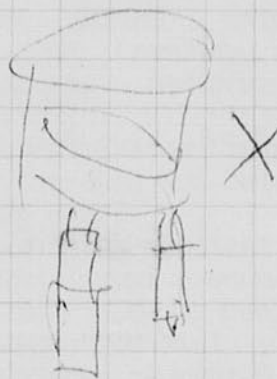
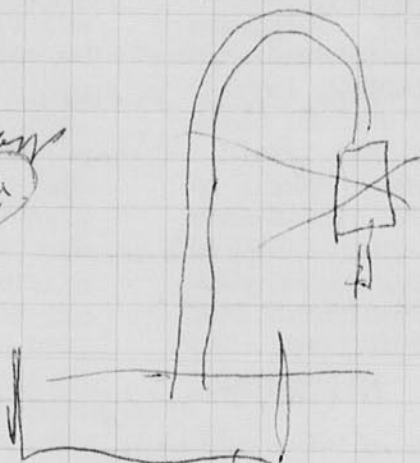
2. Nozzle size - vs. - drop size.

A. Nozzle vs drop size or weight curve. ^{Volume,}

B. Drop size - function of head.



Peter says
N.G.



Nozzle # 10 75V. ≈ 8mm drop
" " 45V. ≈ 6mm drop 200 cc

HB
P.M.

# 10 nozzle.	50V	1/2 min.	6mm	200 cc	30 x 1800 = 4500	1800 drops
7mm	60V		6mm	cc		
	60.1		.73 cm	380 cc.		
	64.7, 70V		.83	550		
	75 75.5 75.1		.90	670		
	80.1V		.95	800		
	85		1.00	935		
	85.6		.96	850		Less Head
	85.3		1.00	970		Lower nozzle,
	85.4		1.00	920		Head Over to nozzle

Noctrometer
38-581

Reduce nozzle disto *
to 0

1 Vozyle V. cc ^{add by mm} ^{scale} ^{meas.}
 #1 35.0 95. ~~35.2~~ ~~5~~ mm

30 NG. no stream of water.
 - meas shows 4 mm.

Check 35.2 vol. 90 cc. 4 cm calc. $\frac{90}{1800} =$

DUNN & KINZER 1948. article Jour of Meteorology.

Dup Dim	
.3 m	806
.4 m	883
.5	909
.58	917
end.	

Dup 70 meters - largest dup

$$\frac{12}{4} \times 3552 \text{ ft} = \text{17 meters. Best 4.71 m}$$

cm. meas.

Vozyle #. 23.2. 0.45 cm
 35 33.4 40.4 → NG. 42.4 5.1 mm 34. - 45 00 100 cc.

.54 3. 53.5V .73 380 cc 38.2 (.53) 150 cc. 0.54 52.4 excellent .71 340 ✓

.54 # 4 36.4V .46 97 51.6V 370 cc. 0.70

.60 # 5 33.9 .42 72 cc 53.9 54.1 .74 390 58.1 .78 450 ✓
 67.1 .84 570 ✓

.60 # 6 37.3V .48 110 48.0 min small dup. 64 250 70.1 .90 700 best.
 58.1 .77 440
 61.5 .80 500

.63 # 7. 38.1V .47 100 58.6 .77. 440 67.0 .87 620 ✓

.69 # 8 35.1 .43 78 51.4 .90 330 70.2 .91 720 cc ✓

.74 # 9 36.6 .46 95 67.7. .899 685 72.5 .90 690 ✓

.76 # 10 34.9 .45 84 58.4 .79 470 64.5 .85 580 NG.

.84 # 11 42.4 .55 160 50.7 .67 290 82.7 1.0027 950

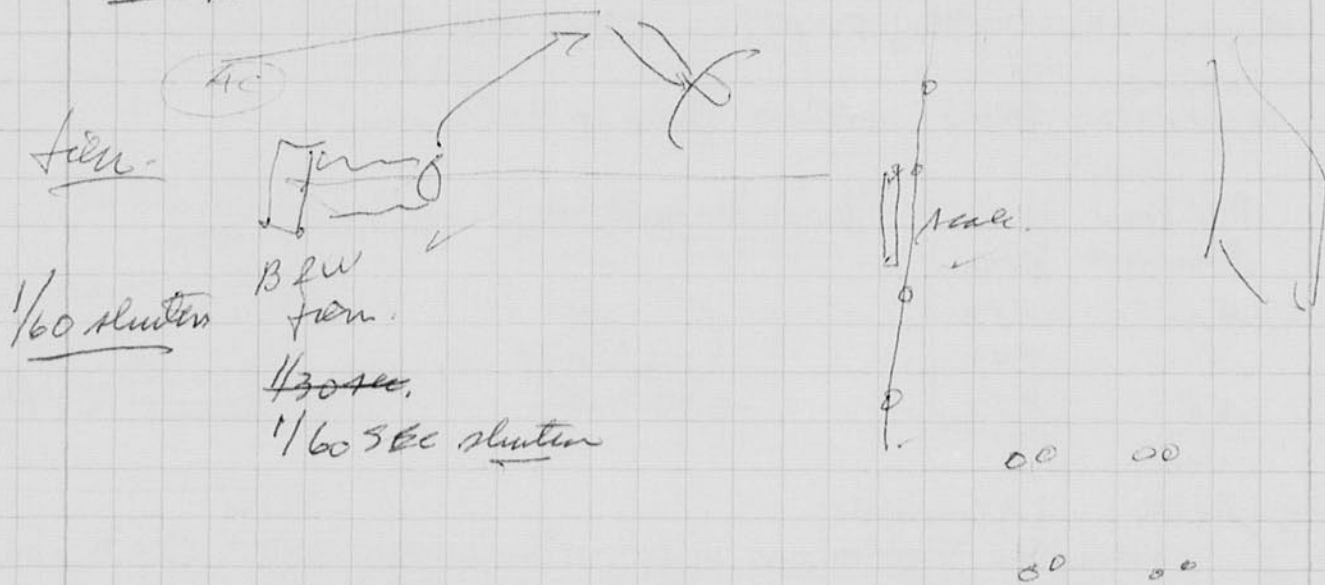
0
0
0

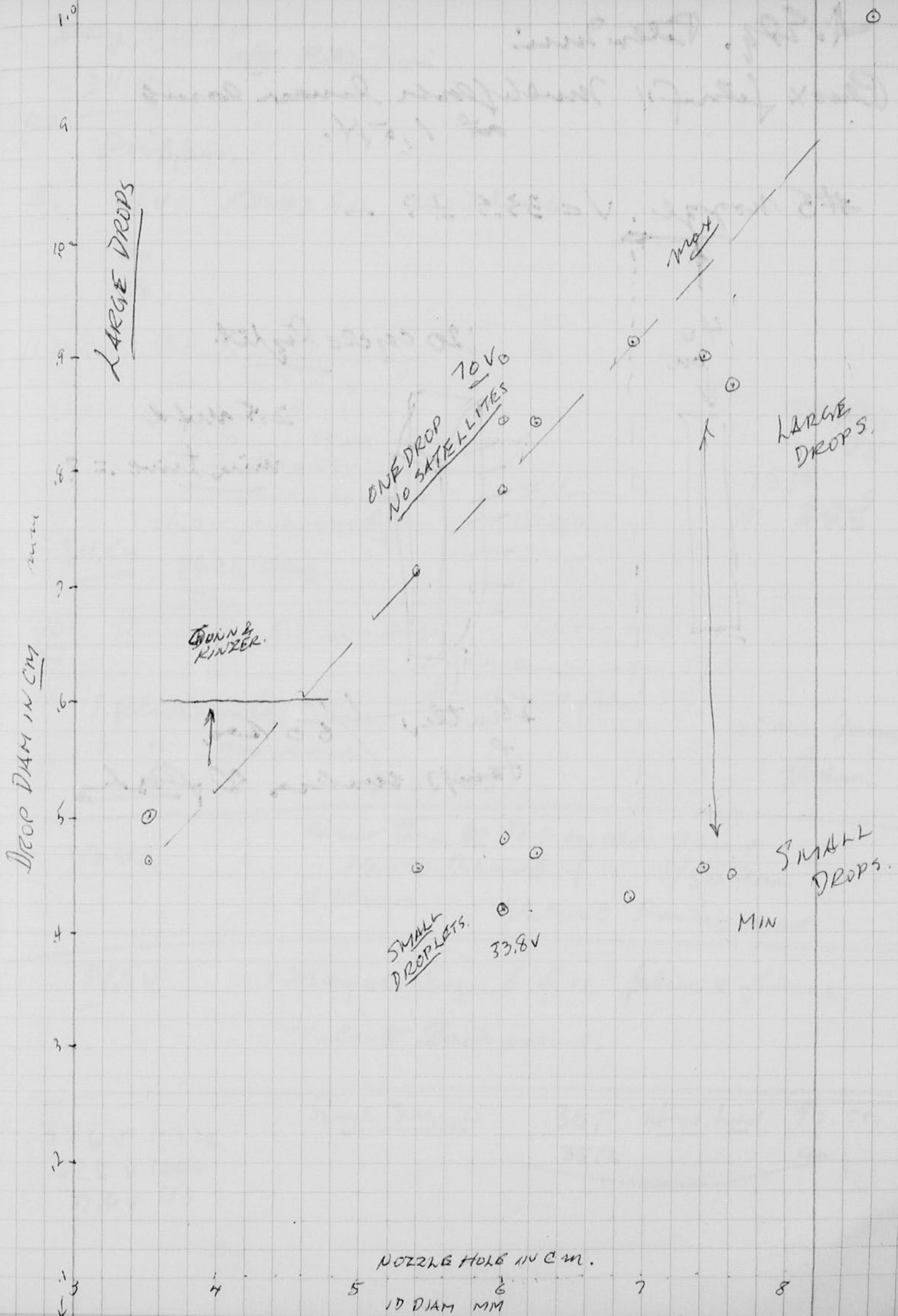
Procedure.

Sample # ~~1~~ with 33.8V on nozzle. $D = 0.45 \text{ cm}$ dia.

" " 70V " " $D = 0.90 \text{ cm}$.

1200gall. slightly; Scale on film.





NOZZLE HOLE IN CM.

ID DIAM MM

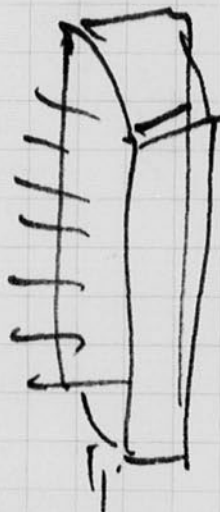
A. S. G. P. Allen Mini

Plus X film 11 multiple linear scans
at 1.5-H.

#5 nozzle. $V = 33.5 \pm ?$ —



120 cycle light.



2.5 mfd,

min time = ?

Shutter $1/50$ sec.

Lamp maker & flash

May 3, 1984
The Peter Mini

34.4V.

N62

Dripper.

5. 34.4V Flux f11 25ms lamps.

60

90.

11:20 am. Ed mill in skin way.

Hz.

Camera at Bottom

Subject 5.

1 Exposure 25ms of Blue and
drips 34.5V.

3 exposures no scale.

4 floors.

H2O + fluorescein dye.

Bed 4

34.5V

76cc drip.

~~1/100~~ ~~1/11~~
f11 84
55ft
345

40V. Should be 5.2 mm drip. - 4 floor drip.

2-25ms lamps at 1.5 ft
f11 plus x film

1. photo with Sea.

3 " no scale.

25ms. lamps

1 floor

40V. 165.

40V.

Another 120 cycle lamps.

120 to lamp f11 1/50 sec.

4 floors.

Valve Background

34.5V

120 cycle light f11 plus x film

Valve Background.

#1. 37.6V 93cc

37.6V 100+

37.6V 113

Small nozzle

35.7 High head 90. cc.

35.7.

90

5
100

May 14 1984 Harvard Digest

Honorary degree Humanities, Franklin Pierce Law Center
on May 12 at Concord. Ellen Dixon spoke in
food car. Mary Sue Dixon, Esther Edgerton present in the me
there was lots of rain.

MIT Press Books in Stock
a 1/2 hr. hours at Weston Hotel on May 13. Exhibition of
paintings at Harvard Square.

MIT Press Books in Stock		
Slack Flash Stroke	1060	12.50
M of V.	(2500)	14.95
M of V. Hard Cover	750	35.00

May 24 1984. A.E. (Monsieur) Lock found well set
35 mm pictures of drops from the 4th floor.
Size of Drops - weight, diam?,
Velocity meas. = ?

Lecture yesterday noon at the Playa Hotel (old Statler).
to the SPIDE? convention ^{Harvard} ~~Harvard~~ Polaroid asked me.

PROPELLER CONNIE DRISCOLL called this morning.
477-5886 (worth 11,000 on the books).

WRACK Alva - Holmes - ship full of coal sunk 1914
150' water 7 miles out.

WRACK Louisa Sumner 90 ft of water off Nahant 1896?

9:30 am AA&TV Co. Jesuit TV
type Mike Mahoney.

May 25. Glider and 3 divers were here.

May 26 1984 Sat. H. Edgerton.
with Peter mini

flows Body & drop velocities.

Volume. 180 cc in 30 sec.

(Sign 5.7 mm/sec).

120 cycles light

Plus x film. f 8.

Note change of pump from vent to H. regulator

600 pump.



No 2

no clamp	34.8	37.3 dk.	NG will clamp off.
clamps	n.s.	38.4V	not too good! x

#3

	42.5V (none) no clamp.	
no clamp	48.5.	no spring: vol = 245 cc (30 sec).
clamps	48.5.	1. → 155 cc
		→ 59.2
		→ 270
		→ 105
clamps on	42.5V	same as with and the clamps.
	42.7 d	marginal.
	42.8 dk.	

#4

no clamp.	52.6 →	57.3V	
no clamp.		56.6V	→ 375 cc Big disp.
clamps		56.6	→ ? 265
			more with voltage across
			" " " decrease.
			expand range to 64V

#5

no clamps.	58.9 - .60.	58.4 - 60	395 cc. (58.2)	73+
clamps.		58.2V	385.	58.9 - range of cur
				no effect of clamps.

#6

no clamp.	63.1	60.1 - 66.4	65.7
no clamp.			63.7V
clamps.			→ 450
			470 cc. (62.2 → 66.3)
			tot. →

#X.9.

no clamps	noisy	88 V	noisy but big. unstable	Soundbars
clamps.		119.2V	→ 945 cc.	
clamps.		112V	→ 585 cc.	

Afternoon.

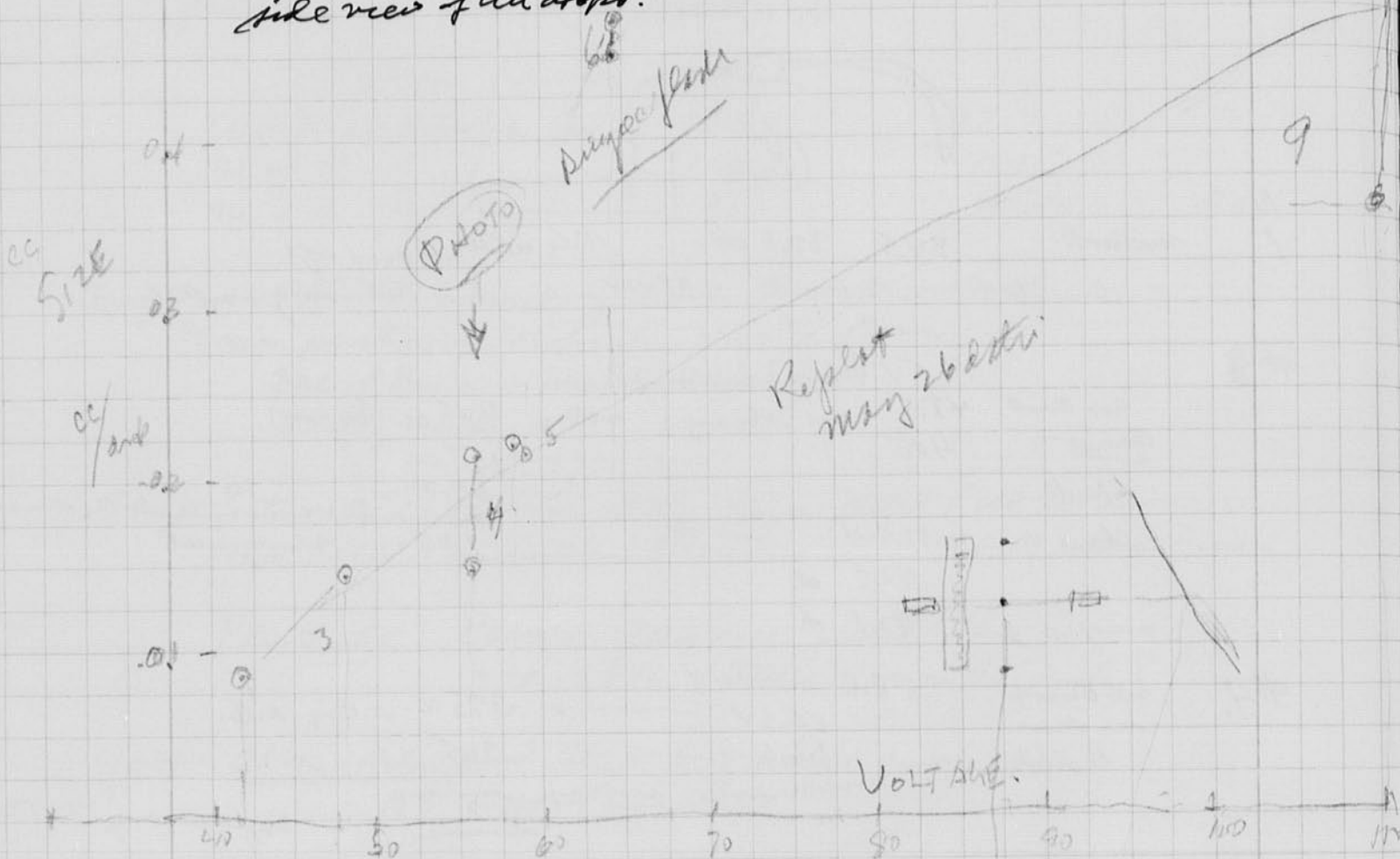
after visit with Karl & Ed in the rehab hospital.

noy # 4 5.3 mm hole. f16 25μF flash at 1/4 ft.

voltage = 56.8 volts.

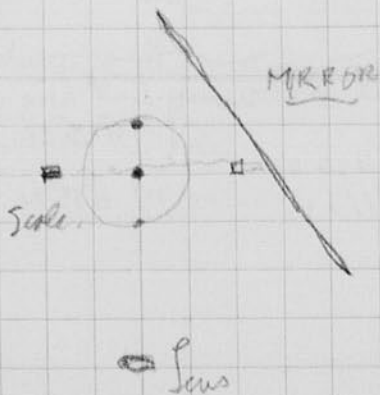
Plus x film 5 min dev.

0.5 - A mirror is being constructed for a side view of the drops.



26.5

$$M = \frac{v}{u}$$



Sunday May 27 1984
1:50 am N. Edgerton.

31

#4 Neg. to show secondary drops.
f16 Plus x film.
2 Lenses on 25 MS 500 BCOS at 1 foot.

Todd Gieg

$$\text{Volume} = \frac{1}{6} \pi D^3.$$
$$\text{Density of water} = 1?$$

Mistake on velocity 950 ^{cm/cm} Drop size diam 4.4 mm diam.

curve - 917 " " " 4.8 mm (Dunn & Kings)

This aft. smaller drop. 0.45 cm = 4.5 mm. #1 nozzle.

HE loaned
Bill Heston a
VHS tape of the
stroke lab.

2. June 1984. Honorary Dr. Beza awarded today to me by
at Lowell Uni. Pres Wm. Hogan.
Estes and I left about 9:30 for Lowell on Rt 3 in the
Ford Escort. It rained all the way!

Rev. J. Bryan Hebin (Washington D.C.) gave the address.

There has been a lot of rain the past few days.

Some flooding has resulted.

June 7, 1984 100 mem Dr. Howard Edgerton
S. Bracht and Sally Hensley were here for a late lunch
at the Faculty club. Daughter, was with them. She
ofundis an inn in Vermont. Hilltop Manor Inn Danby VT. 05739
Box 290-5040

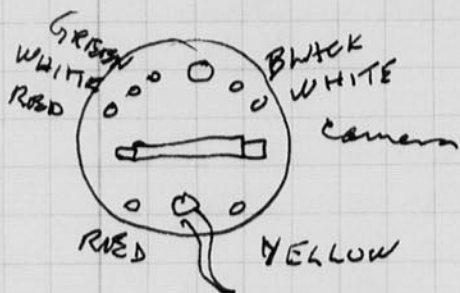
I gave Hensley a copy of "Inner Images" Edition II.

A copy was given to Prof. Givens of - who
visited the stroke lab with a request for Harvard.

Visitors from Washington Weldon Pogue & wife Mary Ellen, son John &
Mary Agnes Prober. We all went to Plymouth in
an Ford Van to attend the ceremony when
a piece of the Plymouth Rock was presented to the
Smithsonian Inst. It was accepted by Ripley of
the Smithsonian.

on Sat June 9. we all went to Lowell to ride the street car
and annual local. There is a new museum at the
old mill area.

June 11 1984 Harvard Edgerton Summer H.S. Seminars. 34 students.
 8:12 am 4-405. H.S. Lecture Program. Museum
 TV and camera assembly will be loaned for
 trip to Alaska by Dolphin of B.C.



Back End of camera.

June 12 1984 Harvard Edgerton H.S. Lecture at 8:30 on shadow
 photography.

9:45 Earl Quinn of Eastman Kodak.

Estimote Ester 2400. Coated. slid into size 5' wide.

acetate 1700.

7250 Eastman Video News Film Tung.

7251 " " " " Daylight.

400-3200 by control of processing.

7278 Trix Reversal. Eastman sales people.

Trapped Arts

Rodak RAR	Do 251	Ester
"	"	489 "
"	"	5498 Acetate
"	"	2498 Ester
"	"	2477 "
"	"	2422 "

Letter 888 to change film target to Daylight.

Shows method of improvement of exposure 400-500 under

10.35 Film. 7394 neg. 7399 Print film. for many releases.

10.45 Chris Miller.

Tom Leman - Light Source. X-lon. "Bond".

Philips Pin. - Lamp

Explode?
 no variation of light
 in cycle.

Vol. 7. Sylvania books. Reflector lamps

Room. - Silk stretch the lights

slid into wrinkles ✓

Influence of voltage on output.

Barquet June 13 at Faculty club. for Seminars on 34

Beaver quit

Beaver on Green Belt quit June 15 Monday am 6 am.

Quarantined. April 27 1984 in page 21 Lasted 45 days

Note the Red Beaver is shipping!!

Repaired 249 Side Scan June 13 at ELS&G. Bear Hill Rd
Trin. FV. Technician Walton

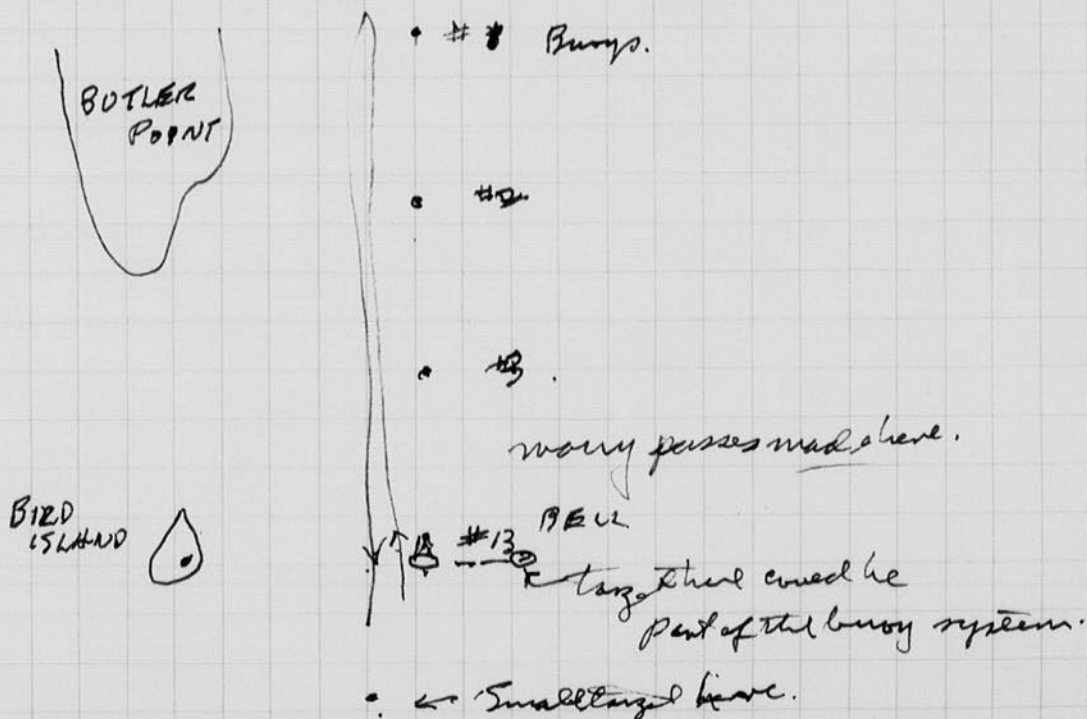
Frank Gerresime. - discussed penetrator. I was
informed about the 250(?) sonar which is
about to be distributed. Murray Belar.

June 15, 1984. H&E to give lecture on elapsed time
photography. See last H.S. Photo Congress paper by
Edgerton and Mac Roberts. Summer session on H.S. photo. 3P
paper.

I climbed up to the top of the Ocean Bounding
Tower to see why the lamp was not flashing
this was a n ELS&G. Beacon that was installed
2 1/2 months ago. I found it to be ok. Why was
it off last night? ??

June 17 1984

I went to Marion Pass yesterday with my side scan
sonar to work with Jim Tenney and Dr. Erland Briggs
objective was to search for a bell that may have been
retrieved from a small ^{BIRD} island in the 1938 hurricane. There
are some questions about it being lost at that time.
Mark De Cero a senior at MIT went with me.
Judie Sheckler Laure Dabagian
Wm Mac Douglis also were aboard the RV SOSI
which belongs to Sippican Co.



Note - the wreck shown on the chart just east
of #13 Bell was not ~~retrieved~~? seen on the
sonar record?

Many Ruls were observed.

All tower records were left with Briggs.

Massachusetts Institute of Technology

Harold E. ...
Office of the Summer Session
Miss Miller.

Special Summer Program 6.51s

HIGH-SPEED PHOTOGRAPHY AND VIDEOGRAPHY

33 STUDENTS

June 11 through June 15, 1984

Roster of Registrants

Mr. Malcolm Bailey
Marco Scientific, Inc.
1055 Synnyvale-Saratoga Rd., #8
Sunnyvale, CA 9087

Mr. Mitchell Z. Bistany
Massachusetts Institute of
Technology
Lincoln Lab.
Lexington, MA 02173

Mr. Arthur E. Byrnes
Canadian Forces
Aerospace Engineering Test
Establishment
CFB Cold Lake, Medley
Alberta, CANADA TOA 2MO

Mr. Donald M. Cobb
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Mr. George J. Cocallas
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Seal Beach, CA 90740

Mr. Richard R. Franks, Jr.
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PWT Instrument Branch
MS 600
Arnold Air Force Station,
TN 37389

Mr. David C. Holley
Eastman Kodak Co.
1669 Lake Avenue
Rochester, NY 14650

Mr. Ronald J. Howard
Owens-Corning Fiberglass
Corp./Technical Center
P.O. Box 415
Granville, OH 43023

Mr. Stewart A. Ingham
Sandia National Labs.
Div. 7556
P.O. Box 5800
Albuquerque, NM 87185

Mr. Thomas M. Kegel ✓
Foxboro Co.
38 Neponset Avenue
Foxboro, MA 02035

Dr. Krishna R. Kumar
Atomic Energy of Canada, Ltd.
General Delivery
Pinawa, Manitoba
CANADA ROE 1L0

Mr. Robert T. Kumasaka
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Seal Beach, CA 90740

Mr. Jeffery A. Lovett
Gould, Inc.
Ocean Systems Div.
11 Technology Plaza
Middletown, RI 02840

Mr. Frederick E. McCoy
Harry Diamond Labs.
2800 Powder Mill Road
Adelphi, MD 20783

Mr. Elzy E. McCrossin
David Taylor Naval Ship
R&D Center
Bethesda, MD 20084

Mr. Vincent P. Morters
ROVI, Inc.
2323 F Bluemound Road
Waukesha, WI 53186

*Also
Reve.*

Special Summer Program 6.51s

- 2 -

Mr. William D. Parker
David Taylor Naval Ship
R&D Center
Bethesda, MD 20084

Mr. Robert J. Pearson
Omark Industries, Inc.
4909 Internal Way
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Mr. James R. Ralph
Pitney Bowes, Inc.
Commerce Park
Danbury, CT 06810

✓ Mr. Dudley J. Reese *Long*
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Mr. Rodney L. Robbs
Naval Weapons Center
Code 62142
China Lake, CA 93555

Mr. David H. Shoulders
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University of Maine/Orno
Dept. of Chemical Engineering
Jeness Hall, Rm. 115
Orno, ME 04469

Mr. Steve Swinehart
NISUS Video, Inc.
6329 Lomas Blvd, NE
Albuquerque, NM 87110

Mr. John F. Syphrit
US Secret Service
1800 G St., NW
Rm. 938 VIB
Washington, DC 20223

✶ Kerry G. Trimble
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Mr. Mark A. Ungurian
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General Delivery
Pinawa, Manitoba
CANADA ROE 1L0

Mr. Daniel Vaughan
Dan Vaughan Productions, Inc.
15 W 44th Street, Fl. 3
New York, NY 10036

Mr. Peter Vraka
ALCOA
Alcoa Technical Center
Alcoa Center, PA 15069

Ms. Gale J. Weaver
Sandia National Labs.
Div. 7556
P.O. Box 5800
Albuquerque, NM 87185

Ms. Jane M. Wells ✓
US Army Research Center
DRXMR-MPA
Arsenal Street
Watertown, MA 02172

Mr. David T. Waitt
Commander
US Army Tropic Test Center
Attn: STETC-LD-ISL
APO Miami, FL 34004

Mr. Warren R. Wrenner
IBM Corp.
Dept. T91/Bldg. 002-2
1201 North Street
Endicott, NY 13760

17
14
33 x12

33

June 17 1984 Harold Edgerton

many Tom Dixon and daughter Ellen Dixon leave for a few days. M.T. will enter a clinic on Monday.

from James Kilian

June 26 1984,

History

Bark and the Differential Analyzer

Larry Owens.

Astoria of Science 270

08514

Palmer Hill Princeton N.J.

July 13 1984. Yesterday with Henry Kendall looking for lost elapsed time camera lost by Mark DeCam on June - near the coast Guard Station.

Henry made a 50 min. at line around the spot where I thought the camera would be located.

Bill Mac Roberts and Alan Brady went with us.

Henry found nothing except dead fish and a large log (west of the spot). He said the bottom was stirred up by his fins. He said the bottom was soft up to his elbow. Perhaps the camera has sunk below and is not visible. Henry covered a large area with a rope to be anchor.

He plans to bring a metal detector on next Thursday. We will try again.

July 20 1984

Sonar 259, I took it out to E6 06 (last week) Tim Sui overhauled its new Paper rollers, Beede Sticks, Post trans in a week, Testin Charnier were not up to expectations, Peter Clifford got me a new fish electronics Panel yesterday which Bill Mac Roberts and I installed.

We now have a 50° beam on to 259 yesterday we tried it off the Dode with mixed success. The wall does not give a big signal. I did not cure a boat.

July 13 '84 cont with fuel issues and
about Strubel lab. Discard promotion for Miller
! Discard program - finances, etc.

4/84

MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY CAMBRIDGE, MASSACHUSETTS 02139
Room 4-405 Tel: 253-4629 OR 494-8783

PERSONNEL

- Edgerton, Dr. Harold, 100 Memorial Drive, Cambridge 864-4790 (Professor-in-charge)
- Mooney, Ms. Jean, 27 Birch Road, Watertown 924-7124 (Administrative Assistant)
- Bezjian, Krikor, 43-a Aldrich Road, Watertown 5-7417 (Research Assistant)
- Leong, Robert, 550 Memorial Drive, Apt. 16-F, Cambridge 494-1172 (Teaching Assistant)
- MacRoberts, Vernon ("Bill"), 105 Whidden Av., Whitman 1-447-4172 (Research Affiliate)
- Miller, Charles, 116 Bingham Road, Carlisle 1-369-7074 (Lecturer)
- Mui, Peter, 59 Bishop Allen Drive, Cambridge 354-6240 (Research Affiliate)

6.163 STUDENTS

- Berliner, Elise, Holman 404, Senior House, dl. 5-6650
- Brent, Michael, 475 Memorial Dr. French House, dl. 5-7644
- Chung, Jane, 500 Memorial Dr., Rm. 531, dl. 5-8881
- Clifton, Chris, 351 Mass Ave, X 3-2896 or 576-2793
- Della-Fera, Anthony, 282 Newbury St., Apt. #3, Boston 236-1561
- Dick, Roderick, 46 Howard Street, Cambridge X3-7764 or 876-3816
- Downs, Maralene, East Campus, 409 Munroe, 3 Ames St. dl. 5-6409 or X3- 2538 ← France
- Goldman, Charles, New House, Desmond 205, 475 Mem. Dr. dl. 5-7610
- Haase, Ken, 390 Broadway, Cambridge 576-1137, 868-1570 X3-8829
- Hess, Diane, 500 Memorial Dr., rm. 310, dl. 5-8760
- Huetting, Fred, 229 Commonwealth Av., Boston 247-9364 or 262-9061
- Humphreys, Colleen, Next House, rm. 366, 500 Memorial Dr. dl. 5-8941
- Israelsohn, Joshua, P.O. Box 1118, Kendall Sq. Br., Cambridge 1-741-0174
- Jassowski, Michael, 528 Beacon Street, Boston 267-1801
- Kowalski, Lee, 500 Memorial Drive, rm. 476, dl. 5-8973
- Mui, Chun ka, Senior House, Ware rm. 401, 4 Ames St. dl. 5-6430, X3-5875
- Pandava, Krishna, 2 Marney Street, Cambridge 492-6649
- Plummer, David, 97 Bay State Road, Boston, 247-8691
- Roach, Time, 97 Bay State Road, Boston, 247-8691
- Row, Yoon, McCormick rm. 533, dl. 5-8613
- Senechal, Dale, Senior House, C-301, dl. 5-6646
- Soch, Kevin, Baker house, rm. 239, dl. 5-7239 or X3-7466
- Solomon, Susan, Baker House, rm. 318, dl. 5-7318
- Tao, Fan-Ching, Baker House, rm. 104, dl. 5-7104
- Turato, Karen, 500 Memorial Drive, rm. 318, dl. 5-8768
- Walker, Clifford, 229 Commonwealth Ave, Boston 247-9364
- Weinreb, Glenn, 411 Wood, 3 Ames St. dl. 5-6441
- Williams, Louis, 500 Memorial Dr., rm. 302, 5-8752
- Witt, Michael, 518 Beacon Street, Boston 266-8664

THESES

- DeCew, Mark, Bexley Hall, rm. 405, 50 Mass. Av, dl. 5-9645 (Prof. Edgerton)
- Horwitz, Robert, Baker House, rm. 536, dl. 5-7286 (Mr. Miller)
- Jurus, John, Burton House, rm. 1328, dl. 5-8125 " "
- Oberbrunner, Gary, 112 Bexley Hall, 46 Mass. Av. dl. 5-9691, (Mr. Miller)
- Wang, Vivian, 362 Memorial Drive, rm. 533, dl. 5-7283 (Prof. Edgerton)

July 20 1984 cont Naval Station 5:30 am.

Don never wants to use the hull depth on July 27., a week from today.

There are problems about getting his name on the slip.

There are problems in reaching the captain, Burke who is supposed to line on the slip. I propose to work on this today.

The 259 hull beam EQ 44 is at the Sailing Pavilion, I could not use it in a boat due to the sailing regatta yesterday at 4 to 6 pm. Some tests were made off the dock.

I use the north wall of the clear cover basin as a test range. On previous tests the wall shaved up weakly. The piling of the sailing pavilion did not register. Later use the Comb. Yacht club did not give an impression on the results. I hope the new changes

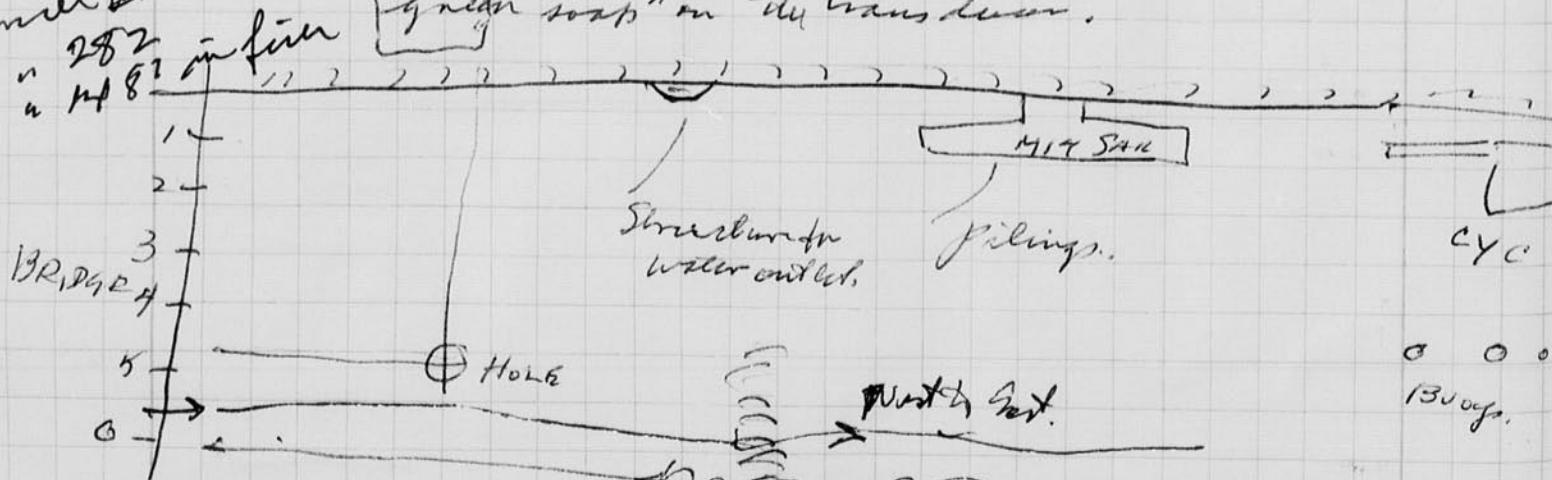
1. a new electronics package in the fish
2. I changed from 20° down to 10° down. a ring transducer is used.

3. Murray Barber advised using "igniter soap" on the transducer.

Note
Port side was stronger than starboard in air.
R2 & V2

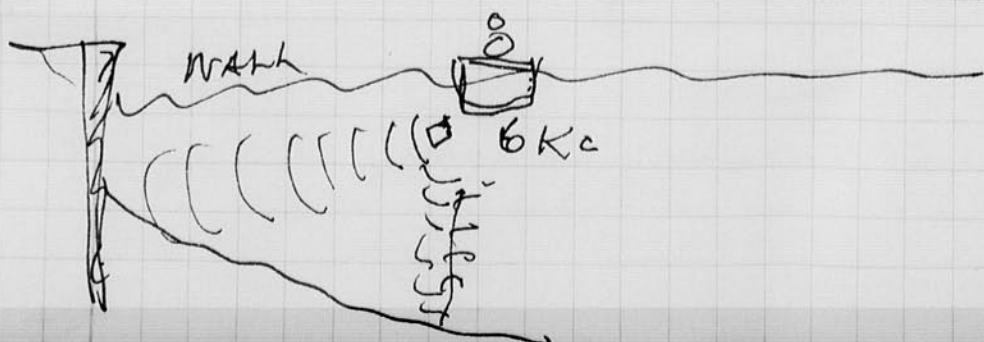
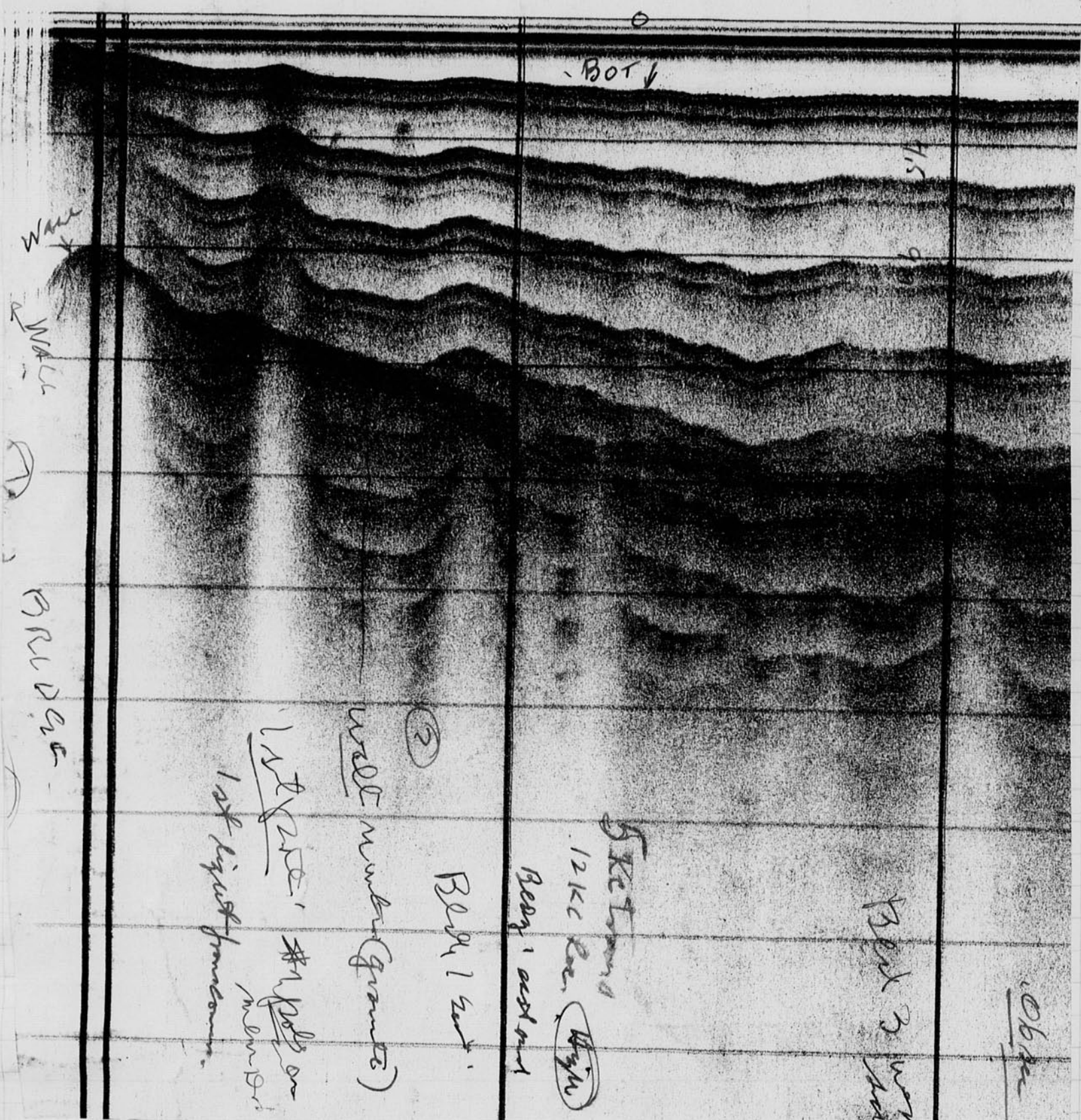
Serial #

" 282
" 1487



The main West to East was cut out for mounting and calibrating

Path of ship with Side Scan Sonar to be tested.

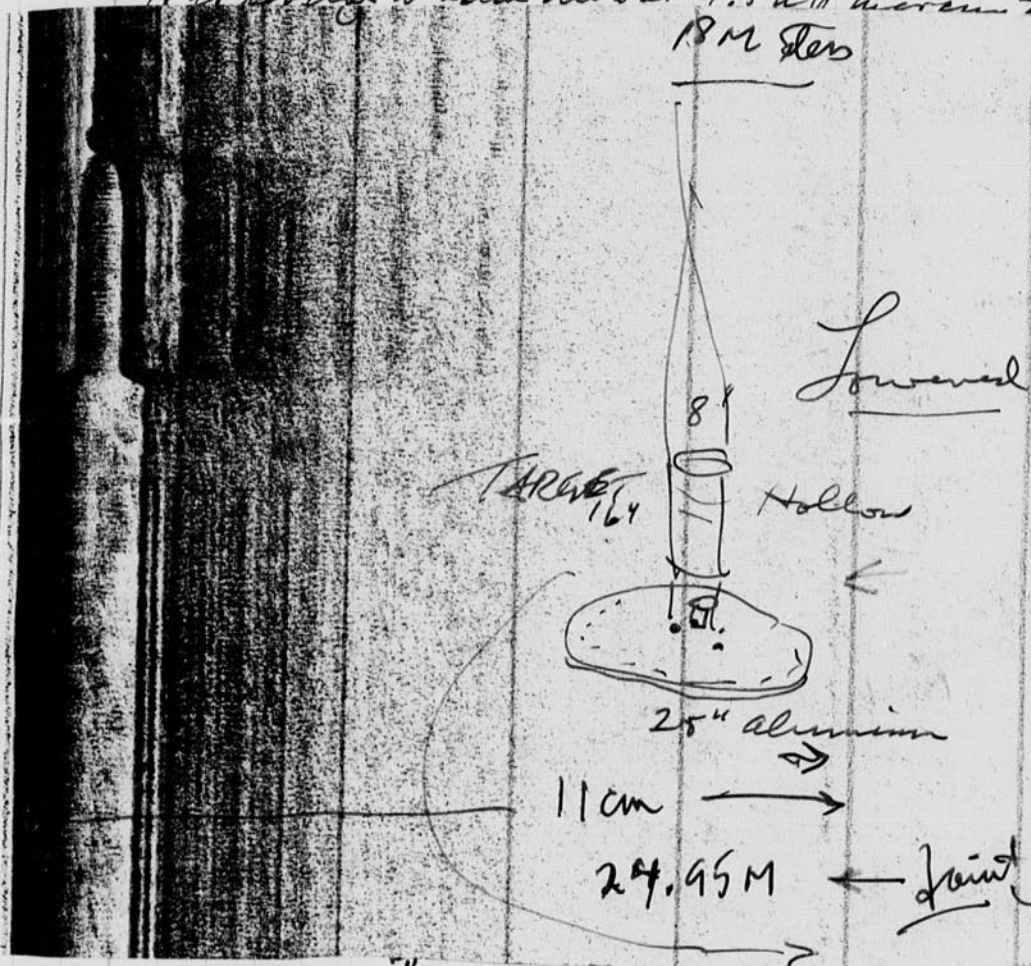


Friday July 27 1984 Hamed Edgerton

41

Expedition to Shellong Bank with Don Hussey (+6) and Doris 1002

We left the Aquarion in the Boston Harbor at 7 am +
on the Edgerton after loading one night before. I brought the
18 ft Boston Whaler with a 4.5 hp Mercruiser motor by use for
18M Steer



Quay bank
in the
but we had a
the noise - 18
to accept

not
best

Revised in 3 120' zones.

The signal processing equipment was in the
near side lab on the EDGERTON.

We experienced Rain all day but the
wind was small.

Returned to Dade at the Aquarion at
5:45. I drove to Boston Whaler to MIT
arriving at 6:30.

Esther was home from the hospital. Many Jan
Dixon weather. She has been with several loops
while Esther was in the hospital & came a lump in her
throat cut out. It was a syst & not cancer!

Friday July 27 1984 Handed Edgerton

41

Expedition to Stellwagen Bank with Don Massa (+8) and Steve 1002

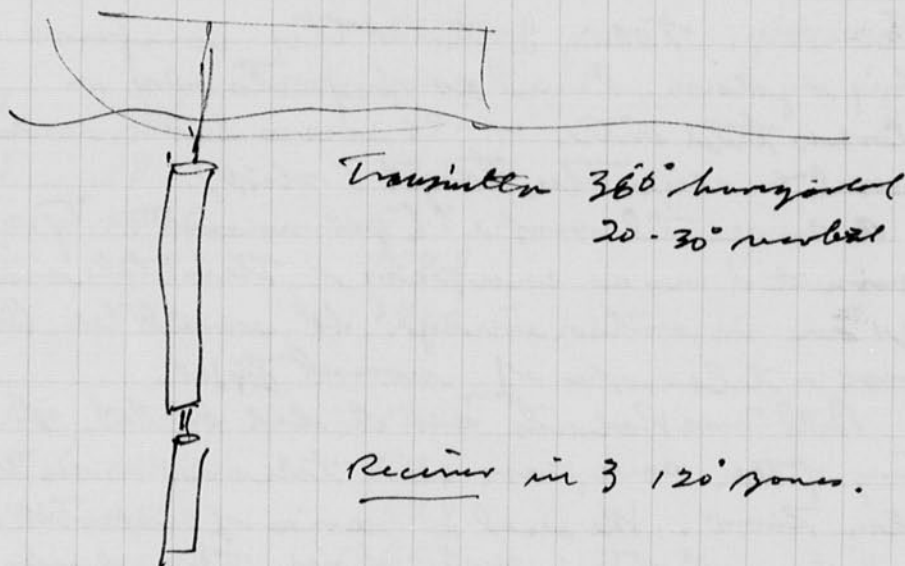
We left the Aquarium in the Boston Harbor at 7 am + on the Edgerton after loading the night before. I brought the 18 ft Boston Whaler with a 4.5 hp Mercury motor by way for a target shot. (This was not used).

After 3 hours we were on the edge of Stellwagen bank in 100 ft of water. Several whales were seen.

The noise from the 110 volt generator in the water was significant, Massa says that he has a large battery to operate his equipment.

Some signals were observed over the noise. It is believed that they were from whales.

Apparently the equipment was ok except for the noise from the shot.



The signal processing equipment was in the research lab on the EDGERTON.

We experienced Rain all day but the wind was small.

Returned to Dock at the Aquarium at 5:45. I drove to Boston Whaler to MIT arriving at 6:30.

Esther was home from the hospital. Mary Lou Dixon was there. She has been in there several days while Esther was in the hospital & have a lump in her throat cut out. It was a cyst & not cancer!

July 30 1984 David Elyton.

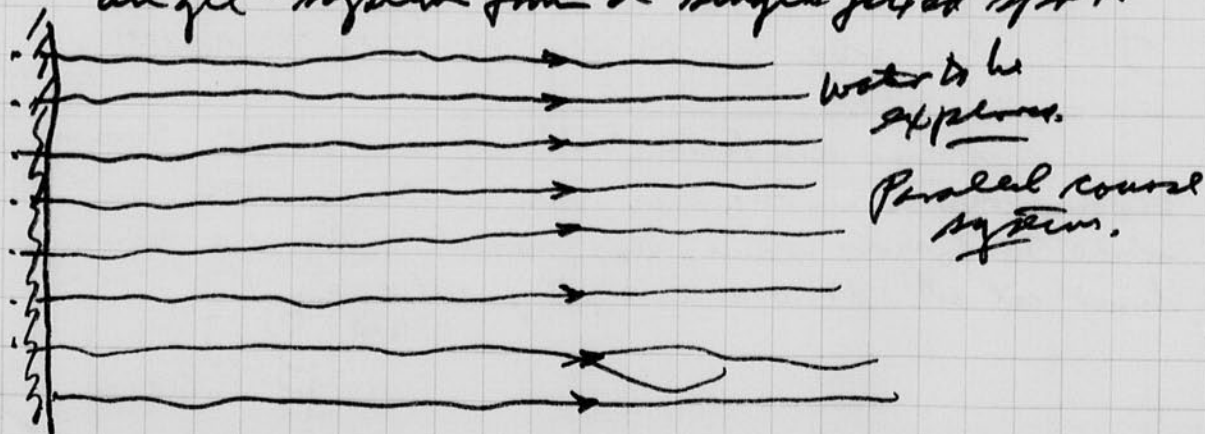
Elisha Tuder and son Omri came over today to discuss the expedition to Ferdinand and Isreal. I had a Boston Whaler with a 45 hp motor ready to carry the 5Kt rover. We made records from the MIT sailing pendulum to the south 170° . Several speeds of the slip was used. It appears that a speed of 30 x knots is adequate method. Put a man on the shore with a compass and sighting tube. Also a portable radio is required to give instructions to the rover carrying slip. An attempt will be made to hold the slip to a constant speed so that a linear relation slip along the path will be enjoyed.

July 31 1984 Tuesday. Today I tested the compass sighting system. Found as of yesterday a $3/4$ " brass tube with wires across both ends was used to align the target (slip).

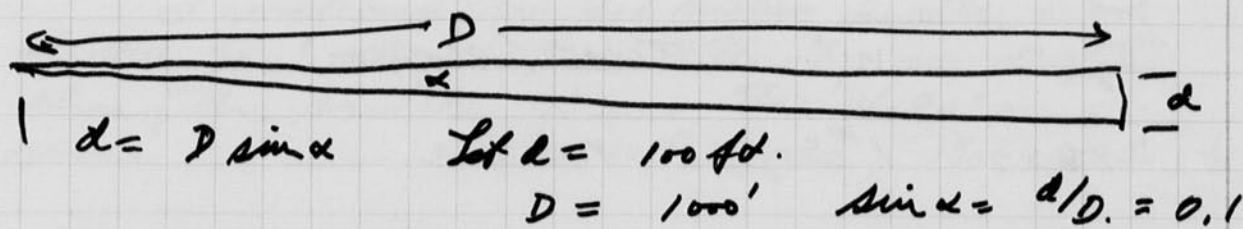
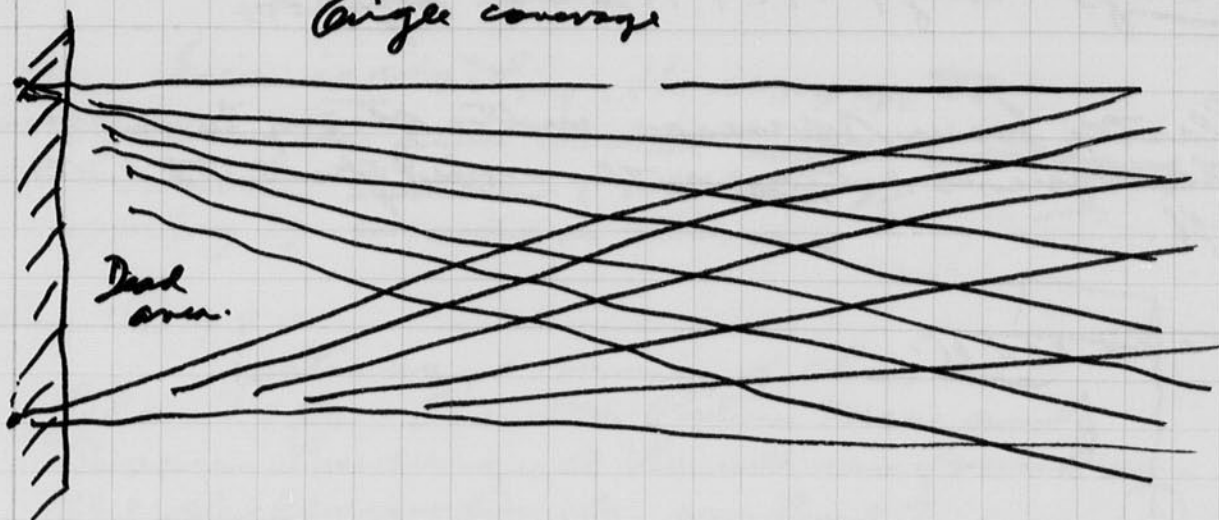
A small telescope (galvanometer type) was mounted on a compass. This telescope gives an inverted image. It would be better to use a telescope of normal type.

Bill MacRoberts and I did a lot of testing of the compass and telescope in the Charles River. We used a series of spots on the dock west of the main office. The dock consists of 6 ft sections from 0 to 12 to the west. We used the buildings on the other side of the river for shading the line up. We found that the accuracy was not needed enough.

We discussed the use of a more accurate compass. Also we considered the use of an "angle" system from a single fixed spot.



Angle coverage



$$d = D \sin \alpha \quad \text{Let } d = 100 \text{ ft.}$$

$$D = 1000' \quad \sin \alpha = d/D = 0.1$$

$$\alpha. \quad \sin \alpha \quad \text{at } 1000'$$

$$\alpha = 5.7^\circ$$

5	.0872	87.2 ft.
10	.1736	173.6
15	.2588	258.8
20	.3420	342.0

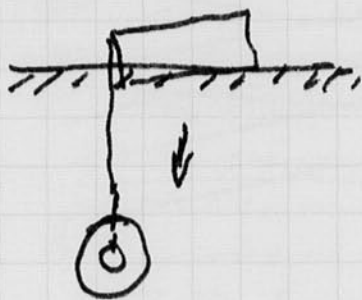
1	.0175	17.5'
2	.0349	34.9
3	.0523	52.3
4	.0698	69.8
5	.0872	87.2

I flew on Northeast air line to Ft Lauderdale Florida on Aug 2 arriving about noon. Spent a ride demonstration at 8:00 ± and showed a 16 mm sound movie about the museum at 9 pm.

Ray ^{Mr. Allister} was ~~Alister~~ took me to West Palm Beach to catch a Delta plane at 7:45 for Boston on Aug 3.

Buoys Aug 4 1984 Handed Edgerton.

Plastic foam squares with string to a weight.
The squares rotate as the weight pulls the string
off.



	Size	WT.	TIME (13' depth)	
IV	2x6x7"	1# 3oz.	14 seconds.	
I	3.5x8x6	4# +	5 sec	
Z	4.75 x 9 3/8 x 12 1/4	3# 4oz.	14 sec.	odd shape of wt.

Eric Edgerton arrived.

Survey of Ches with Peter Nuri

Elisha Linder

Oren Linder

Tomava

We used the dock on the Boston shore. I wanted
10 ft intervals on the edge 0, 1, 2, ..., 12.
6th Sonar in to the SFC measure. No
sub-bottom targets were found.

I tried the area inside of the 2
dredge islands where sub-bottom target was
found before - nothing! Either a seasonal
variation to the bottom!!

I must try further sounds again.

Aug 6 84 I went to Columbus Ohio to
lecture to the Appalachian Club. after the
city of Ohio - was - E. Murray of Lincoln
lab arranged it.

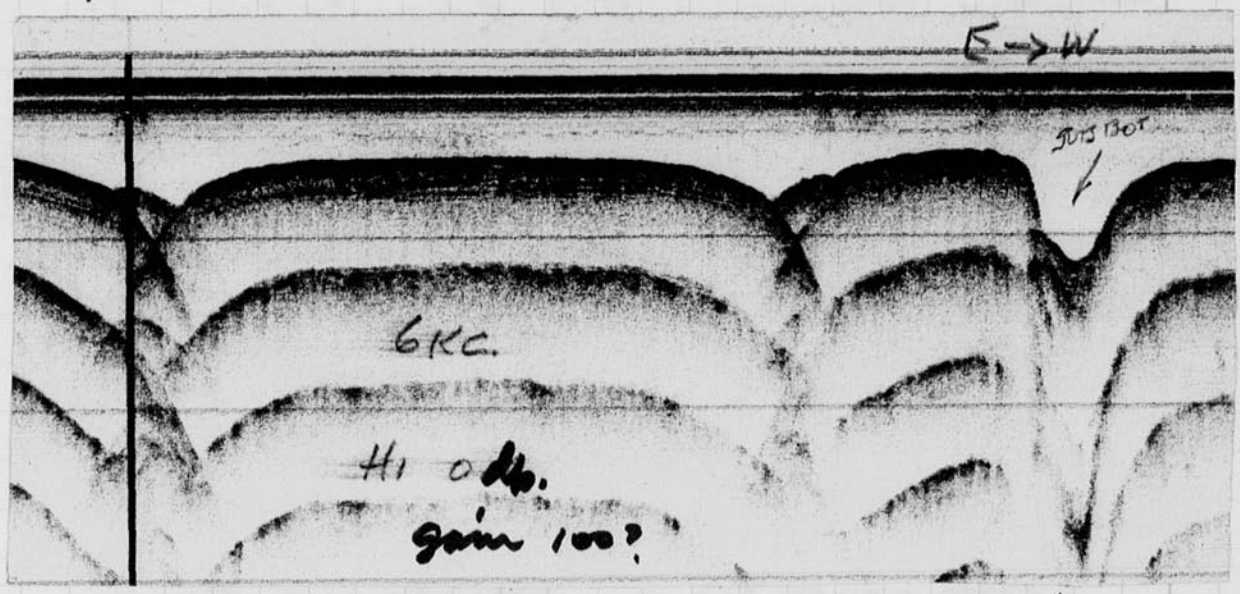
Chas Hollis gave a talk on
Aug 7. about oceanography. He gave info
on deep currents and storms.

Eric is visiting. He says go to
Darlin in and local with me and
Elvira Tander. Walter K. is
going to make a movie.

Aug 12 1984

Yesterday - survey of Ches Pine
Poles 1 to 15. with Peter Muir and
Susan Landray. A "bump" was found on
the shallow bank on line 7.

I mapped the 2.2 meter depth area
off the Faculty club and the 10 m depth
along the south shore. The "Hole" came in
strong and clear in Line to Pole 22. 170° 350° 1 to well.



NOTE SUB BOT-TOM ??
DUCK ISLANDS AREA

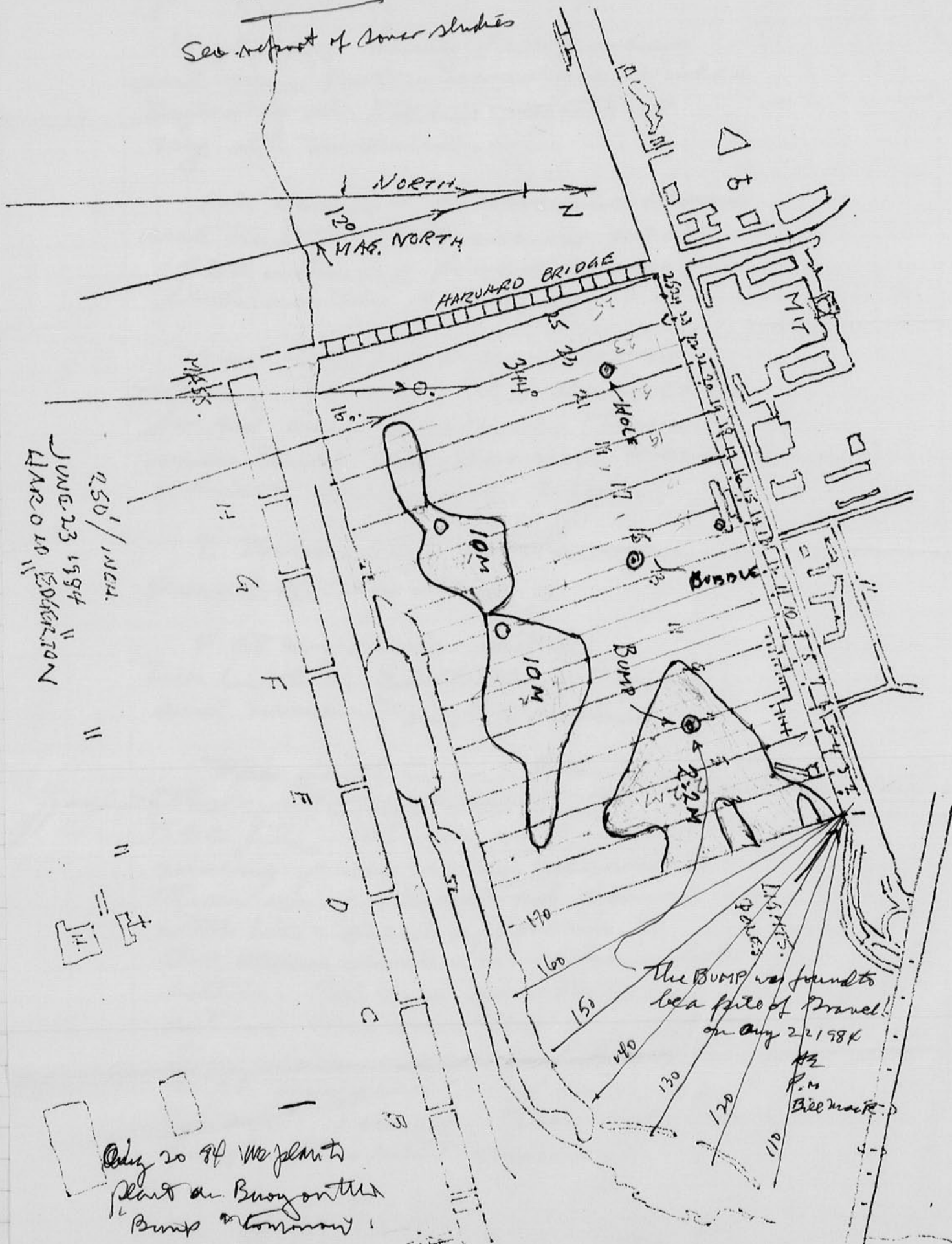
AUG 20 Monday. I took a microfiche
back to B&G & Salem Mass. Tom Misurata made the
papers and shipment to Dick Sherrin for the Wisconsin seminar
scheduled for Oct. 549-N #7027 549-21-7035 2 lamp
amplifier. Balloons.

I then went to the EPC Lab in Denver
Industrial Park to see Murphy. I picked up some
paper for my 1600 for Sardinia and local, also some
belts. order no 4567 24 rolls of paper. Kathy Condou
Sue Nelson. Ed Curley was out.

Darryl Mc.Cue 862-3754 wants to know about
the war (control) from the Loch Ness scene.

CAAS RIVER

See report of cover studies



250' / INCH.
JUNE 23 1984
AUG 20 1984

The BUMP was found to be a pile of gravel on Aug 22 1984 4:30 P.M. Bill Mack

July 20 84 We plan to plant a Buoy on the Bump tomorrow

Aug 22, 1984. Harold Edgerton

Yesterday Larry Gallagher and Tom Porter made a video tape to include some of my old material.

1st scene - Memorial service and the MIT Librarian, as of 1936 when I first appeared to look over the building.

2nd - The front door of MIT showing the door to be locked one weekend. Then mentioned the door on Thurs and which is always open.

3. Stairs alley with a group of windows.

4 at my desk with two books. Electronic Flash and moments of Vision.

This will be a build up for other material shown on the 159C film which contains many of my early movies. Then come Squashed sound with his speed movie - the alarm clock - broken Coke bottle. Pop Corn and Pat in action. Next come the elapsed time film. Color photos of which drops of liquid will be the end scene. This tape will be for the MIT Comm.

Sept 2 1984 Harold Edgerton.

The ancient power boat BUBBLE. (16ft)
was sunk on Aug. 1984 at a spot off
the MIT Sailin pavilion. See a report.

Compass from East End of Dock = 262°
" " West End of Dock = 157° See #14 log for
700 ft from Dock. record.

Stewart Nelson Peter Tini Eric Edgerton helped.

There is a trip to Gardiner and Israel
docking for Sept. We leave (He and Eric) on
Sept 3 for Capitania Gardens where
Frank Cross (Harvard)
Water Scholar and a marine crew
Elmer Tinker will do some bottom
penetration searching for ancient
artifacts.

Sept 28 1984⁸⁴ Harold Edgerton.

I returned on Sept 26 with Eric Edgerton from a
trip to Gardiner and Israel (Caesarea). We went Sept 5, a
mission made by Allan Miller (owner) - with backing by
Wally Braner. Used an EPC Bottom Penetrator to
explore for archeological targets.

Oct 7, 1984 Sunday.

I tried out the BDC unit (new) with a 12KC T.R. system.
It shows promise. now try with 6KC. on Oct 6 Sat.

I went to Stell wagon launch on the EDWERTON with
Don mass, Greg Eney and 3 others. to study whales. No results
there was too much wind!

Oct 9. I was at sea on the "EDWERTON" yesterday Capt Rich Lindner
Don mass and 2 from his boat with the power for 360° coverage.
We looked for whales, Beke reports.

Today Kaplan and Sherman came at 9 to MIT lab and our
estate. Several minor decisions were made. A summary
meeting given this.

Oct 11 1984 Mary Lou and Ann Dixon from Hickory N.C. came yesterday
morning. M.L. had some sonnets to the hospital. all seems to be ok!

Dinner at 100 room on Oct 11-2A Harold & Eric Edgerton
M.L. and Ann Dixon, Lyman and Jan Kay, Rebecca, Emily. Ellen Dixon.
Lecture by Carpenter about water space in Kenesha

Notebook # 35

Filming and Separation Record

2 unmounted photograph(s)

___ negative strip(s)

___ unmounted page(s)
(notes, drawings, letters, etc.)

was/were filmed where originally located between page 46 and 47.

Item(s) now housed in accompanying folder.

TO: HAROLD E. EDGERTON—
PROJECTION OF KODACHROME SLIDE
ON PLASTER CAST OF
THE FACE OF
JEFF CHITOURAS.

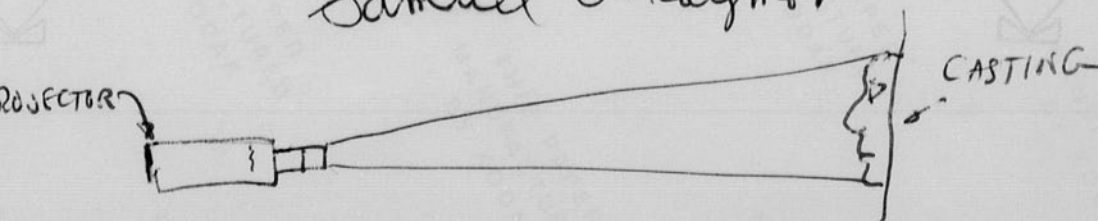
Samuel O. Raymond
SEPTEMBER, 1984.

! HAROLD E. EDGERTON—

PROJECTION OF KODACHROME SLIDE
OF S.O. RAYMOND
ON PLASTER CAST OF THE FACE OF
SAMUEL O. RAYMOND.

SEPTEMBER, 1984.

Samuel O. Raymond



Oct 11 1984 cont. Harold E. Grotzer.

Yesterday I experimented with the new EPC recorder-driver unit.

I used 200 ohms in series with the output to reduce the pulse length of the output.

My experiments were all made with a fish consisting of two Marra 6Kc Transmitters one had a transducer (TR). The other none (Receiver).

A resistance of 1000 ohms across the receiver had a small effect.

The Marra hydrophone will be back again.

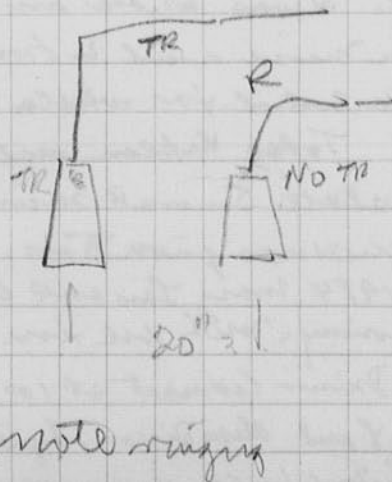
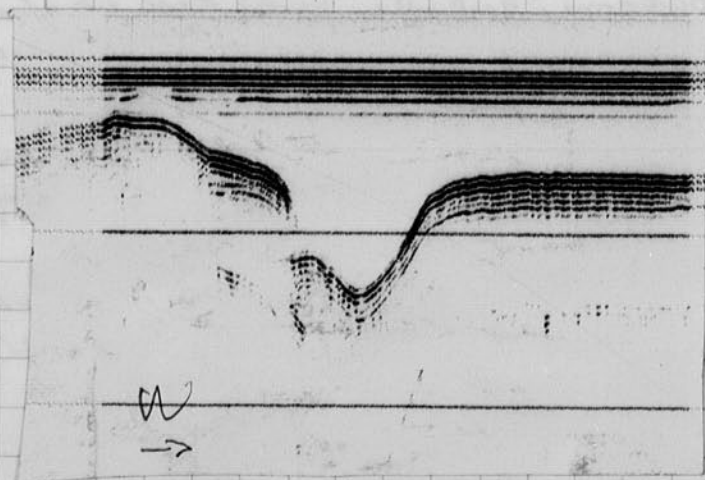
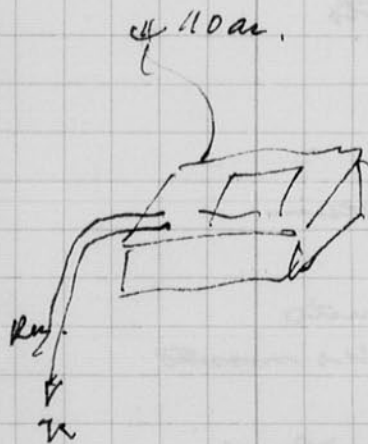
Oct 13 1984. Yesterday I took the EPC to the Charles River. The 200 + ohms in the transmitter circuit was fine for making a short line signal but it widened when the gain was increased!

The feed lead to the pickup was loose in the water tank in air. There is still a problem in the transducer pulse. I am going to the Marra's on Tuesday evenings and masses. Frank and Don are going to help get a short pulse 5Kc signal. A box & circuit and driver are required.

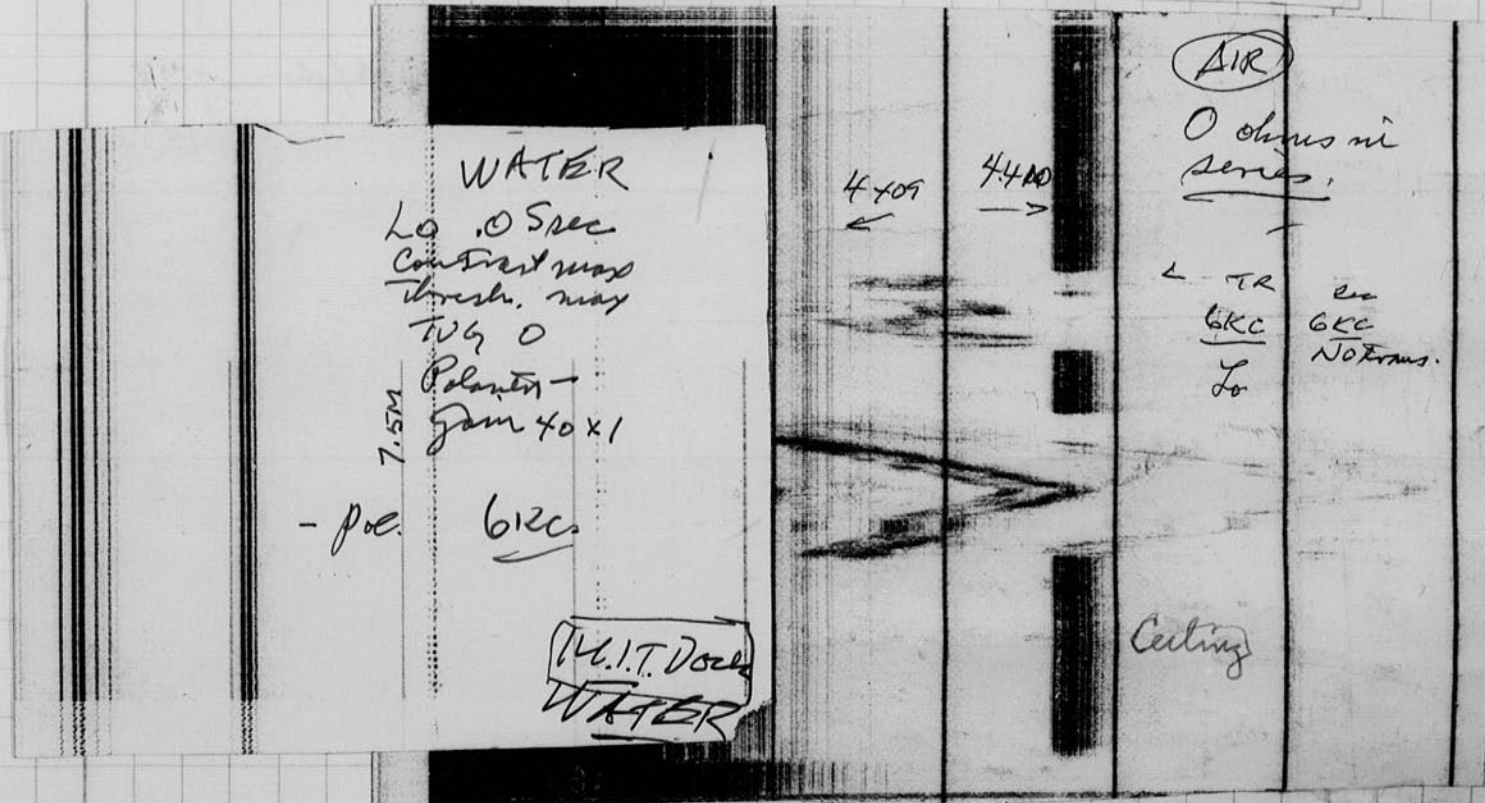
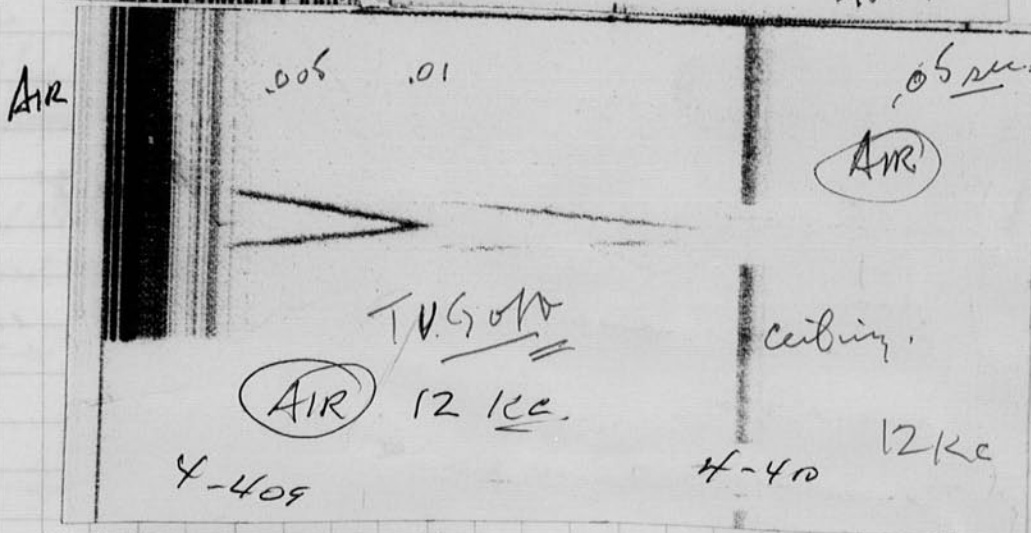
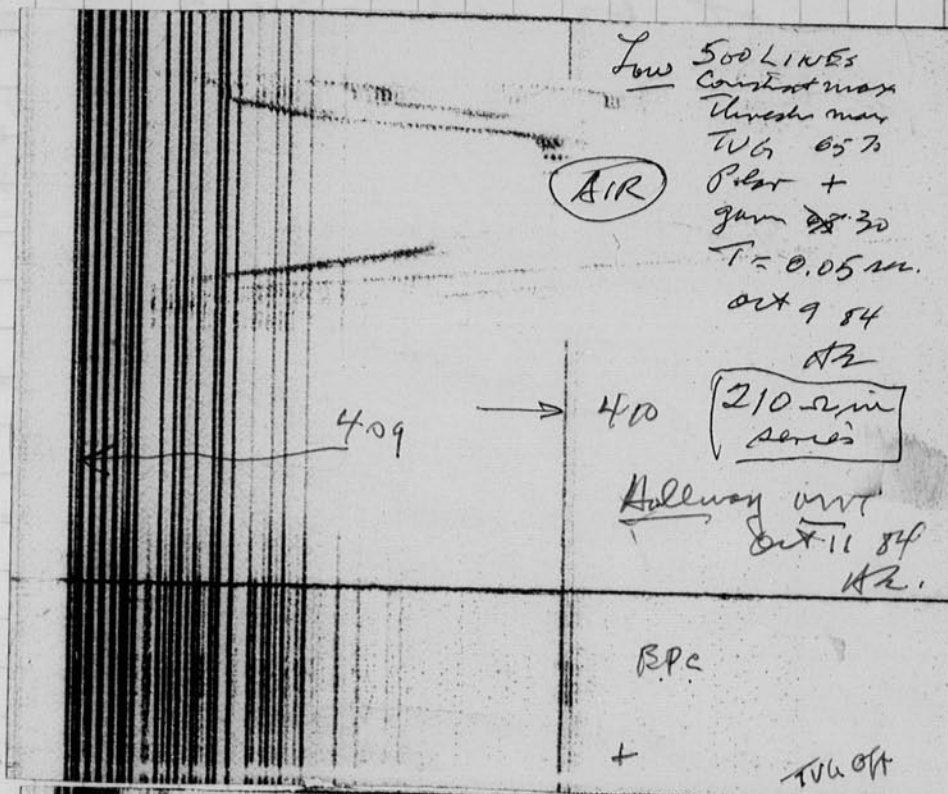
EPC Unit with internal ping driver is # 17015 # 101.

Suggestion. change titles on dials (position).

Mary Tom and Charles from Holyroy N.C. are here. Jan and children came over for supper last night. Lyndon went to the basket ball game.



new
BPC
17015
Random
#101



Electronix type 317 Ser. 001190.

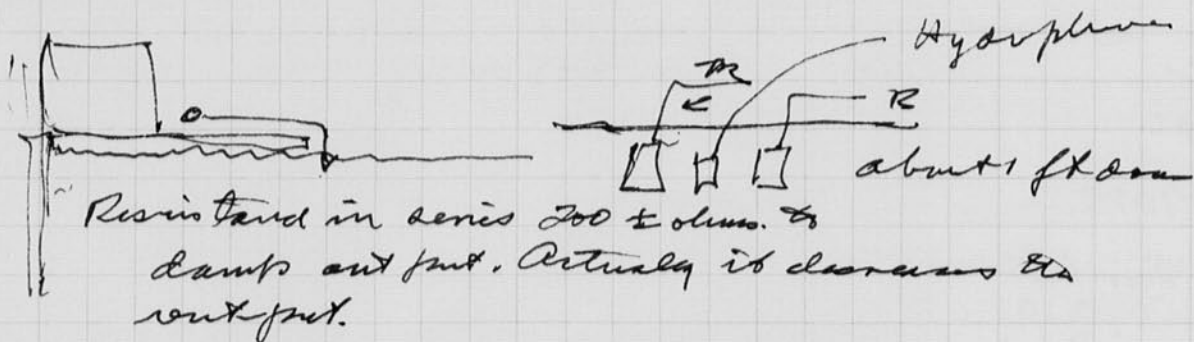
2 3/4" diam Screen Reson 50 μ 0.1 V/div Sens

4 μ sec to 2 μ sec Sweeps. 2 weeks

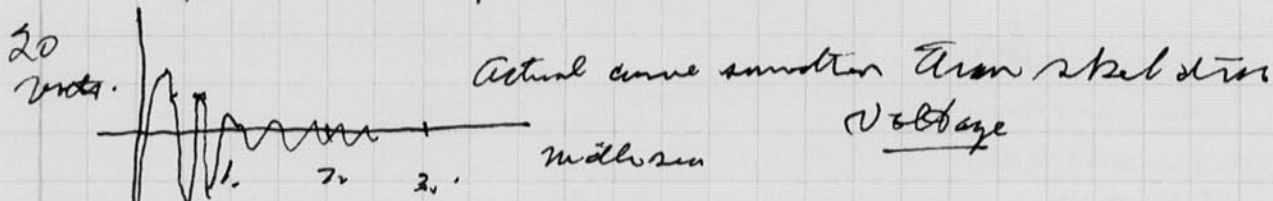
Oct 15 1984 MIT Sal Per 830 am

Test of 6KC Trans 6KC Res (not in) with

EPC 1701



Oscilloscope observation of input to cable after the resistor.



3 cycles = 2 squares = 1 ms.
1 μ voltage. 1/3 ms.

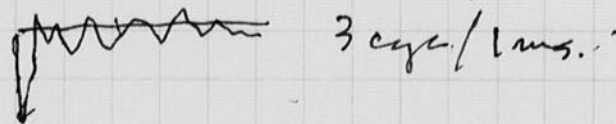
1 sec = 3000 cycles

acoustic is 1/2 of that 6000 ft.

Inverse Hydrophone voltage out up.

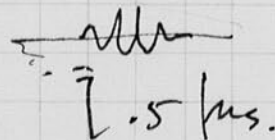
2 volts/div. Time scale same 0.5 ms/div
15" div

voltage from Hydrophone.



0.2 V/div Echo for Bottom 1/2 ms. 3 cycles.

0.3 div = 0.6 volts peaks.

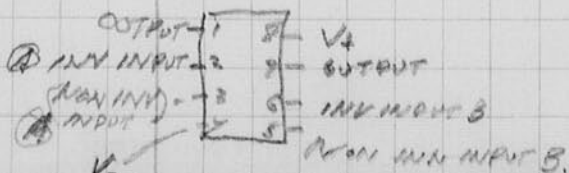


about the same with R=0

Operational Amplifier in 1700 EPC unit taken to Parkville & Seren

LM 1558 / LM 1458 RCA 919 CA 558 G

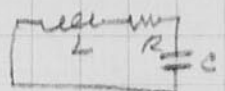
↑ Burned out in Serial.



19017

The new 1701 EPC has an AD 524 analog Device from integrated circuit. It offers gain of 1, 10, 100, 1000 only 1, 10, and 100 are used. see

Low Q C&L

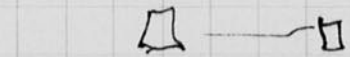


$Q = \frac{wL}{R}$

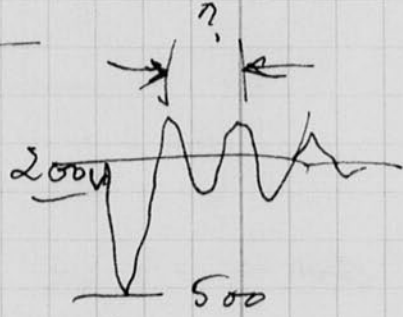
$wL = \frac{1}{wC}$ for resonance, $w = \frac{1}{LC}$ $w = \sqrt{\frac{1}{LC}}$

$Q = \frac{1}{wCR}$ $Q = 3?$

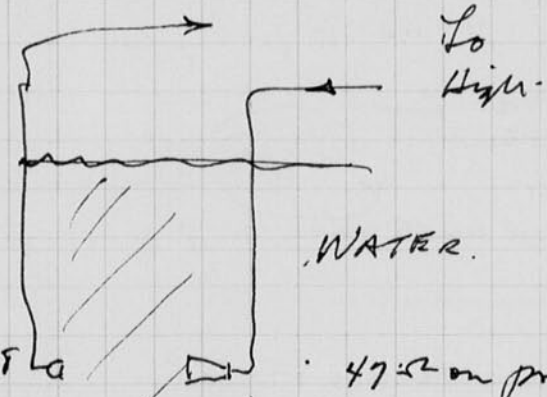
P. TR-47A or Sonar 6 KC. Massa
Oct 16 1984
Donna
Frank



Input Low. Primary probe to plug on unit. Should be + on first.



TR H418 Hydrophone. 10 - 12,000 cycles.
Standard for measurement.



2 1/2 discs cylinders.
end caps of aluminum
V.I.V. cable.
Excellent cable blowout

Standard meas system. 47Ω on primary leads to reduce.

Gill Barros
Technician # 1501/10/84

Approx Sensitivity of Hydrophone DT-276

50 microvolts /ubar

Transmitter Massa Model TR-47A (4-6 kHz) -
" Massa " TR-75 (3 1/2 kHz) -

Frank Massa
10/16/84
Sun or Peter Hill
Frank, Don & —
Hz. et whatever
near Rkt 301

Oct 17 1984 Handed Elgerton,

Yesterday Frank Mason at their Anglian plant showed me that the use of a 12Kc transducer as a hydrophone was not good since the 4-6 Kc signals were not picked up.

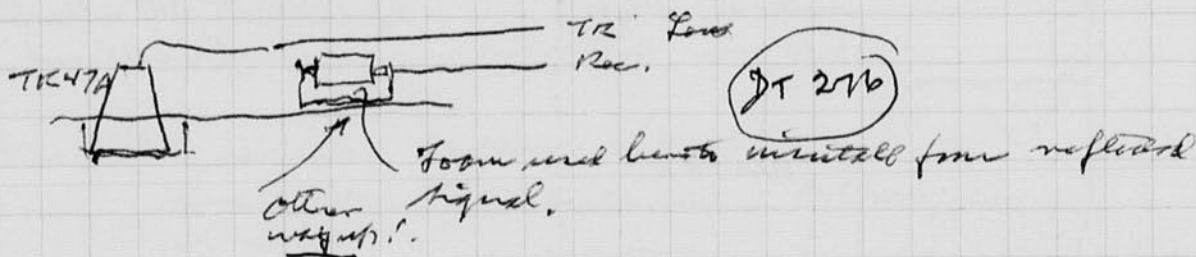
I have taken this 12Kc unit off and installed a DT-276 Mason Hydrophone. It was put in their special holder. Foam was put beneath the microphone to reduce the double bounce. I am now ready to try it in the Ches River and the harbor.

- Targets, 1. Double echo off the T71-family club.
2. Subbottom echoes in Devil Island area.
3. Tunnels in Harbor.
4. Details of harbor sediments.

Pulse length of output = Set from Dan Mason. 0.5 ms.
Resonance of TR-47A (4-6 Kc) 2 cycles ±.

Oct 20 1984 HZ.

Yesterday Peter and I went with me in the Ches River and out into the Boston Harbor. We used the BPCMOIS no 101 and a Mason 6Kc (4-6) transducer type ^{TR-47A}. A Mason hydrophone DT-276 for a pickup.



The Boston Tunnel signals were excellent etc.
A sample will be entered on the next page

Also see letter to
Peter Lindor.

Sunday Oct 21 1984 9am HZ. Splendid

Harry Hodgman about Nova program.

1. The Nelson reels will be sold to Nova.
2. Nova want 10 min of signal about the strike and sonar.

Contact. NIXON B.B. Channel 2 W.B.C.H.

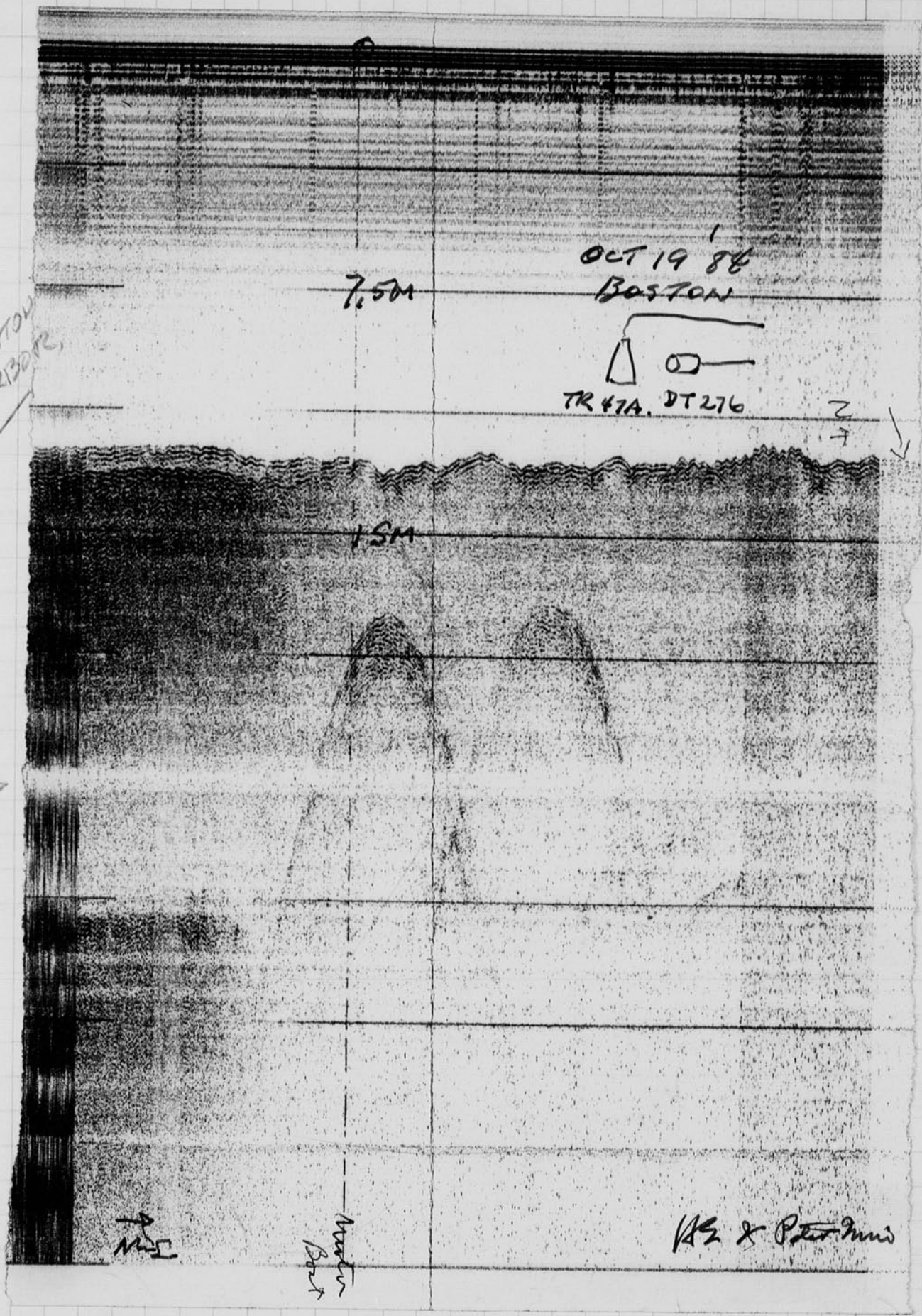
I suggest Oct 27 and 28 as days for shooting.

A. Tunnels.

B. Property of Harbor

C. Side beam of cars at 1800 Club

D. Propeller scanner.



Boston Harbor between FIREBOATS & HODGE.
TUNNELS TO AIRPORT.

Harold Edgerton

Oct 23 1984 Tuesday Harold Edgerton.

With Mac Roberts, we surveyed the Charles River Basin for "Bubbles" the 30' boat which we sunk a few weeks ago, looks not able to recognize the wreck: Why? Perhaps it has sunk below the mud level, I need to overhaul the sidescan and learn how to use it effectively. Contrast seems to be missing.

I used the survey mode. First I used a 100 meter range - then the 200 meter. The fish was hung about 6' down. maybe none. The boat must very slowly.

Oct 25 84 Dinner with Johnson, Hertz + 3 others at Forest Hotel.

24-25 at Madison Wis with the Uni Ext Service. 45 students Tamman & Hager. Same two lectures: on stools etc.

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<http://libraries.mit.edu/archives/>

October 22-26, 1984

1980

45 attendees
Tamman
Bill Hager
Duke Johnson
Elisabeth

45 x 750 =
\$ 33,750

Returned on
Northwest Orient 0175
Plane at 2:05 via
Chicago. arrived at
6:30 p.m. then had
dinner with
John & - -
Dr. Herzog. at the
Tennant Hotel. at 7:30.

Wed Oct 26 at M.I.T. all day.
Sat Oct 27. at Home for memorial
Dinner. Mass.
Jim, Tyndal, Glen, Andy
Rebecca went to the
Circuit at 10:30 am.
Emily (6 months old) is staying
with Esther and me.

- 6:00 Social Hour (Cash Bar) & Dinner
Wisconsin Center
702 Langdon Street, Madison
- 7:00 Strobe Photography: Its First 50 Years
Dr. Harold Edgerton
Professor Emeritus
Massachusetts Institute of Technology
Cambridge, Massachusetts

THURSDAY, October 25

- 8:00 A.M. Electronic Flash Techniques
Dr. H. E. Edgerton
- 9:30 Coffee, Rolls and Conversation
- 10:00 Effective Presentation of Scientific
Information by Means of Visuals
John Hyzer
Training Specialist
Exxon Corporation
Houston, Texas
- 11:00 Consultation and Interaction with staff
and assignment of workshop problem
- 12:00 P.M. Lunch

1984

if
Himbo

Poloidal
film 600.

-700

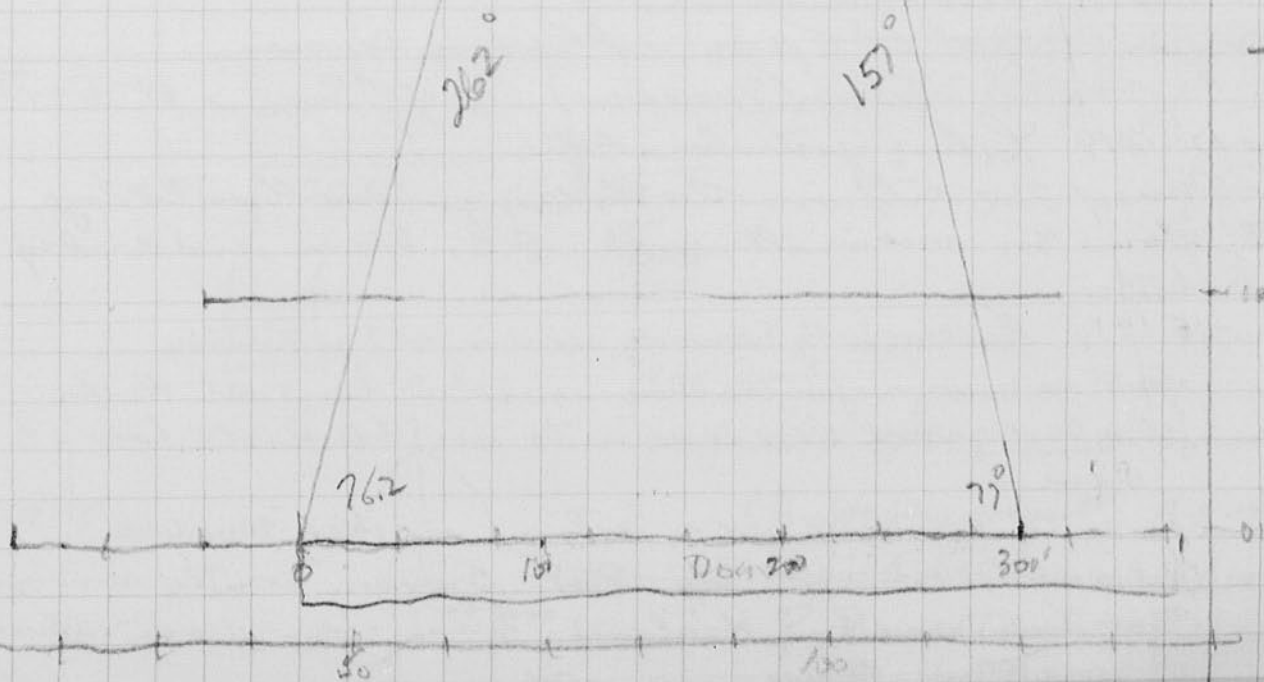
-500

-400

-300

-200

-100



Oct 28 1984 Handington
Wed

Yesterday. To tunnel site in large whaler with
Muir and MacRoberts. TV movies made by
WGBH (Bebe Nixon). This footage is to be used in
the abstract film stretching out 1 hour from
47 minutes. Also Gene O'Connor took some
footage of fish feeding in the tropical tank of the
Aquarium.

For solar I used the new 1701 EPC
recorder - drove with a Marra 4-6Kc
transmitter. A Marra hydrophone was used to
pick up the signals as per page (52).

The Aquarium had a 15 year party on
Monday night Oct 29.

Dolphin brought back our T.V. viewer
with cement attached. He has been using this in
Alaska this summer. Some 10 coverings were
made. There were no problems! ASA 64 film
was used (1/2 second exposure). Shrimp density
was great in some cases. Also small fish.

Interviews Ken CROW II Jan Nov 1 84
also GOLDMAN II Jr.

Take Interview for RKN for 6th grade ?

Ogilvie visit & Mrs Fair arts now ? 84 Lander
wants improved ORSAC equipment.
wants to expose paper - slush - blue light.
phone now for info.

Local tonight at 5 pm at Edison Co near
North Station (Quincy), 245 Summer St Boston

Nov 12 1984. Lecture yesterday at the
Mus of Fine Arts on the Stroll is quicker than the Eye.
Some 300 were in attendance. Ellen Dixon and Audrey
Eilber.

Nov 15 1984 Ben Mint of Smithsonian came in at 830 to talk
about a for the Oceanographic Inst. at Heifa.
John Curley and class came in to see the stroll later at
10 am. -

I was in Wash D.C. for a lecture on Wed Nov 14 in
the new Grosvenor Hall. Bob Braden was the manager.
Mary Lou came from Hickory. Ethel - John - W. Deed of June
at Mary Ellen House, on the 15th

H. Edgerton.

Sunday 18 84, 9am - 12 am fun on paper about

the Sardinia trip with E. Tindor.

Plans - about May. Estalor
and. Work Sardinia

Thanks giving dinner at the new house 1417
Aly and Steve.

Nov 27 1984 Thanks giving. 1050. *Hand Edgerton.*

I have been organizing a lecture for
me in the EECS dept. 7-9 this night on
the "history of the stove".

Yesterday I phoned Frank and Ron Massa about
a shorter pulse transmitter for sub bottom signals.
I proposed the present 4-6 KC model with out the
the standard transmitter. I plan to make some
frequency - impedance curves of the crystal alone
with various inductors in series, possibly
resistors too to reduce the Q. I want a pulse of
1.5 cycles at about 5 KC or (less). Ron promised to
study the problem and come up with a
suggestion.

$$f = \frac{1}{2\pi \sqrt{LC}}$$

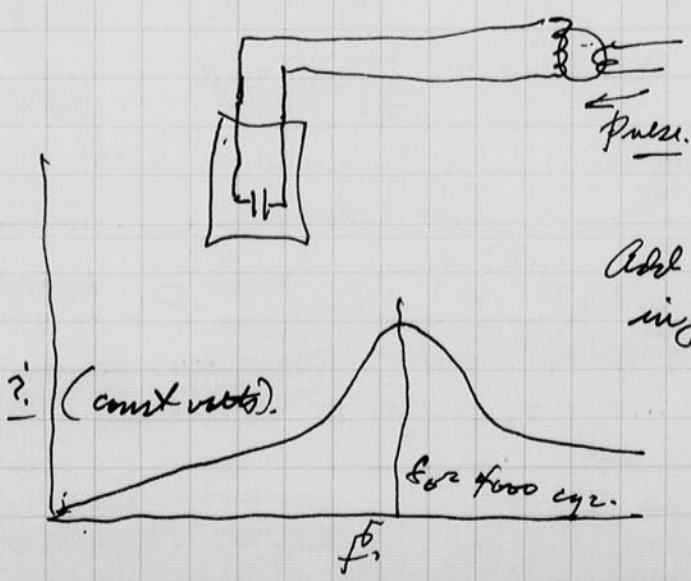
1. Measure C
2. Calc Inductance
from $f = \frac{1}{2\pi \sqrt{LC}}$ or
 $\frac{1}{5600 \text{ sec}} = \frac{1}{2\pi \sqrt{LC}}$

TR47A,
crystal

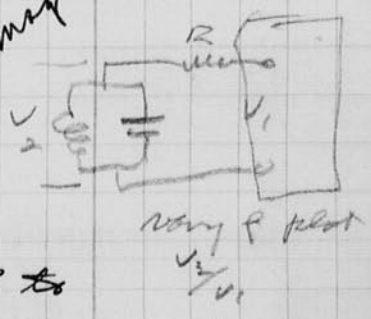


Hydrophone DT-276.

*Alternative solution
Experiment with
magnetic transducers.*



Add series or parallel R to
increase Q to desired value when
1 1/2 cycles result. The pulse
should be less than 1/10 of the +.
Should the transducer be in
water for this experiment??



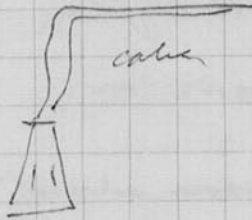
Nov 26 1984

Transformer 221231 Thorderson 117 360x2
5V 6.3V.

Remove iron to reduce the inductance

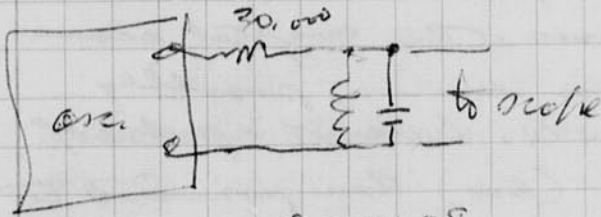
Measure c of mass 5Kc

$c = 7.4 \times 10^9 \text{ farads} \cdot \underline{\underline{.0024 \mu\text{f}}}$



Calc.

$C = .0028 \mu\text{f}$

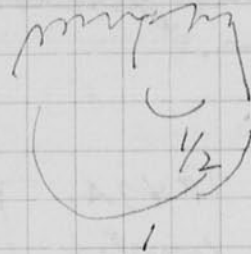


$C = .0028$

$L = ?$

f. for dip.

A Iron about 1/3



L	c	f ₀
A 1/2	.0028	17,000
A #	.0028	10,000+

A 1 ^{max +} _{min} 11,500 scope freq is too high - X dis connected!

oscillator mass (no iron)

Peak at 2.9Kc. of oscillator also 6Kc

mass no iron. 5.3Kc 36,000 turns oscilloscope

" " 8.5Kc Transformer and all leave output
8.0 " " more iron!

" " 17.0 1/2" with iron.

" " 5.7 With iron core transformer PC8411 X

" " 6.4 nothing extra

21.1Kc transformer PC8411 on bare transformer.

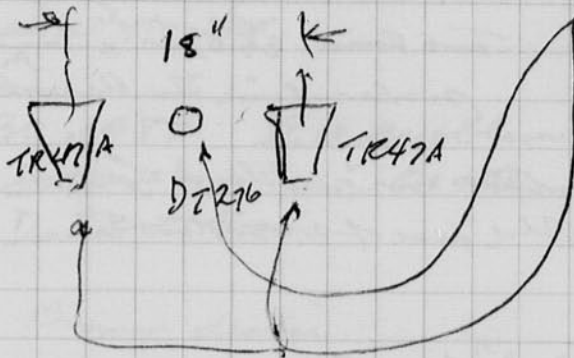
Nov 28 1988 H. Edgerton

Lecture yesterday in 38-101. about history of the
Strode. 300+ attended.

more Lecture on photo by Strode 34-101
by MADRICK BALM of Ballou Co. museum

Nov 26
26-100.

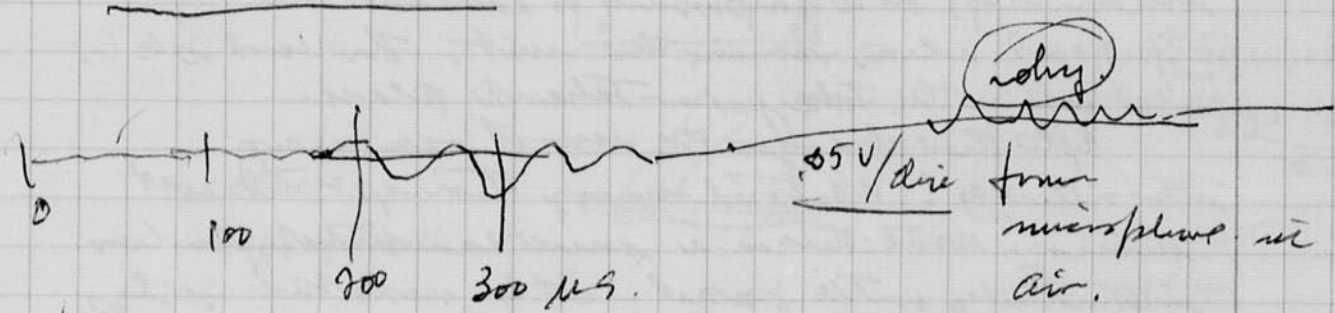
5Kc Power experiments
Two transducers. (p53)



Massa TR47A
Hydrophone DT276 Massa.

all mounted in
wood.

I phased the two transducers
by using the hydrophone in
air at 4" above each.
Both give a signal
in air



Should this be pre tested
in air?

Off Docu M.I.T. Sail Pav.

TUG MAX. TR RA TR

LOW POWER. ?

3.75M 10-50 10-30 10-100 10-25

DOUBLE

SSA TR47A
DT276 3.75M

10-10

10-10

10-10

No TUG. ~~MAX~~ Low

3.75M

DOUBLE.

10-10

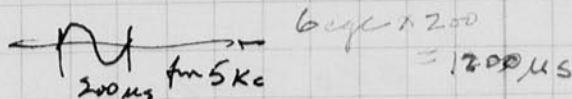
10-10

10-10

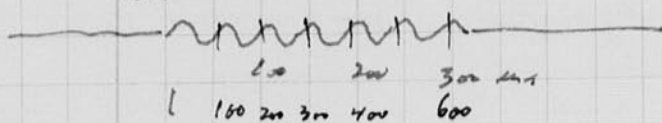
Thursday.
Nov. 29, 1984 - Harold Edgerton

1001 12 E 10,000 MS.

more experiments to get a shorter pulse.
the mass recorder TR47A.
two lines and more come from.



not accurate.



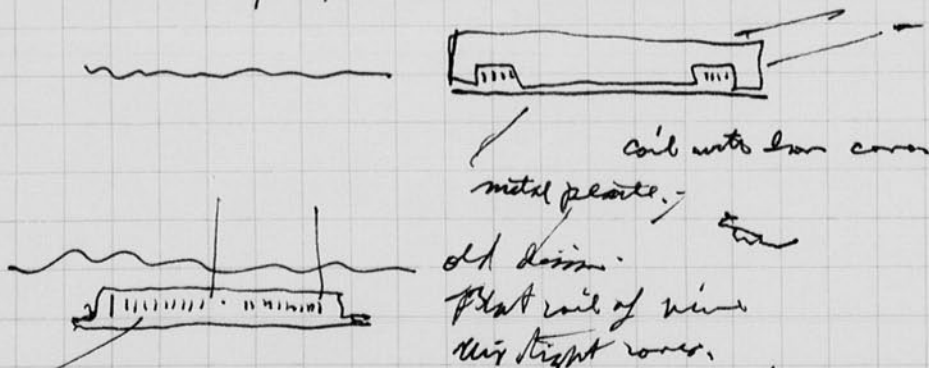
Actually there was some modulation to the signal
two lines 250 μs & was produced in the Recorder.

I phoned Don Mana. He is working on a method of reducing the pulse length by the use of resistors to decrease the Q of the affair.

Mac Roberts put a handle on the EPC 1700 sonar driver today, also he changed the input cord so that it was permanently attached internally, it is impossible to take out the input cord when moving the unit, the cord is to be coiled up in the take paper take up place.

After these changes the unit ran very intermittently? We tried many things with not success. note: there is a small lamp that flashes intermittently on the panel - it is not had any real attention. Bill thinks that grounding has something to do with the problem.

A sound source of low frequency and a single pulse is needed for archeological research in the sea. The Boomer system should be perfect even if inefficient.



note. this design traps air which is important for the rapid expansion of gas times three.

Coal

Test program

- Go to water in Pool or River.
- Lower transducer.
- Put microphone below the transducer.
- to read the direct signal and the reflection
- Make a voltage vs time study of the output of the ~~trans~~

Julie Kern Phone design
E.P.S.

Paul Dgo - technician
marketing
Sales, Etc.

Nov. 30, 1984 Still problems with the R.P.C. 17015.

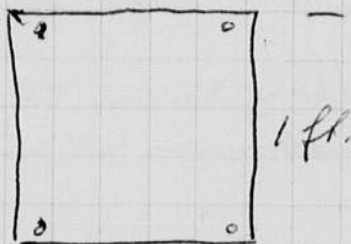
Donner 01923

See no 101

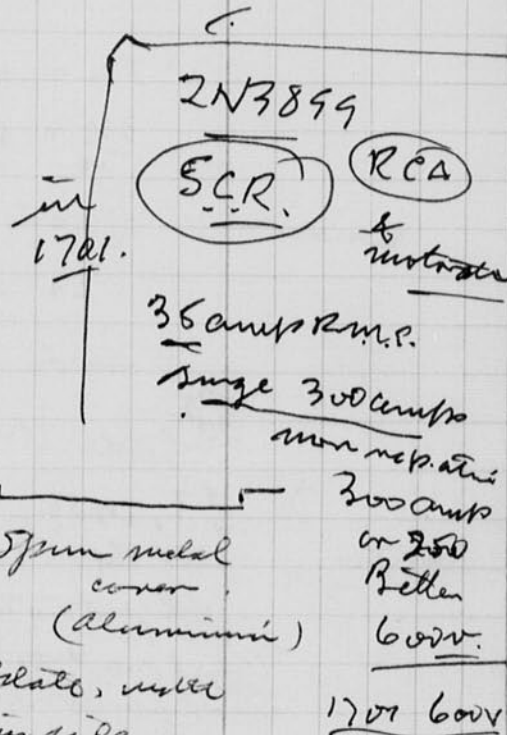
E.P.S. Danvers, Mass.

284 = 3174.

Boomer design

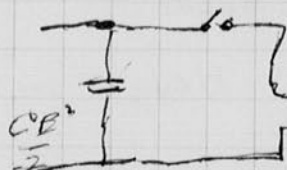


measure L.
Calc 1/2 cycles into
 $C_1 = ?$



1701 600V

Energy Conversion



$d \times d$ units

what is the efficiency in %.

$2.5 \times d = \text{energy}$

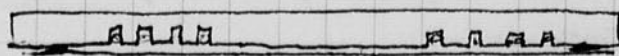
use 2Ω

2.5Ω

energy.

why not cut spiral groove in the insulating plate for the wire coil?
then the feet plate can be glued to the

Refer to page 1
doc on Boomer



comment.

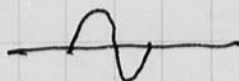
comment.

M.G. up what doll

Dec 1, 1984 H. Edwards & Don Kerson w/ the Pace-Mc Gill

Eric and Isaac are here!
1/2 km.

C of penetration circuit = ?



$$f = \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{LC}} \quad T = 2\pi\sqrt{LC} \quad \text{Let } T = T_c \frac{1}{f} \text{ seconds.}$$

$$f = 1000 \quad T = 1000 \mu\text{s}$$

$$f = 100 = 10,000 \mu\text{s.}$$

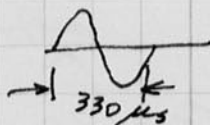
$$f = 3000 - T = 330 \mu\text{s.}$$

$$5000 = 200 \mu\text{s}$$

$$10,000 = 100 \mu\text{s.}$$

$$100,000 = 10 \mu\text{s.}$$

Try for 3000 cycles
then $T = 330 \mu\text{s.}$



$$330 = 2\pi\sqrt{LC} \quad 314 \times 2 \sqrt{LC}$$

$$\frac{330}{2\pi} = 52.5 = \sqrt{LC}$$

$$C = .5 \times 10^6 \text{ farads.}$$

$$L = \frac{2750}{0.5 \times 10^6} = 5500 \times 10^{-6} = .0055 \times 10^{-6} \text{ h.} = 5500 \text{ h.} \quad \text{seems high.}$$

Steve Wamstall. Bk4. — 530

Dec. 3, 1984. 1825.

at BPC-9 am Murphy fixed #701 somewhat
adjusting the "zero" switches under the paper.

Thank you to V. L. Salom for lunch on the 10th floor.
See Mendenhall - & Jerry.

Robt BUCKWOLD.

Migdal 10551 Israel HaEmet.] with Jacques Murocova
at Ramat.

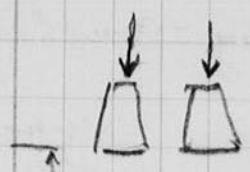
SUN EXPOSURE 730R Blue Sens Film. Bldg 1 M.I.T. 3 pm ±
10 min devel. Exposure OR f90 1/100 SEC

SUN OBSERVED — 1/100 SEC f45. NO EXPOSURE.

Dec. 12 1984. N. S. G. 4-405 9 am.

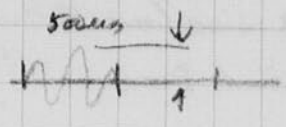
Just missed Mrs. Stark from West general lab in
Walker to the Sustaining fellows of M.I.T. Big Party.

Frank was brought in a TRIST # 89857 5Kc with
internal resistance damping. I checked it and found
the signal is shorter in air, will repeat in water
and take milligrams.



TR MASSA #

TR Sta. High. 1701



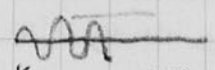
2.5 cycle = 500ms.
2.5 mV = peak-to-peak.

50cm

85957
TR 89957 High. 1701

TR water Res.

Same but shorter



2 mV peak out



DT. 276 Hydrophone.

at "Low" power the amplitude was down to 1/2. The freq was the same.

1 cycle = 185 ms. $\frac{1}{.00185 \text{ ms.}} = 5405 \text{ cycles/sec.}$

Dec: 13 1984. Water in Barrel for Test

Yesterday day. air vented was still on the rope. I put a film in the camera. AC 135-12 Polaroid

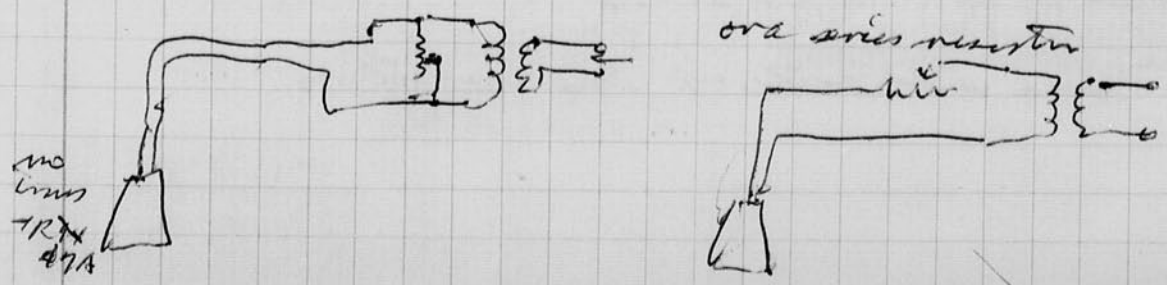
approx time open	Delivered	Van Tin
1 1/30 28	"Hold" of signal	Massa 85957 in air
2 " "	" " "	" "
3 " "	" " "	Massa 85957 (Damped)
4 " "	Hold.	Mass. old
5 " "	Hold.	Mass. old.
6		one of out put
7		Experiment stopped since the
8		sound shows at least 3 cycles.
9		
10		
11		
12		

Experiment stopped since the sound shows at least 3 cycles.

Distinct out the phone with Don Massa. He says bring out for exponential with more resistors. 30,000 ohms were used in parallel.

Monday Dec-17, 1984 Harold Edgerton. Alt 11-7A 100 mem drive Coul. Mass. 05142

Why not have a "duration" adjustment on the sensor. Looked out put in the water.



Dec 1954.

10.05 Messrs Easton & Hingham,

Frank and Don. Gil Barrow - 40, year.

Casey - computer.

Test in Tank. - Request across 5 Kc.

#1 - 5th Mess transducer. Voltage Low. Std Mess $V = 100 / \text{dim}$. Time .2 ms period.

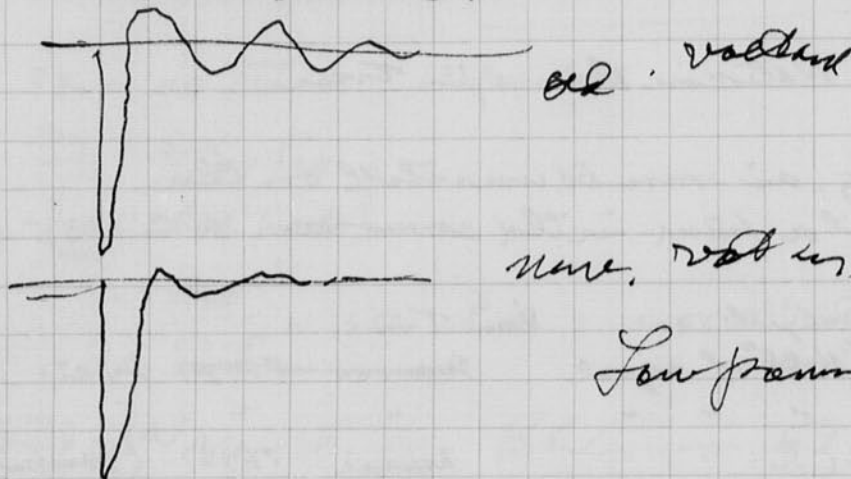
Hydrophone giving looks like 10 Kc? Why only? X 5 Kc.

Voltage looks like 5 Kc. 2.5 hr?

50,000 to 20,000 on nipple on voltage.

Voltage = 400 $\frac{1}{\text{ms}}$ 2.5 Kc! on voltageSpecial transducer with 30,000 ohms across
- the use of the transducer

#1



Sound patterns about the same for both. ●

#2 TR 756 3.5 Kc with James' load with resistor -
Low power. Took at sound

voltage

voltage

Sound (on telephone). Ground cut out W.B.Z. not in
Low power

#3 TR 46 - Standard - Low power Shows signal large neg pulse.

#4 " " " " " " " "
Use TR 46? check polarity of signal.

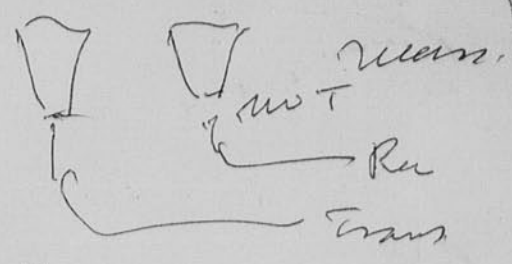
Conclusion use 5th TR 47 - check polarity.

I hope that Don Messa will write up his observations.

Ceiling



10-16 gain
10-16 10 = full

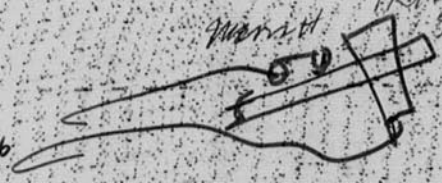


∞

1984
Dec 20

Ceiling

100 x 16



Ant
4-4-87 Jan

100 x 10

Power Pol

100 x 10

005

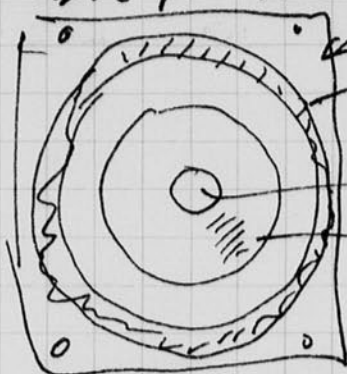
note width of trans

Dec 20 1986
Low



Jan 4, Friday 1985. MIT 4-405 Cambridge Mass.

Yesterday with Bill MacRoberts on the design of a small boomer.



Bakelite $1/4"$ thick.

al they with many grooves.

$1"$ center core

#16 solid plastic insulated
aluminum thin plate.

Rubber gasket seal.

This was tried on the EPC 1400 driver. It was just audible. We may increase the turns or use smaller wire.

"Sign" on BPC = 1 mV at 400 volts, not made.

Jan 5, Dinner at Jan King's home in Boston. Lyndon, Rebecca, Emily.

Jan 9, 1985 Thursday. Carl finished by MacRoberts on Tues.

32 turns of #16 wire on a $1\frac{3}{8}"$ diam core out to $6"$ diam attached to $1/2"$ Bakelite plate.

Wire fine foil better than for aluminum sheet.

See record for a microphone type plow. on the BPC Record from the 1400 unit 1 mV 3000 volts. I tried along and a short (10' lead). The results seemed the same.

Dean Horn gave a lecture last night at the MIT club about the expedition to study the ice shelf in the Antarctic.

I sat next to Capt Rich RYBACK, of the Coast Guard also Chris Palloni Sylvia Edan men. (Janner with or

Photos of Sam

101 sec 890 7302 film (Sam OK)

07 45, not exposed no film.

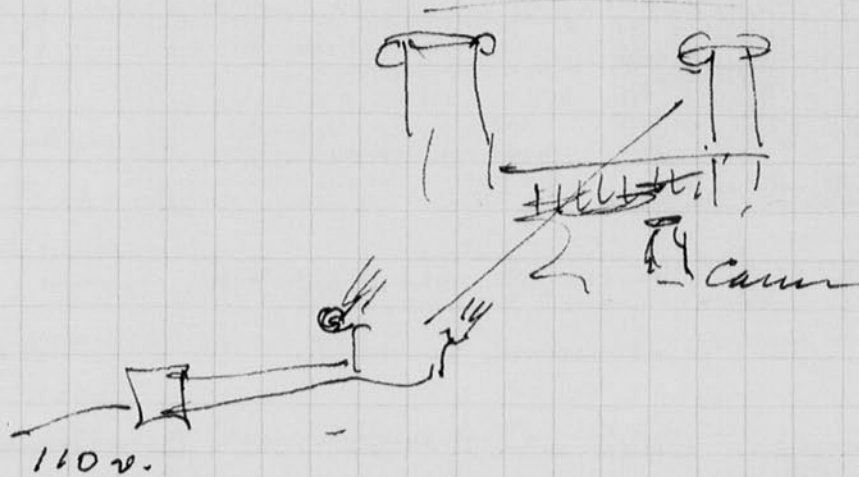
Sun photo from Bebe 7 at 11, 17
Jan 10 set at 1958 at 3 pm.

camera 8x10 Pos film on 3rd floor.

Lens 15cm. f9 1526 555 Goetz Dagor Carl Zeiss Jena

#1 5 min at f9 3 to 3.05.

#2 Stroke lights 2. 25us 50 CPS cam. 20 ft from column.



#2 Shutter open,
3.11 am at 312 ft. 200 + 20 + 20 flashes at different
positions of the lamps.
plus sun at 1/100 sec f9.

Note sky had some clouds!

3:25

3:25 can't see sun from 3rd floor!

3:40 coming!

3:50 Sun reaches the 3rd floor (a few moments ago)

4:05 Still coming, Center station bear 18' north. of Q.

4:40 after Sun set, missed.

Process films to approx.
Postcard size grain film.

Comment. I think the Jan 21 date for the axis illumination by

- the sun is in error. Suggest check with Norton etc.

TV News program on stroke etc is all set for Jan 15 at 8 pm on WGBH

Bebe micor put the tape together.

Jan 12 1985 at 12-1 Lecture on Under Water Photography, Monday

About 40 people attended. Peter Donnelly - Duper Feb.

Jan 15 1985
Harold Edgerton

NOVA on TV will be shown at 8 pm. It is a one hour affair by Bebe Nixon of WGBH. The basis is the TV program set up by Larry Hodson of Nebraska.

870 ± Wayne Child (?) called. (Hershoff). Phone
He reported on the "Republic" a 569 ft ship sunk at Cape Cod on June 23 1909 525 east of —
depth 185' 250' to bottom.

He also went on at length about some studies of medical and other relics.

962 6146 Lexington
Wreck REPUBLIC 52.5 miles east of ?
white star level 185' deep - 240' bottom
Sunk Jan 23 1909
Data from Wayne Child? (Hershoff).

WGBH Program NOVA on Jan 15 1985 for 1 hour
Bebe Nixon 492-2777.



The Cousteau Society

Ironically, some of the fastest growing populations are in the world's most water-scarce regions. 1/4 of the usable water supply is tapped by humans—70% goes to crop irrigation and 25% for industrial use.

Hidden Aquifer Disappearing

WP 12/31

The Texas Panhandle's irrigation water comes from the world's largest underground lake or aquifer—Ogalala—which extends from South Dakota to Texas, underlying eight states. This is an area the size of California. It contains as much water as Lake Ontario, providing 30% of irrigation water. And it is drying up from mismanagement.

Cousteau

11 Jan 85.

Peter Vogt Lumsden Port Riche 713-947-2777 Fla 33568
Jan 25 sent SN 1698 with 2 lamps & charger by Paul Post,

Fred Feyling 491-2886 (Jan 23).

Lecture at Research Center for Photo Kelly Conway 8 pm. 602 course
Lecture on Friday Jan 25.

Chris Stinson Chicago, Ark 3930 Pine Grove 2406 GH 60613.

BURNELL, WEST.
 San Jose Calif
 415-657-4622.
 from David Chalmers.
 Control Data
 Hummer/song Minn.



13
 poses

Who is this diver? This photograph, taken with a multiple-strobe-flash technique, has turned up unidentified in Professor Harold E. Edgerton's archive. "Doc" believes it was made in the mid-1960s—and will be grateful to any Review reader who can name the athlete.



David Chalmers shows the film.

TECHNOLOGY REVIEW A15

WEST

Burnell

Humming Bird Movie on TV
 Feb 1st. 1955 by
 Marty Stauffer, W6.13H.
 excellent - some at high speeds.

15 species

#16 TR 237 ~~TR 13027~~ Low
17 " " High

Suggestion Reduce capacity on the input..

Output maybe resonance of hydrophone, ?

18 TR-238 TR-25: Low changed angle of Rec.
19 " " " " " " " "

Best: 20 TR 237 TR-25 Low Square 5-10Kc.
21 " " " High.

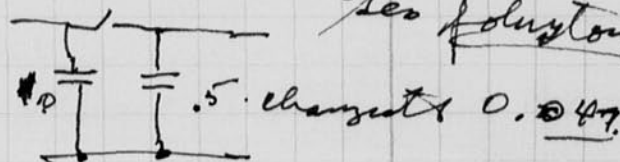
Best with TR-25. Best:

.5 cap removed. 1 not left
0.047 caps replaced for the 0.5 caps.

change of circuit

See solution

Different.



Such "Chinese" excellent.

Discussion change 0.047 to 0.15 caps

22	TR 237 ^{75.} 20Kc. ^{3.5Kc.}	TR-25.	Low.	now - Low = 0.147 mtr High = 1.147 mtr
23	" " ^{3.5Kc.}	"	High	
24	TR-75	BQR 7	Low	before Low = 0.5
25	"	"	High	High = 1.5



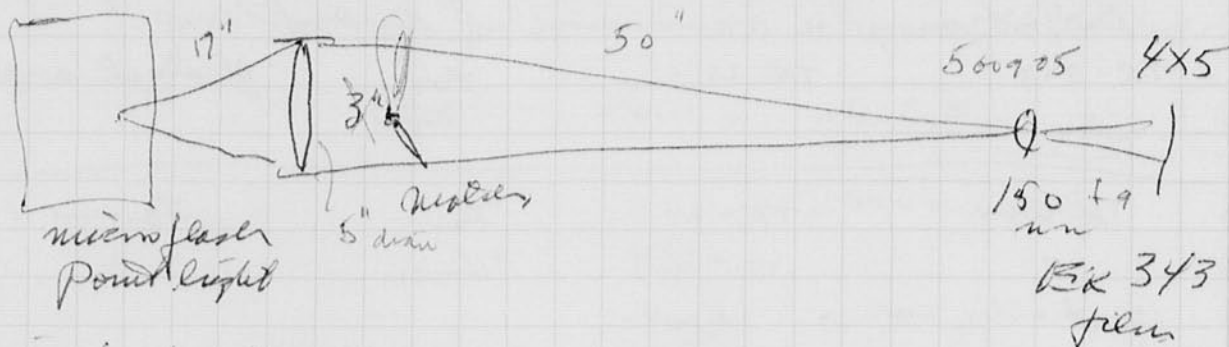
$$f = \frac{1}{2\pi} \frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}} = 3.5 \text{ Kc.}$$

Conclusions - It seems difficult to get a single pulse out of a Massa Transducer.

I plan to continue development of the boomer.

Feb 5 1985 Harold Egeton,

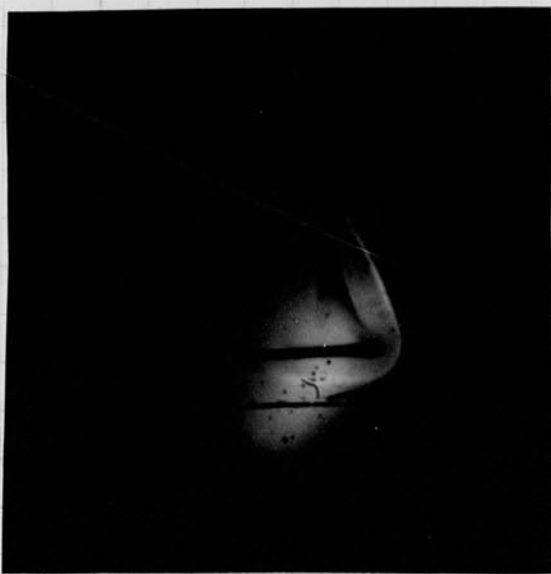
19 x 10°

1-234-3553
HomePhoto of match,
Jim Billingham
9-203Visit to Betty 17,
Flame.

Diameter of experiment

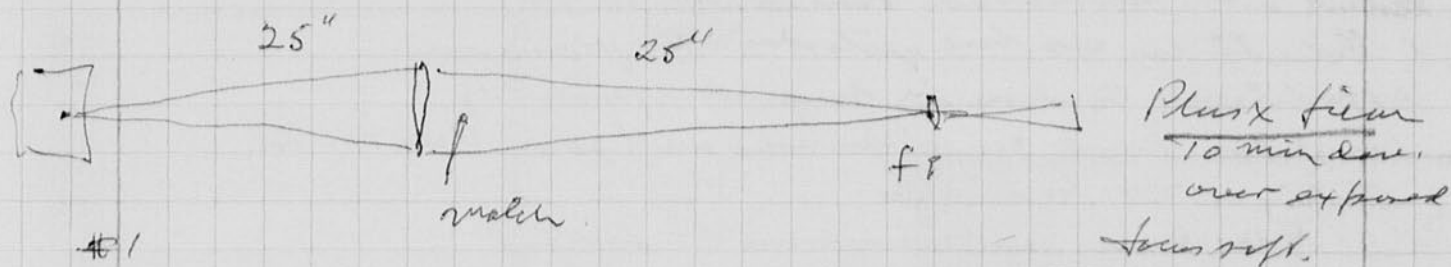
Suggestion: Strive for a larger image

Go from 343 to Plus X film for bigger image.

Subjects - Sparkler, nichrome wire, fine wad, falling drop (coalwood
water).Lens moved to
make a longer
image on the
film.Comment: The lens is a simple
glass one. It might be better
if an improved lens was
used. H.E.

Wed Feb 6, 1985 AT3

Cont.



- #1
- #2. A/8 on shutter. match 1302 Plus film exposure ok, no flame shown.
Realigned lamp
Focus changed to 2" from field lens.
PlusX. full open shutter

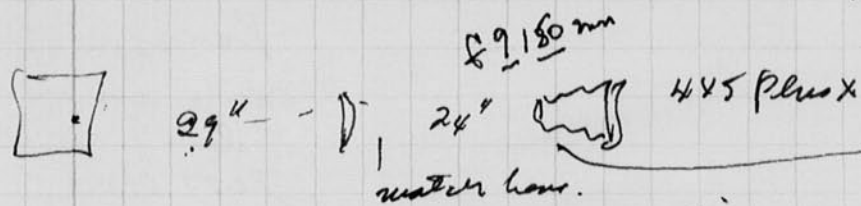
~~why is 343 better?~~ Try again with new lenses?
again PlusX A-64. Schlieren. Same.



Flame photography by back light. match!

Sat Feb 1985 A. 29 part

- #1 mag. PlusX A16 on shutter. 5 min DK? time.



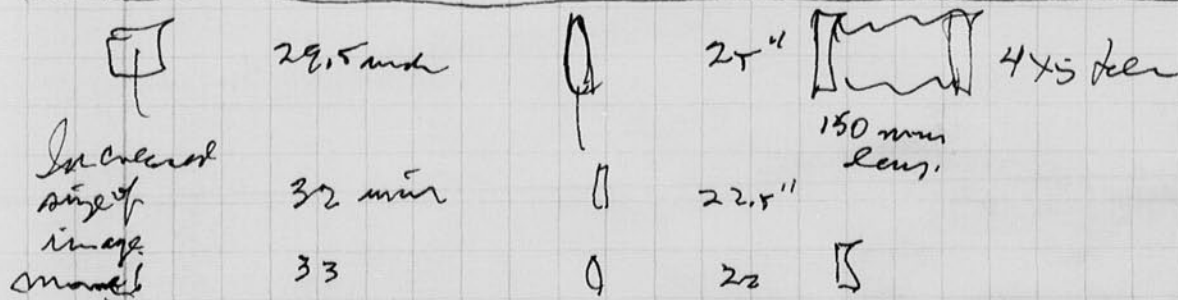
cat A 22 the light was completely cut off!

9" lens with electronic operated shutter.

Too much exposure

overexposed no flame image. no schlieren from heat.

- 2. 7304 film A match (N₂) 230 ps
- 3. 7304 " A16 " match (N₂)
- 4. PlusX A 32 + 2 pit match (N₂) that was ok! too much Schlieren



Increased size of image match

- 5. " " " A8-16 overexposed no schlieren!
- 6. " " " A32

Comment. Nothing is photographed with out the Schlieren torch!!

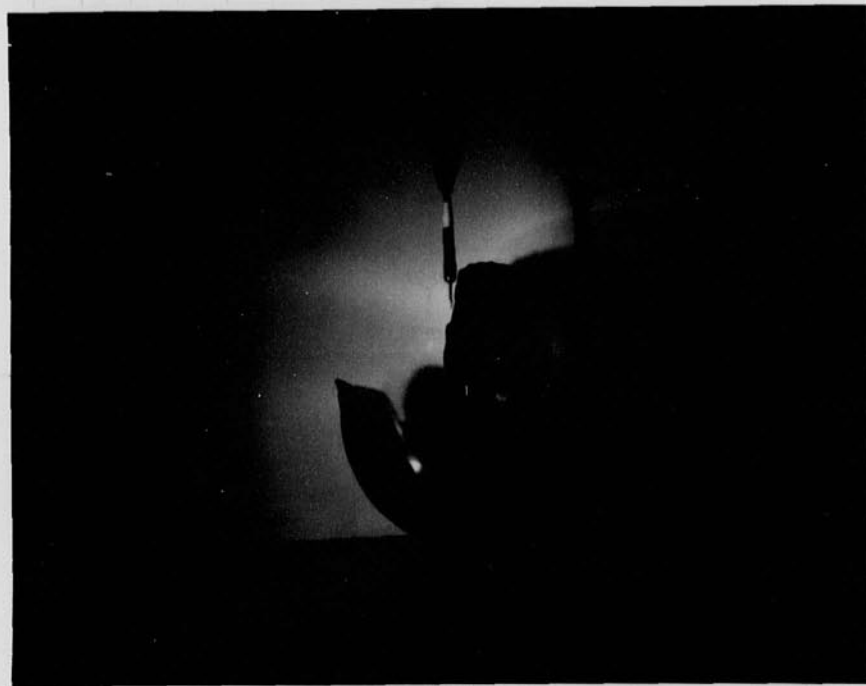
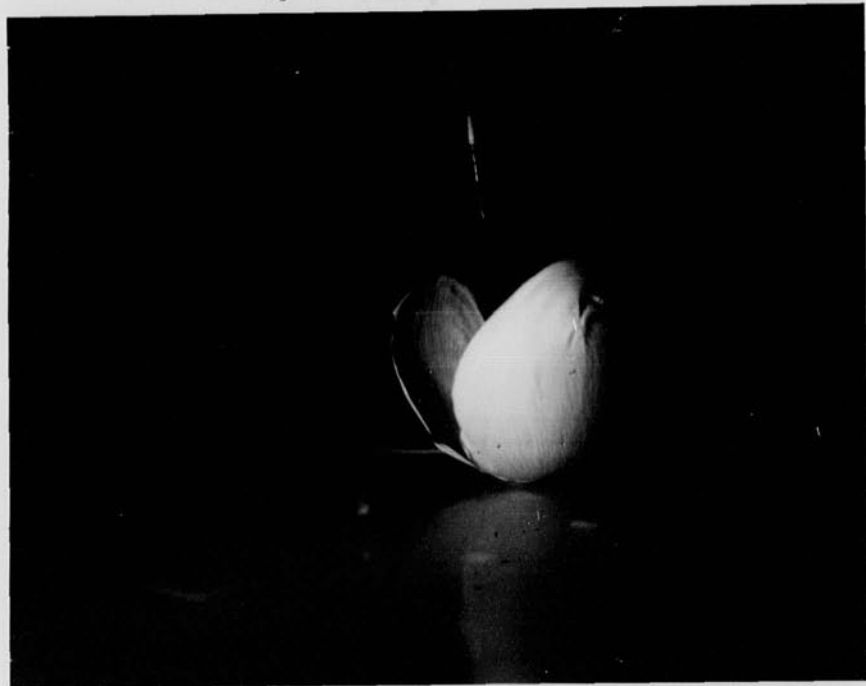
Feb 16 1975 Havel Egerton

STELL Standard (Smithsonian Inst.) gave a lecture with movies on Feb 14. in 34-101.

i. Elmer Fowler was here yesterday. He plans an expedition to Sardinia in August - possibly several too. Frank Cross (Harvard) will go on this. He is looking up the history etc.

Eric, Denise, and Maryanne - arrived 1030 east ~~area~~ night from N.Y. Eric is here for a few days.

Feb 17 He is working at the Museum of Modern Art in N.Y. Eric helped me yesterday test the microflash with a balloon burst. We used Polaroid 4x5 color film at 2 ft f 4.5 in my 4x5 mm camera. A microscope was used to trigger the flash.



Eric Egerton

Note early exposure due to room light (red),

Bus & Aron

Kaylas
came in on
Feb 17 set
test and
assemble the
equipment is
taken to N.Y. for
the

David Lettman
Show,

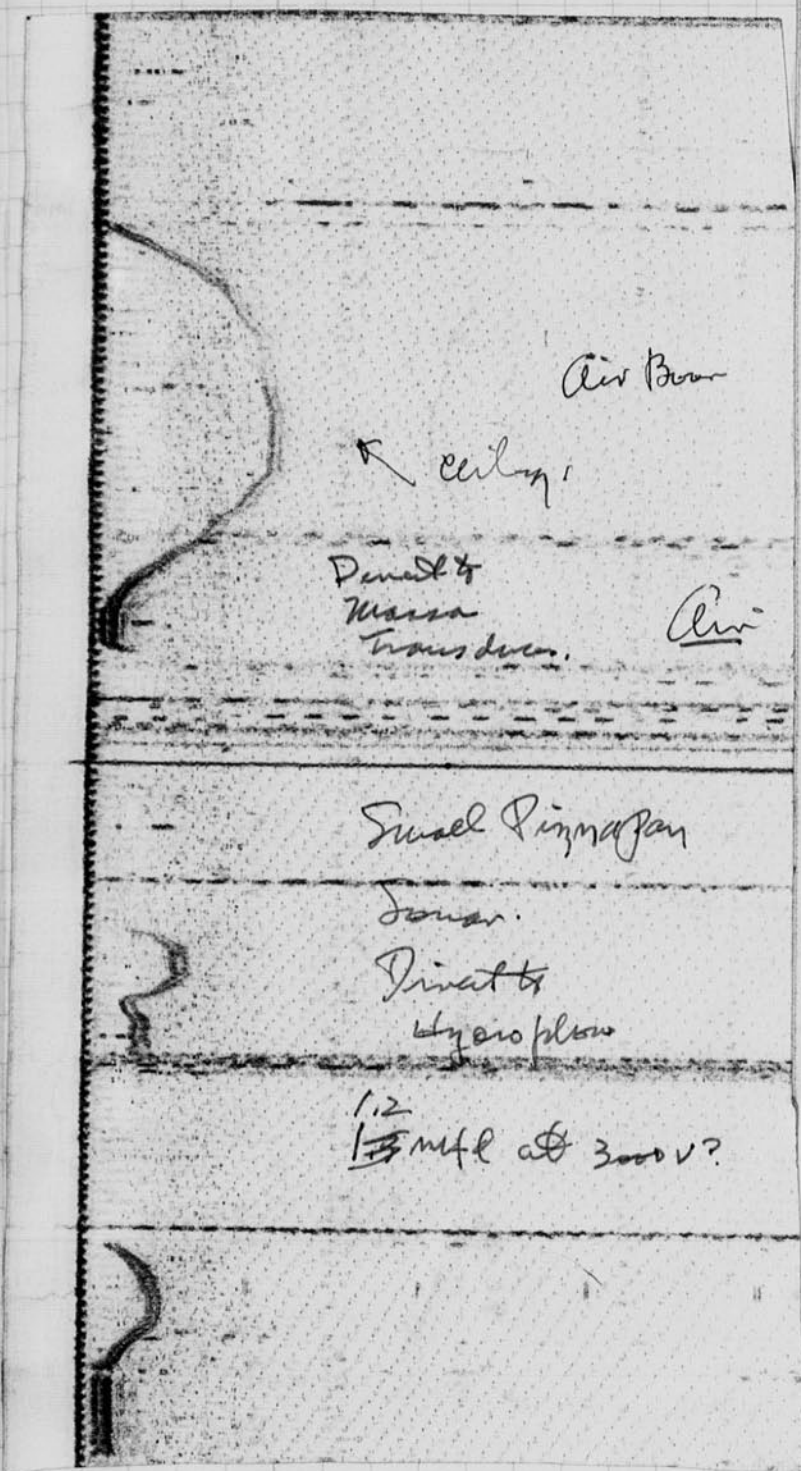
NBC

for Feb 19.

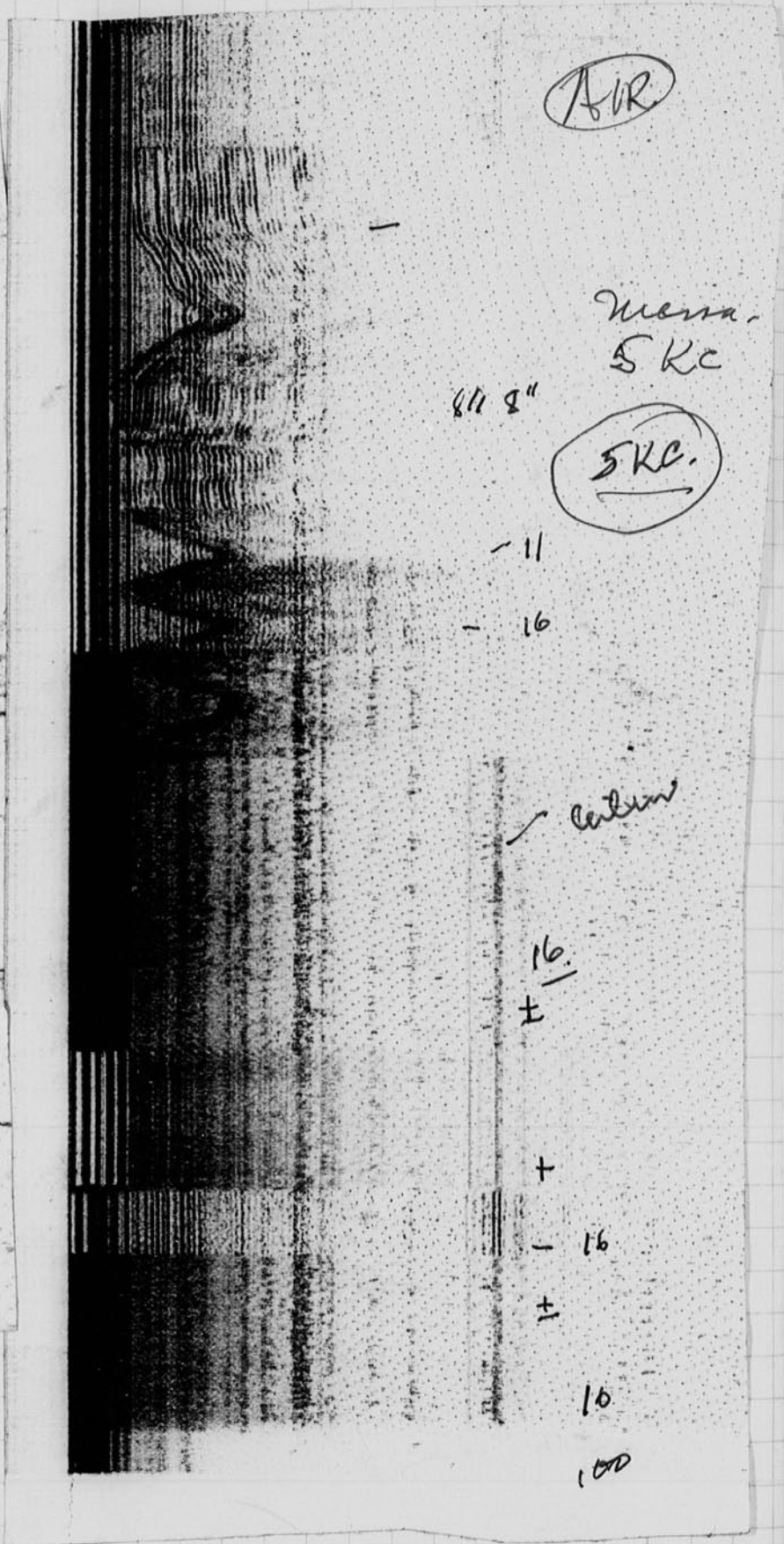
(12) (12Kc) (AVR)
 9 100
 ± (12Kc)
 +
 -
 ceiling C
 4-409
 1

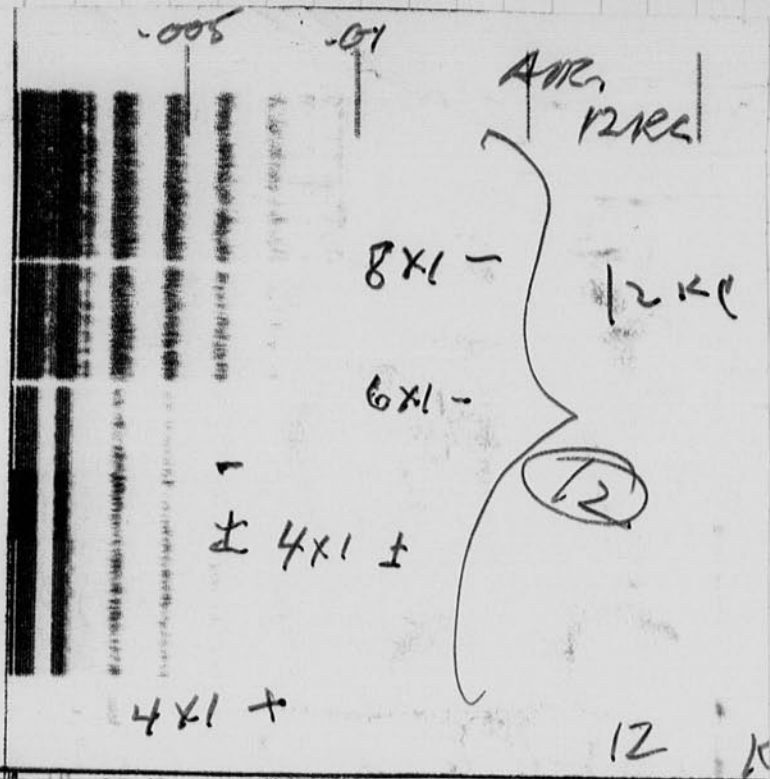
13.
 av.
 (5Kc)
 MASSA
 (13)
 11.
 ±
 ±
 +
 +

(AVR) (3.5)
 12.
 12
 ceiling
 (3.5)
 (TR-75 type A)
 35#
 ceiling →
 14
 12
 ± high
 +
 -
 ±
 3.
 5Kc



This is a coil of
wire (#18) on a piece of
Bakelite. An al
sheet is clamped over
it.





July 21 1985
 Harvard Edgeston
 MIT Pool
 Shallow end,
noon.

Tests of 12Kc 5Kc
 & 3.5Kc
 units.

8x1 low -

6x1 low -

12x1 low -

MIT
 Shallow
 Pool

8x1 Low -

6x1 Low -

4x1 Low -

4x1 Hum -

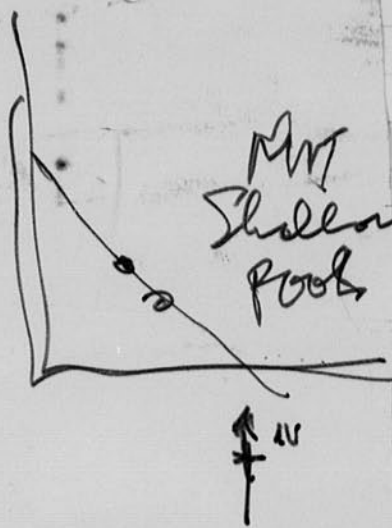
3x1

2x1

4x1 Hum

4

Hum



11 5x11 +

9 Pool.

7 Elev 21985

July 2

75

← BA. Shallow pool.
+ 5x1 Low. 5Kc

$$1.4 \text{ mm} \times \frac{0.1}{23 \text{ mm}} =$$

$$.00048 \text{ sec.}$$

$$2083.3370$$

Low

± ±

-14

5x1 Low -

3x1 Low -

6

- 5Kc.

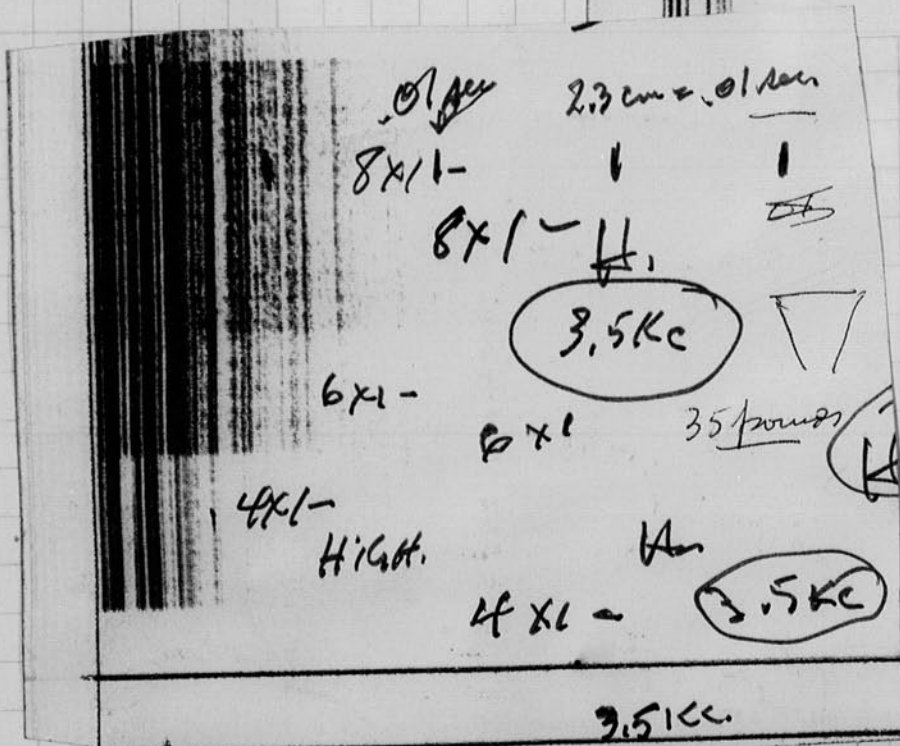
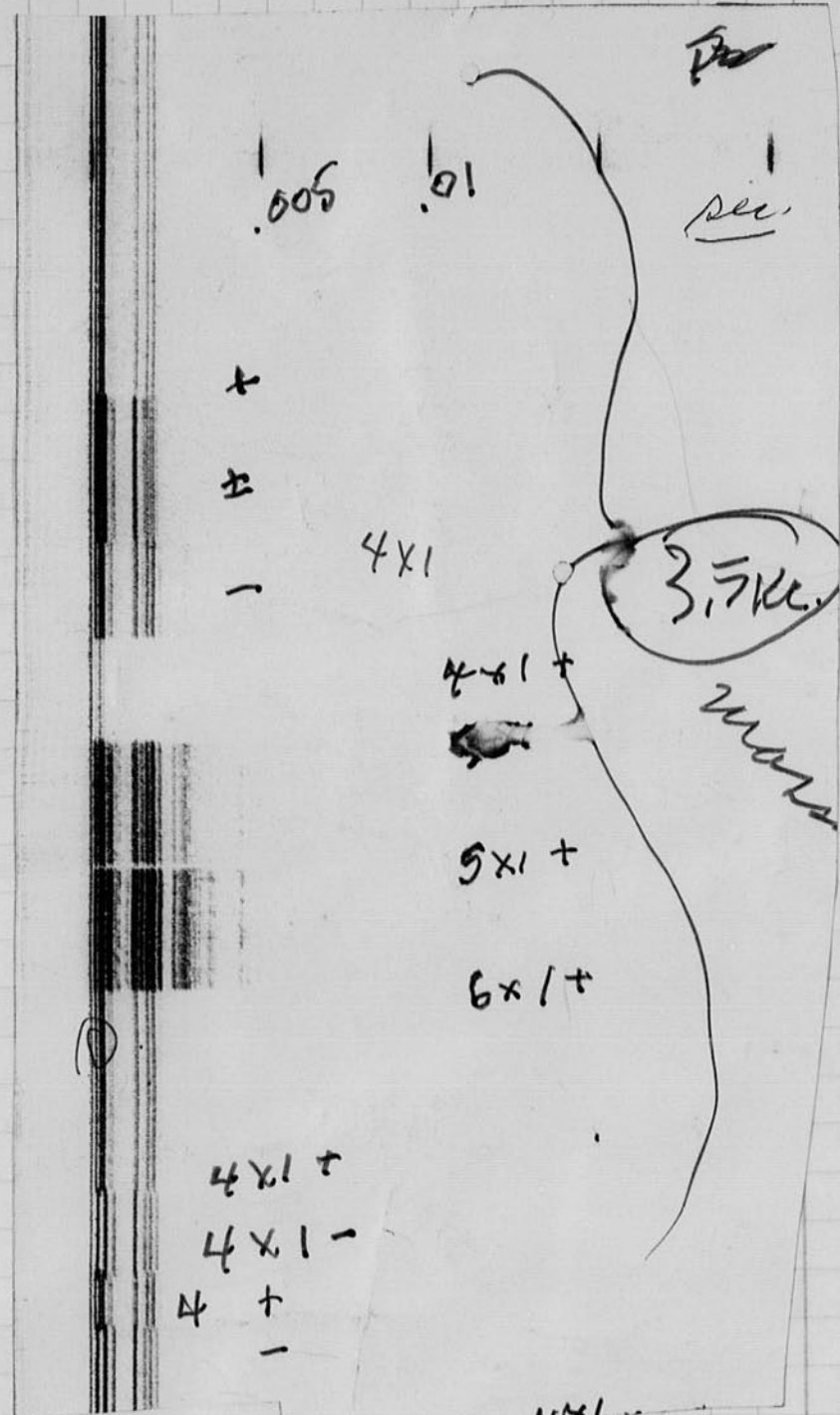
1x1 8.5 Low

Aurora Nebraska
Cemetery.

Wendell H. Henry Cole
Born Mar 2 1875
Aurora Died Nov 7 1972

Frank Eugene Edgerton
Nevada Co. Born Sept 29 1875
Aurora Died Nov 25 1961

from tomb standing
the cemetery north of
Aurora Neb.



Feb 21 1985
Harold Edgerton
BPC Unit 1701
High 1.5 mfd
low .3 ± ? mfd.

1 March 3, 1985 Harold Edgerton

Etta & I returned yesterday about 3:30 pm from Aurora Nebraska. We went on Monday to Omaha on United air lines where we met Mary Lee Dixon at Chicago. She came from Hickory N.C.

A Hertz car, Ford escort, was rented at Omaha for them in at Fremont (more).

We stayed at the Ken's Motel in Aurora for Mon, Tues, Wed nights.

Howard Anderson came over for yard to show us the sewer from operation south of Aurora. I am in partnership with Bob in the cattle feeding business. Ken Kramer is also in this effort. The Nat Board of Commerce is my representative.

There is a crisis in farms at the moment - the price for corn is down due to world conditions such as the expense of the US dollar. Interest rates are high.

Farmers operating on loans are troubled. The income is short of paying for the loans, we noticed that there were many auctions of land and equipment.

Etta slipped on a patch of ice and badly strained her right wrist. There was a swan loan fracture in the wrist, a cast was put on by Dr. Penner in Aurora.

We went to Elroy Valley to see aunt Etta. She is 101 years old - lives at the Good Samaritan Home.

I attended the Rotary Club in Aurora on Tuesday (?) with Ken Wadman.

My father, Frank Edgerton was the first president when the Club was organized.

A marker, stone 5' x 6" x 3.5 ft of Georgia granite was ordered from the Duder-Payne Monument Co of Grand Island. Keith Hamm cut address on the localizer near the place where the Sharp farm house was burned some years ago. The stone will be on the side of the house and some historical information on it.

Notebook # 35

Filming and Separation Record

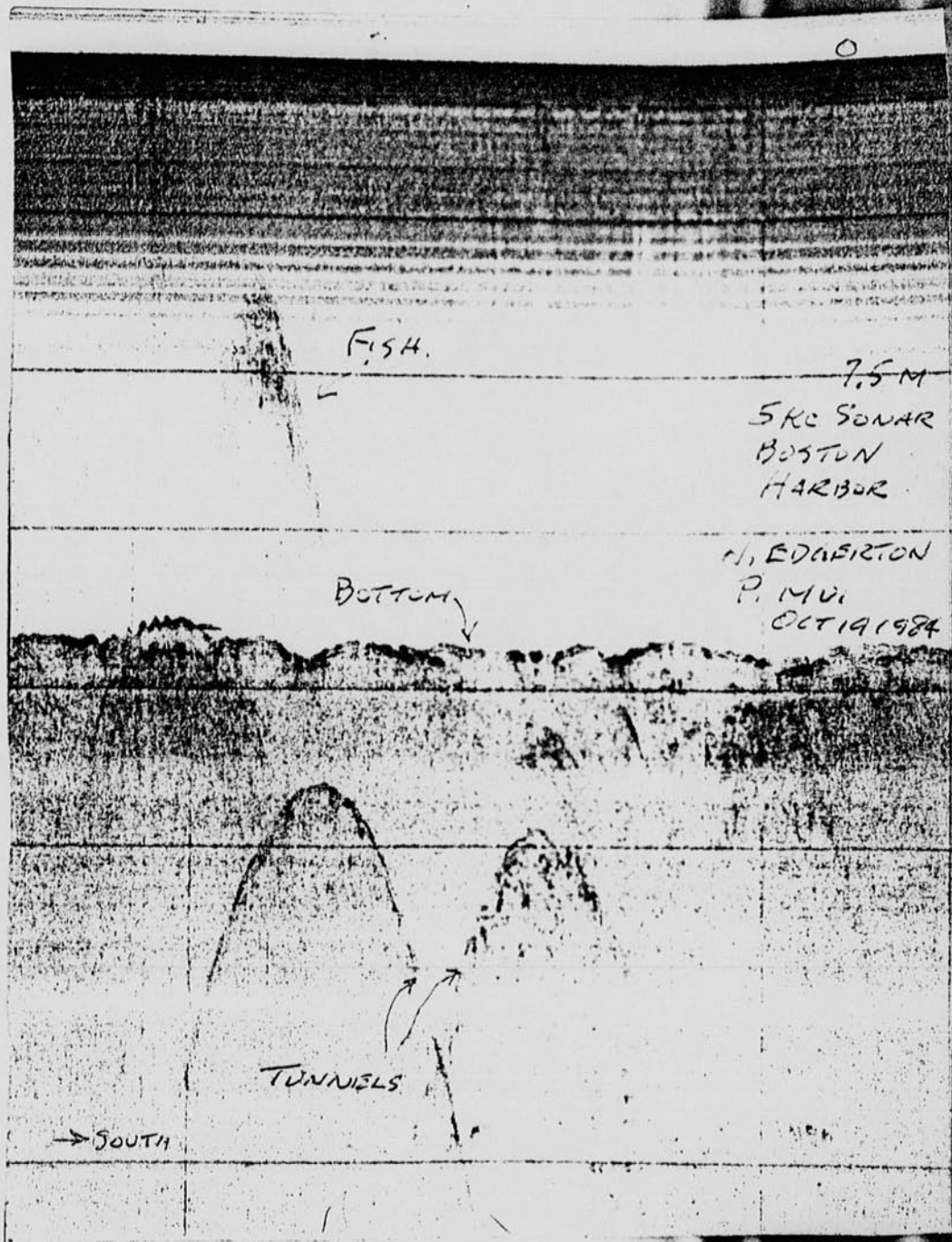
___ unmounted photograph(s)

___ negative strip(s)

1 unmounted page(s)
(notes, drawings, letters, etc.)

was/were filmed where originally located between page 78 and 79.

Item(s) now housed in accompanying folder.



Harold Edgerton

1984



Lincoln University
State Capital Bldg.

Gen Paul H. Kerrey.
Hank Edgerton
Trailblazers award
Friday, March 2, 1985

MAR 18 1985.

Ethan & I returned from Tampa by Delta 202 yesterday afternoon. We went to Tampa, then to St. Petersburg with Rob Lamb and Mrs. Lamb for the opening of the St. Pete Science Museum. I showed some photos etc.

After all night at the Biltmore (?) hotel on the bay we went to Sarasota in a Jet Tempo (Hertz). To stay with Margaret and Bob Robinson in Bird Key. We had lunch with Fyera (Farrow) in the, and saw Michael and David. (her sons). There was a few guests for lunch which we enjoyed. Then on the next day there was a dinner at the Bird Key club by Hank (?). I met Dan & Mrs.

Light B York 89 Summit Drive PH 2 - Box 8 Sarasota Fla 33577
He was with Patton and the red Ball by moon in France 1866.

We called on the Fews' Fran and Edelle
3320 Gulf Drive Bird Key Florida.

Belcher will be here thru Mar 21 at 11 am to
discuss a server with Sonar at ^{State} Cruise, (June 10),
Belcher phone NW 415-543, 1908 San Francisco.

April 1985

81

Harold Edgerton at 100 memoria Cine apartment 11-7A 11-? Two apartments.

I arrived at the Boston Air port about 5 pm on TWA 811 from Paris. The trip had started at Venice Italy at 2:30 am, then to Milan and Paris. Since Mar 23 I have been in Venice with Ed Curlog. We took a 3.5 Kc transducer and an FPC 1705 driver. This project was proposed by Antonio Stefanon who is at the uni in Venice. He also has connections with ECO who are helping him in his geology studies.

Dr. Werner from Kiel uni was a visitor in his home. Another full record of my activities are in a small pocket note book dated March 5 1985.

A report will be in draft form within a few days. It will be submitted to Dr. A. Stefanon for revision and improvement before being published.

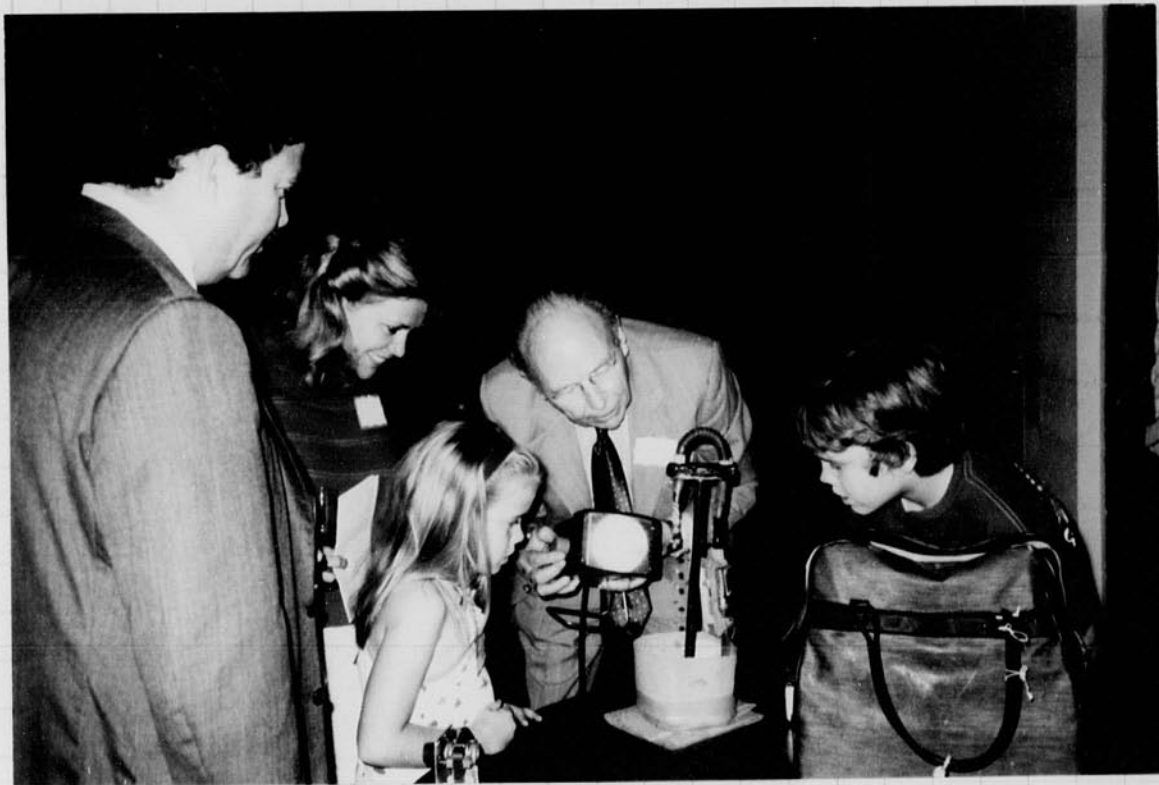


Photo taken in the Museum at St Petersburg Fla
several weeks ago.

April 5 1985 H. Edgerton. Strobe Feb 4 - 405

Rolf Spindler B.V. 2543856 in Museum (Yield)

82 April 14 Friday 1985.
Haverd Elgerton. 9 pm

Esther and I have just returned today from Idaho Falls Idaho
We went on Wed Apr 17 via United to Chicago. Salt Lake
City to Idaho Falls, met by Marilyn Summers and
Jan Zane 525 8287. Room 388 at Littletree Inn.

Apr 18 pickup by Summers at 9:30 to University place
Lecture at 9 am for high school students 54 on program

Lucann Briscoe - Rigby High School
Darlene Lee

John De Felici) Shoshone High School
Sarah Christen)

Mich Aquilina - Deputy Mayor 100

Troy Wade II manager

I gave a slide lecture until 10:30.

Donut and coffee break.

1045. movies - Bat in action
Sloow motion sand
Diving on oxygens. Baiting

Discussion at Lab under group after
inspection of some projects.

Dinner at Snake Club Restaurant with
group invited by Zane - Troy

Pick ups at 6:50 by Marilyn Summers for
airport Western flight to Chicago

Judy Seidel. Bank Street center for children & since
college of education
610 West 112 St 10025
Newark N.J.

T.V. Program for children
(Nancy Eavis) Arthur Miller and Penn

Gordon Walls called about Aug 5 or 12 to Norfolk and
Rochester 15 85 - 15 89 - English Colony.

O'Rourke B.J. April 17 #3 P.O. Box 14400 P.O. Box 4400
Excellent advice on nuclear qualifications

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chives and Special Collections.

<http://libraries.mit.edu/archives/>

argentin fellows
Joshua Cohen
84-85 1253-2494

ph 3 5247

Jay Lim

36-653

ph 3-8743

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<http://libraries.mit.edu/archives/>

May 12 1985. Yesterday at Hawthorne College in U.S.
to give the common credit address.

I went "out" in my talk and did not "come to"
until I left the stage some 1/2 hour later. I don't
remember finishing my talk or the wording of
the degree, ~~after~~ I went through the ceremony
in a daze. I was on at the dinner the s. Will
this happen again??

It reminded me of an accident I had
in a football game in Corona. I was "out" for
several plays with no memory, but I wasn't
going.

Watts in N.C. would an expedition to
Virginia find the last colony of Rossmore, 1585-1589
Suggests Aug 5 or 12. Dickson and Penetration
I may take Greg - with me as a helper

May 14 1986 Monday 12:07 at MIT Augur Hospital Cambridge.
Gordon went in for surgery on her arm at 9:15 am. I
now must be to get out of the recovery room. Her nerves
in her right arm (wrist) seem to be pinched!

H. Edgerton
 May 15 1985
 T.V. Program suggested
 Helley's Comm. ~~meeting~~

John Wilkerson)
 Jerry Pomroy.) Wash.
 202 234-4277.

Senior MIT, Physics Dept.
 Meghan DONAHUE 6X5 8766
 from Reznay neighbor
 East of town: Paul Mansky - Lives at Wellesley VII Student
 231-6908.

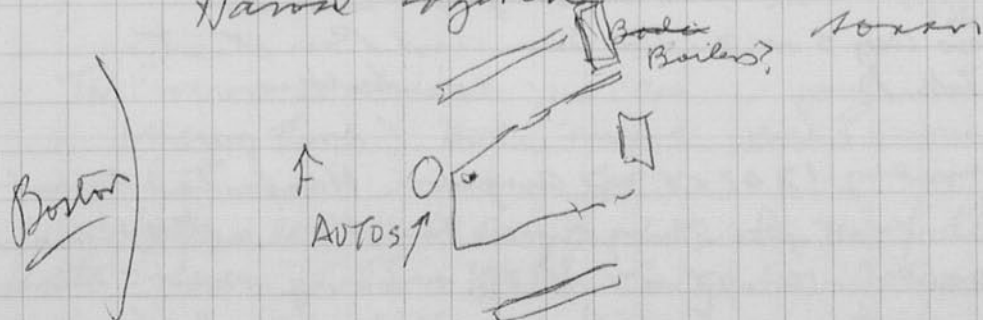
Jan-jun Lee - String in Stair way. Exhibit Bldg.

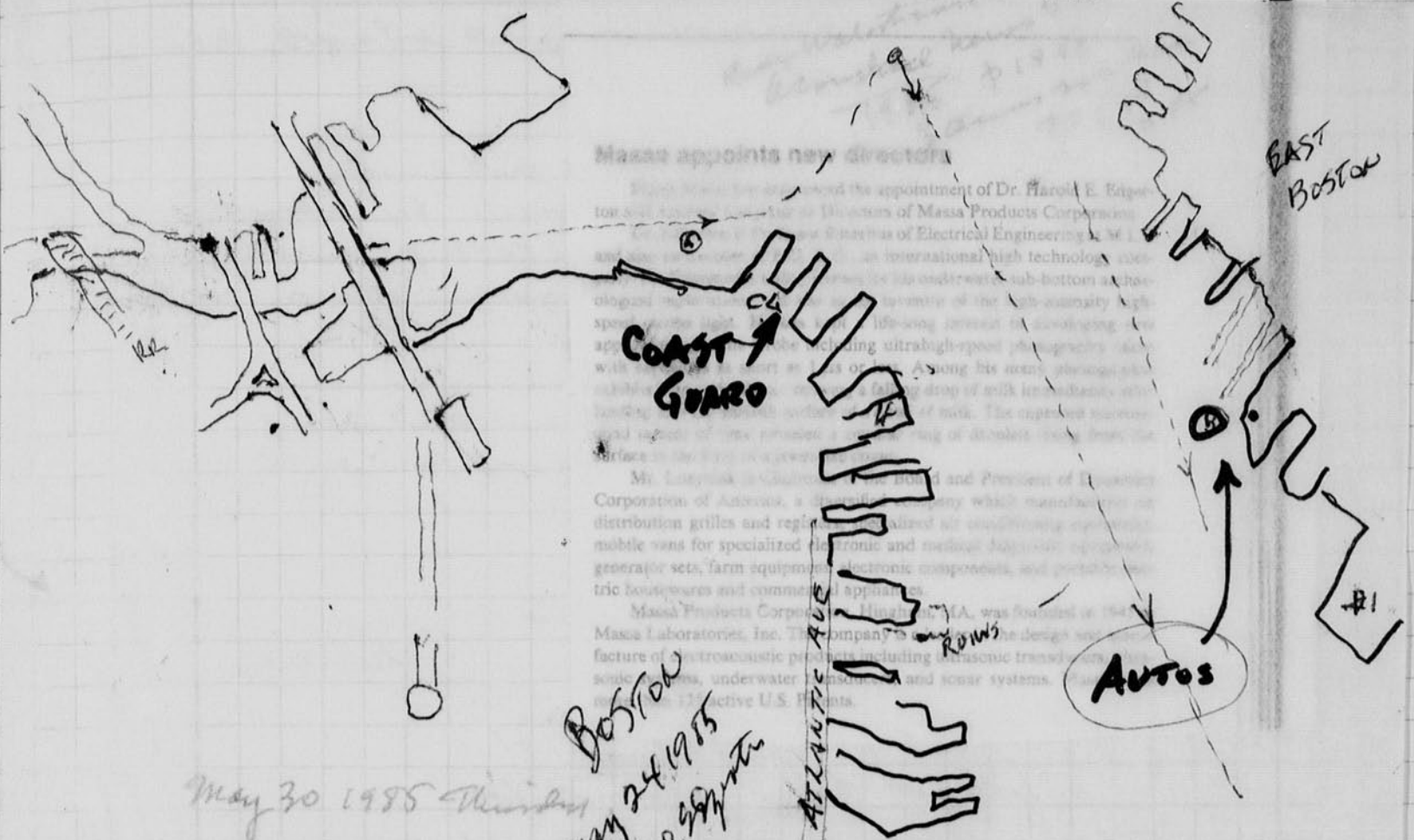
May 24 1985. Yesterday I took the
 N.H. Air plane to Wash at 9:55. Then I went
 to the White House to meet Capt Jacques Yves
 Cousteau, who received a medal of Freedom
 from ~~the~~ President Ron. Reagan. Several
 folks from MIT, Anne Marie, were the other
 guests of Cousteau. Some 13 people got
 medals. I got one in 1946.

Today I went into the river and
 harbor with Walt Weinberg (of BULLS)
 and to test the latest sonar.

We spotted the Bubble wreck, and
 the cars off the pier in East Boston.

Fred Homan } in M.I.T. (Whaler)
 Walt Weinberg } Boat with
 Henry Newfield } R6 & 2 Sibs Gear
 Harold Edgerton } Sonar





May 30 1985 Thursday

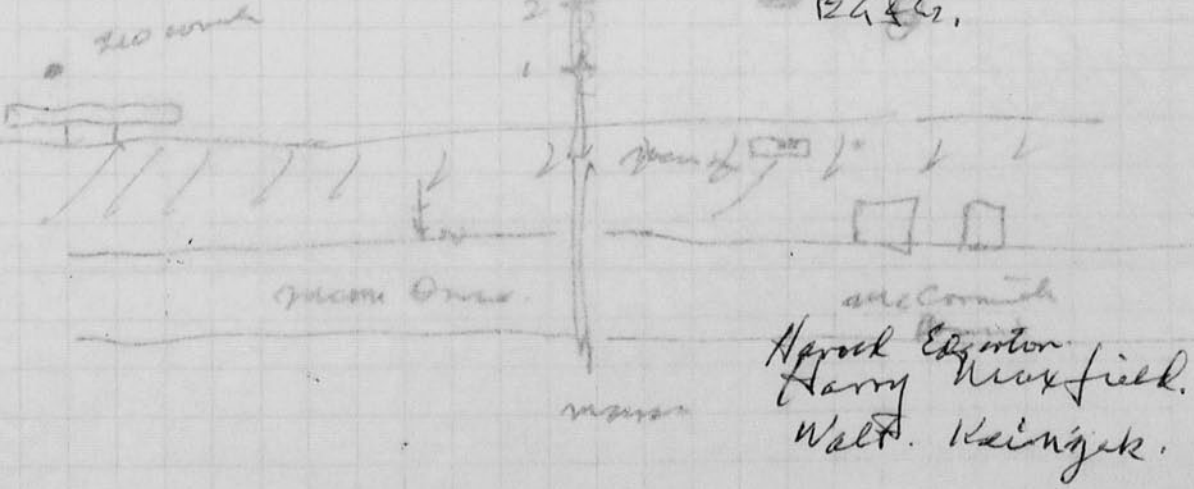
BOSTON
 July 24 1985
 1.1 mm 99 parts
 FROM 1-93
 (of July 1982)

Yak...
 for tests at sea...
 channel to this...
 with from Japan.

Two...
 All Class...
 Bull... middle.



1985
 260 Gill Scan
 E&G.



River Warehouse, USA
Circumstances News
1985 \$19.63
8 Circumstances News
77 (5)
1985

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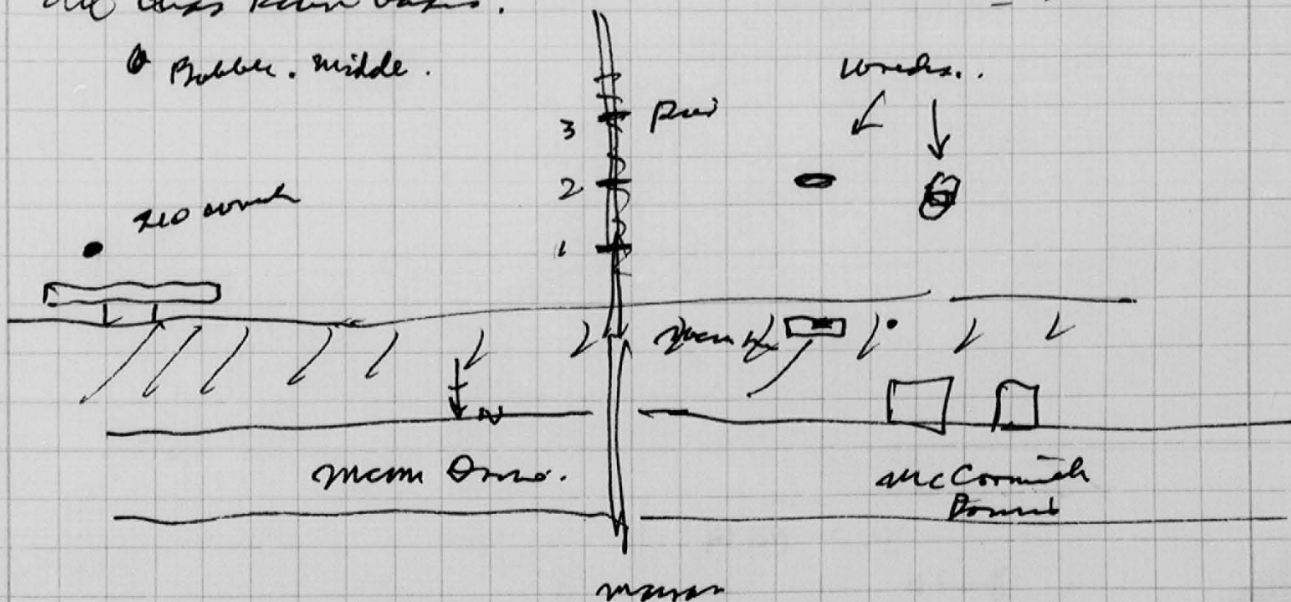
<http://libraries.mit.edu/archives/>

May 30 1985 Thursday

Left MIT on the large Boston Whaler with Walt Wernicke, Hong and Jim Bellinger for tests at sea. We went to Buoy Reg 1 at the channel to the harbor. Several TOYOTA a large SUV from Japan.

Two winds were found in all class River basins. Seen with Bathy 260

• Probe. middle.



MAP OF
CHARLES RIVER
AT MIT
5 WRECKS.

Hand Edgerton
JUNE 1985.

James R. Edgerton
3550
253-6729

James R. Edgerton
3550
253-6729

June 2 1985 Sunday.

Mus of Science opened division exhibit last night. A long crowd attended.

HIGH SPEED
SEMINAR,
part of
attendees.

June 16 1985. High Speed seminar last week
(June 10-14) - 25 people attended. Excellent
program using videotape. I talked about
every day. Experiments on residual stars.

Wann Lou and Martha Dixon came several
days ago. We are scheduled to have lunch
at 12:30 today with Jan Dixon and family
in Brooklyn.

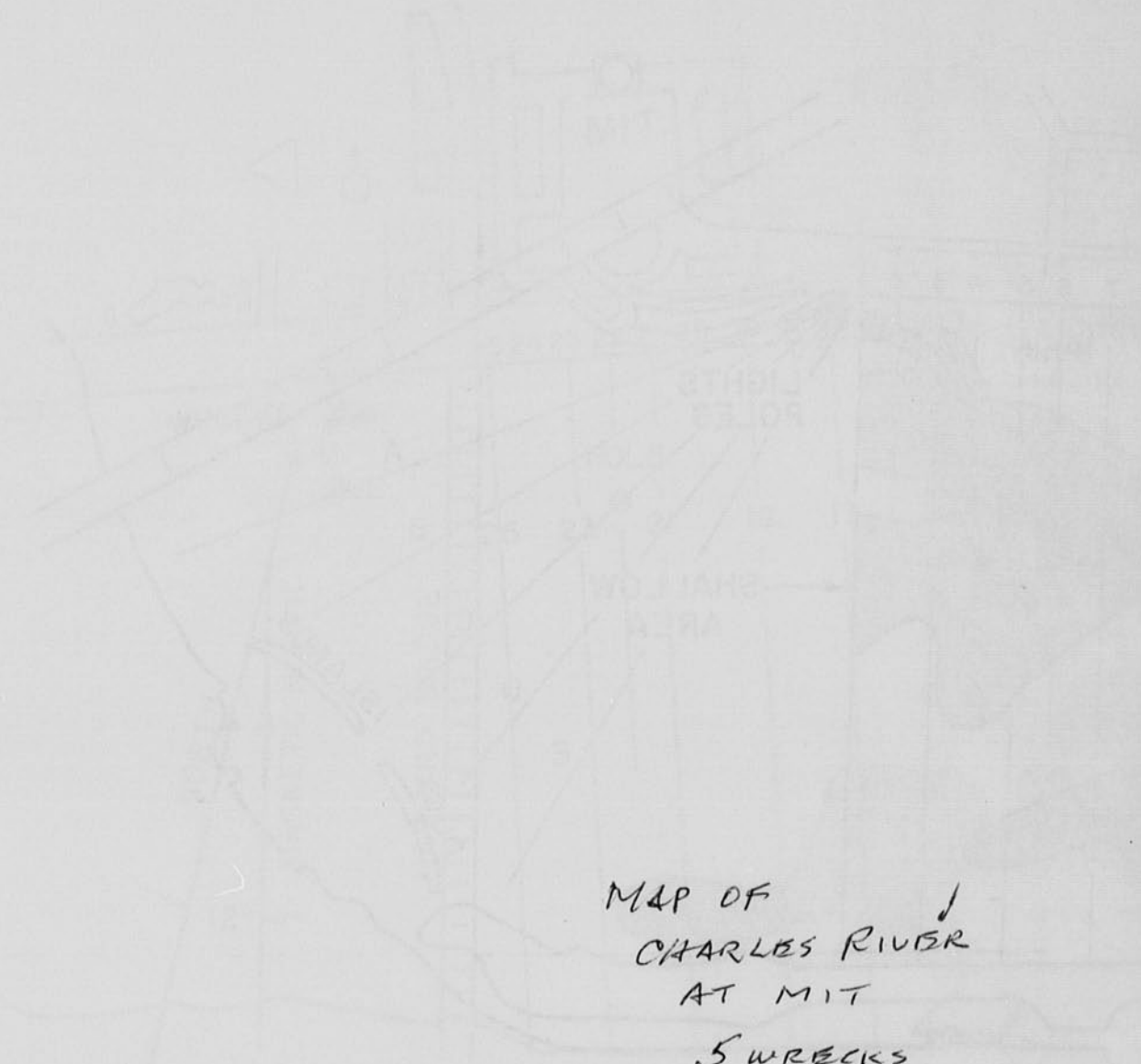
June 25. Brian Roseborough, called
also Chamberlain for EastWest
on the phone. conference.

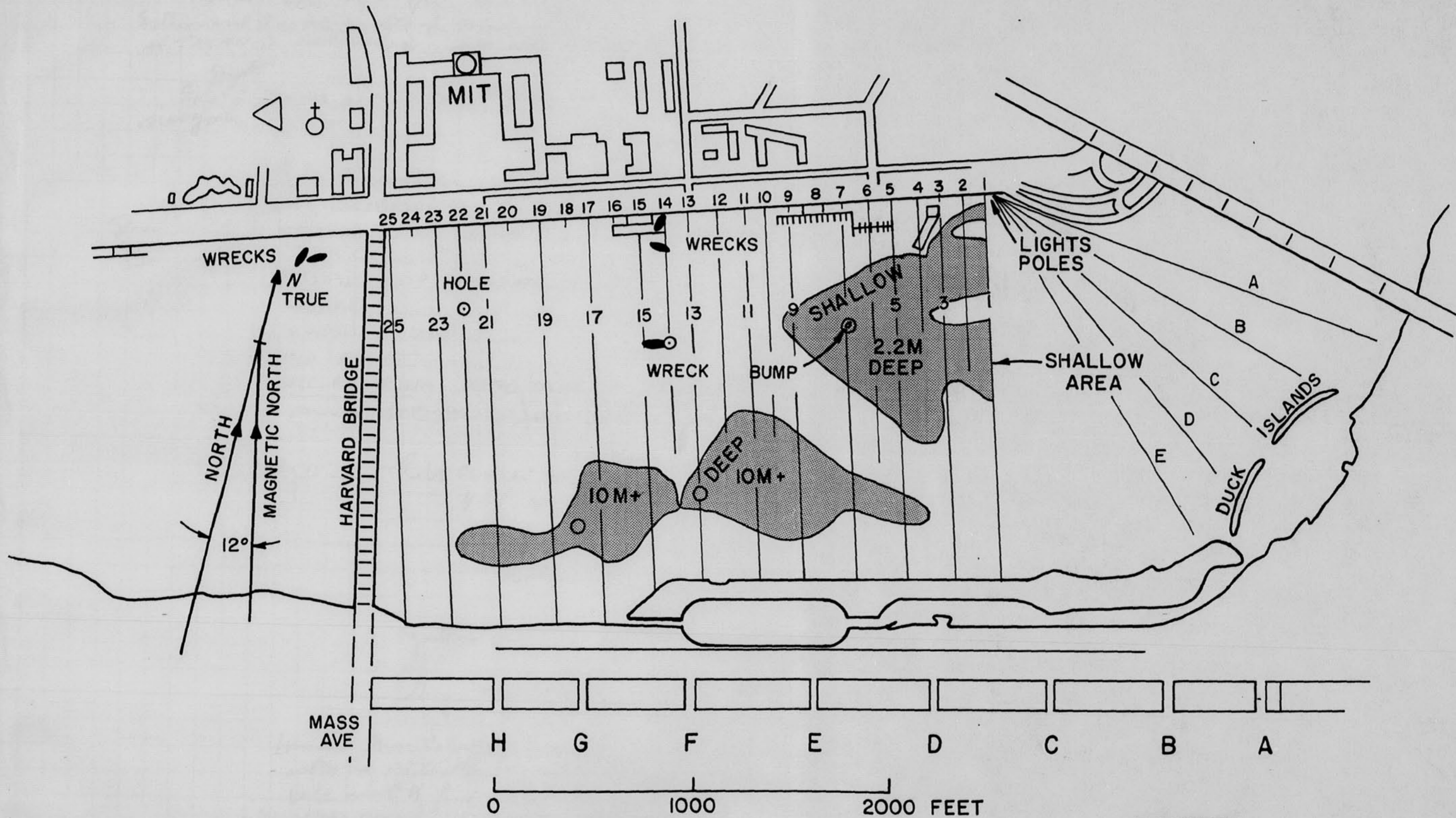
50,000 3 year 10% interest.
Jan, 27, 86 Bill Marple's went
with me to E.P.C. to try to get noise
out of the 1707 - units. No results!

1000

MAP OF
CHARLES RIVER
AT MIT
5 WRECKS.

Haniel Edgerton
JUNE 1985.





CHARLES RIVER BASIN

BOSTON

HAROLD EDGERTON - JUNE 1985

July 5 85 HZ.

Returned last night from San Diego,
Esther and I were guests of Michael Salazar
at TACAN in Carlsbad. We went west on July 1.

^{Edgerton}
Eric & Denise are in Carlsbad from
Neogyah.

Eric Hawdell.

POP - OPTIX LABS

647-1395

241 CRESCENT ST.

WALTHAM, MA 02154

Flora
Chen

- DEVELOPED LEEP STEREOSCOPIC CAMERA SYSTEM
- LIFESIZE
- WINDOWLESS VIEW
- NEW PATENT
- GREGORIO RIVERA VISITED STROBE LAB WITH VIEWER
Mexico - H. Wirth, July 9th 1985.

July 10 85

Robt Cooke 2nd Writter

404 526-5408

PO Box 4689

Atlanta 220 30302

Cynthia Herman

Greg Herman.

Herman, Max Roberts & I went
out to the Boston Harbor with the
OKE unit to find side bottom targets
off the playground just before the Coast guard.

July 11, 1985

H. Edgerton.

Sea Grant -

Eric Johnson.

Roy Ryder and wife were here last night
Dinner at Seafood (Fogel). Alexander Lyons and cake etc.

I inspected the ROV Program yesterday
3-062 Room. Fran O'Neil in charge. I saw the
soldered arm - completed!

Sea Grant 3-7041 3-7042 Norman Docking.
(Remote operated vehicle) ROV.

(Wed).

July 17, Bruce Dale and son Greg came in morning with
a rifle and many watches. They are taking photos of
the bullet with rifle watches possibly subject for the
next few days. Bill MacRoberts helped yesterday.

Lunch at Earth's water today noon. Estelle and
Jean go with me at 12 noon. Brian Roseborough, Lucy and
daughter Annabel maybe there.

Tomorrow July 18 Ken Hemmerhansen will come to the
lab to be interviewed by Sylvia Stephens of U.B.T. as an
inventor.

Ammo sent by Bruce Dale. 223 Remington
55 gr full metal case .X 223 R1.
Winchester.

2 Boxes obtained by M.I.T. - for Dale.

July 20, 1985 Harold Edgerton

Photos of EX 6A to show the arc starter
over glass. Certainly the EX-108 which lacks the
bits of glass on the bulb.

Greg Hornum is preparing to take a 5000 volt and
some spigots Serbia. He will work with
Shirley.

July 21, 1985 H. Edgerton. Greg Hornum had a problem with set, water
yesterday. Today it was dried out. I will recommend he
use to metal box. Also plan to make covers for
the unit. P.C.R.

Aug 3 1985 Sat. Game # 405 MIT. Stone Lake.

89

Yesterday morning - Mass. Co Board meeting at #3 Boston.

" afternoon - 40 students visit Stone Lake

Lussin U.I. under Jim Klenck to look for

1500 #600 silver bars in Arthur's Kill with

KLENCK-? Greg Hansen - we used a 6 KHZ sonar with some
success except we have many records of deep
depth and subbottom off buoys 10, 12, 14, 16 etc.
opposite Sullivan(?) Brook.

Richard and Bob Ryan operated the lead Dattir.

Mass 6 pack 12KC transmitters from Frank Mason
Hydriphon TR 1025C Ser 440 from Don Mason.

Pair of 4 color disco tech sound activated
strobe by (Imaging Plus)

Boise Idaho

Michael Stronger

10715 Winterhawk

83709

208-362-6276

Jim Forsythe

HC 33 Box 3050

83704

208-343-1473

Notebook # 35

Filming and Separation Record

___ unmounted photograph(s)

___ negative strip(s)

4 unmounted page(s) *4 page pamphlet*
(notes, drawings, letters, etc.)

was/were filmed where originally located between page 88 and 89.

Item(s) now housed in accompanying folder.

11 475-8431 andover martha Kless
Home.

Students at M.I.T.

SEAGRANT 1
Christening

June 19, 1985

RV EDGERTON
New England Aquarium

3.7041 Sea Grant. ann
42 Boeing

[6064 Iran
ant. ann]

3.062.

R.O.V.

Aug 10 - Mon
~~Get~~ 11-14 Sail

2 top cost.

Welcome

Norman A. Doelling

ROV Program
at MIT

Thomas Sheridan

Introduction of
SEAGRANT 1
Development Team
and comments

Jean O'neil

Eric Jackson

Christening

Jean Doelling

Box Lunch

on board the Discovery

Inspection of
SEAGRANT 1

On board RV Edgerton

ROV

SEAGRANT 1 is truly a cooperative project among government, industry and academic collaborators. In 1982 John and Hap Perry contributed the mechanical portions of SEAGRANT 1 to MIT. The Sea Grant College Program at MIT funded MIT faculty and students to apply their laboratory tested hardware and software ideas to this vehicle. Additional student support was provided by a generous grant from the Chevron Corporation. Robotic Systems, Inc. has cost-shared with us on a hydraulic manipulator arm which will be installed on SEAGRANT 1 this summer. International Submarine Engineering, Ltd. (ISE) provided computers, connectors and miscellaneous hardware. ENDECO, Inc. lent us a compass and sensors on a long-term basis. SubSea Systems overhauled and repaired the video system on the vehicle and provided technical assistance. Emerson & Cuming generously donated flotation materials. Benthos, Inc. has provided technical assistance and lent us cameras to work with during sea trials.

Canada

computer

T.V.

float

camera systems

Jackson

Jim McFarlane, President of ISE, most generously sent Eric Jackson to work with us for a full semester and to share with the faculty and the students his technical knowledge, experience, patience and pleasant personality. Eric's leadership made this project an important educational experience for us all. His dedicated, talented and enthusiastic research team is listed on the next page.

Maggio #12

Doehling
Sheridan

SEAGRANT 1 Student Development Team

Eric Jackson
Fran O'Neill

Project Manager ✓
Assistant Project Manager,
Mechanical Engineering

Andy Bennet

Ocean Engineering

Mark Brown

Aeronautics and Astronautics

Hanson Cheah

Freshman

Tom Darci

Mechanical Engineering

• Dave DiPietro

Mechanical Engineering

Tom Esselmen

Electrical Engineering

→ Kleber Gallardo *S. Agando*

Mechanical Engineering

→ Rohan Khaleel

Electric Engineering

→ Tom Liu

Freshman

Alberto Moel

Electrical Engineering

Phillip Paoletta

Mechanical Engineering

→ Andy Schiller

Mechanical Engineering

Jon Singer

Mechanical Engineering

→ Mark Traudt

Electrical Engineering

Omar Valerio

Electrical Engineering

Bill Walter

Mechanical Engineering

Dana Yoerger

Mechanical Engineering

Ron Church

18 Students

#3, Aug 3, 1985.

Many experiments with transducers and two EPC recorders.

(1). Grounds are important.

(2). Don't over volt receiver.

3. Cut down excitation of transducer
(a boomer single pulse should be better, think to pursue this).

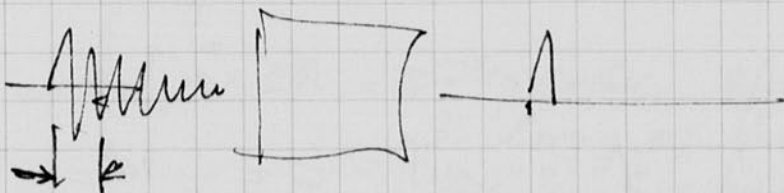
Peter

Conversation with Neil & Michael Matter.

Esposito - ~~USA~~ Chemford man

250 - 6600 - 8000 people, 6 days off.

Digital Processor. Signal manipulator.



Delay. 1 period per interval.

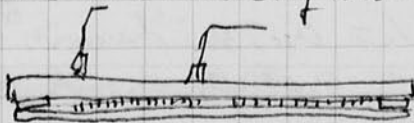
T.I. clips 20. convolutions.

2 per a sample.

3210 T.I. clips Texas Instruments

Suggested system to clip the return signal so that it would be shorter in time - and give better resolution of the sonar returns.

Aug 3 1985 5pm. The signal must be of shorter duration to get more resolution. I must get busy on a boomer design. There are many notes about boomers in this book.

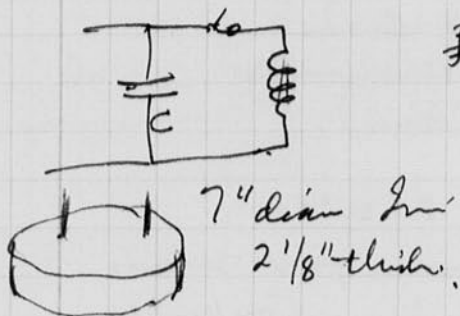


- Babulite square 1ft x 1ft x 1/2"
- Flat wire coil with shape
- Solid cone at end.
- Flat aluminum plate
- Four screw ends.
- Spray together.
- Caliber ground.

1. Measure k with no plate.
2. Measure k with plate as a function of frequency.
3. Measure current time when the coil is pulsed.
4. Measure the output in water.

Aug. 8, 1975. Hz & Bill was.
 Inductor: Plastic
 Primary of EL44, 1080 turns on
 on short iron core. Stacked in middle.

3 millihenries. $Q = 13,6223. ? ?$



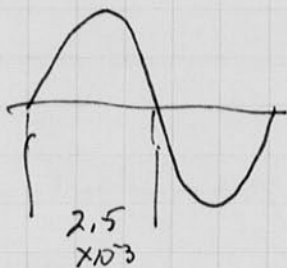
$$T = 2\pi\sqrt{LC} = 6\sqrt{3 \times 10^{-3} \cdot 2 \times 10^{-6}}$$

$$= \sqrt{6 \times 10^{-9}} = \sqrt{60 \times 10^{-10}}$$

$$T = 6 \times 8 \times 10^{-4}$$

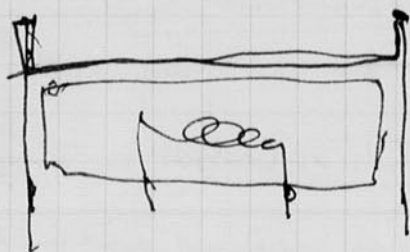
$$T = 50 \times 10^{-4} \text{ sec}$$

$$\approx 5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ sec. } 1 \text{ cycle.}$$



$$T = 2.5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ sec.}$$

$$f = \frac{1}{T} = \frac{1}{5} 10^3 = 200 \text{ cycles. } ?$$

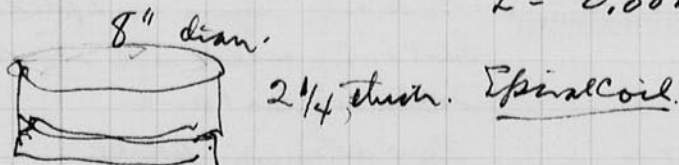


Bill says a pan with
 worn edge will kill the
 motion.

Westgate Michael - Inclusion energy, M.I.T.
 Uni of Glasgow.

An alum plate on the coil reduces the ind to $1/2$
 1.5×10^{-3} henries. 1.7×10^{-3} henries. of just al.

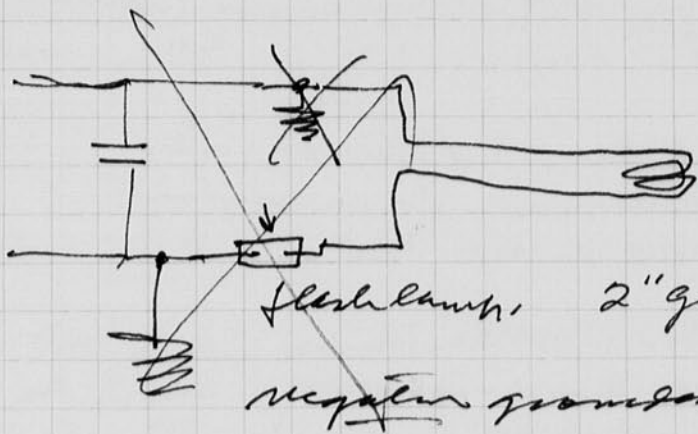
Disc through (no dim?). $L = 0.17 \times 10^{-3}$ henries $Q = 69$ \checkmark change
 $L = 0.08 \times 10^{-3}$ - $Q = 1.5$ al plate



Torb Thor Driver. Ar. & Bill Truck.

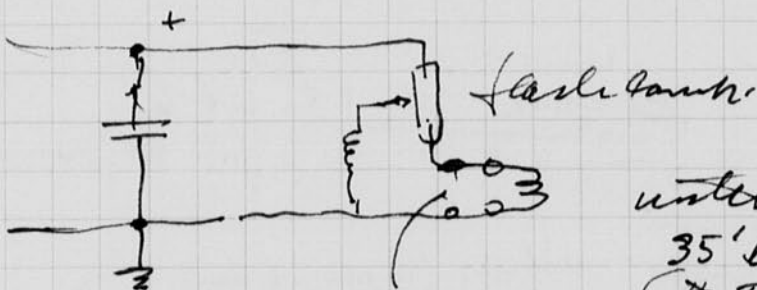
0.47 mfd. Smallest capacitor
vols.

0.4 measured ✓



1300 volts open cir.
D.C. no load.

flash lamp, 2" gap 1cm diam X-ray for
tinted.



with cable, 2 conductor.
35' long of heavy
(#8?) 2 conductor.
(#10) twice cable.

Coil & 35' cable #10
 $L = 3.14 \times 10^{-3}$ henries.

Coil only $L = 3.14 \times 10^{-3}$ (can't see cable effect),

Cable only $L = .143 \times 10^{-3}$ henries.

no iron coil + cable. 35' #10, $L = .198 \times 10^{-3}$ h.
Coil only. (no iron) $.16 \times 10^{-3}$ h.

Cap = 0.47 + 4 + 16 mfd, with switches.

Maria Beel PhD
Sci and medical correspondent
Stem magazine Corp.
60 East 56th St
New York NY 10022,

Photographer Robert Lebeck Hamburg 50
Warburgstrasse 50 040 41 18 35 67/68

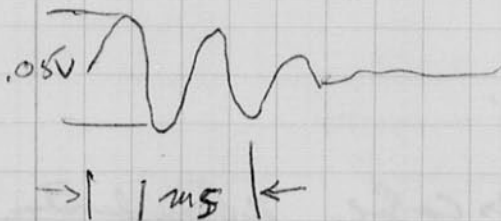
Visited with the same day as group from Quebec.

Aug 12, 1955 Harvard Edgerton 4-405

Air leaked boomer plate. It occurred to me that a thin-walled balloon could be used to supply air and below the plate and the driver of a boomer.

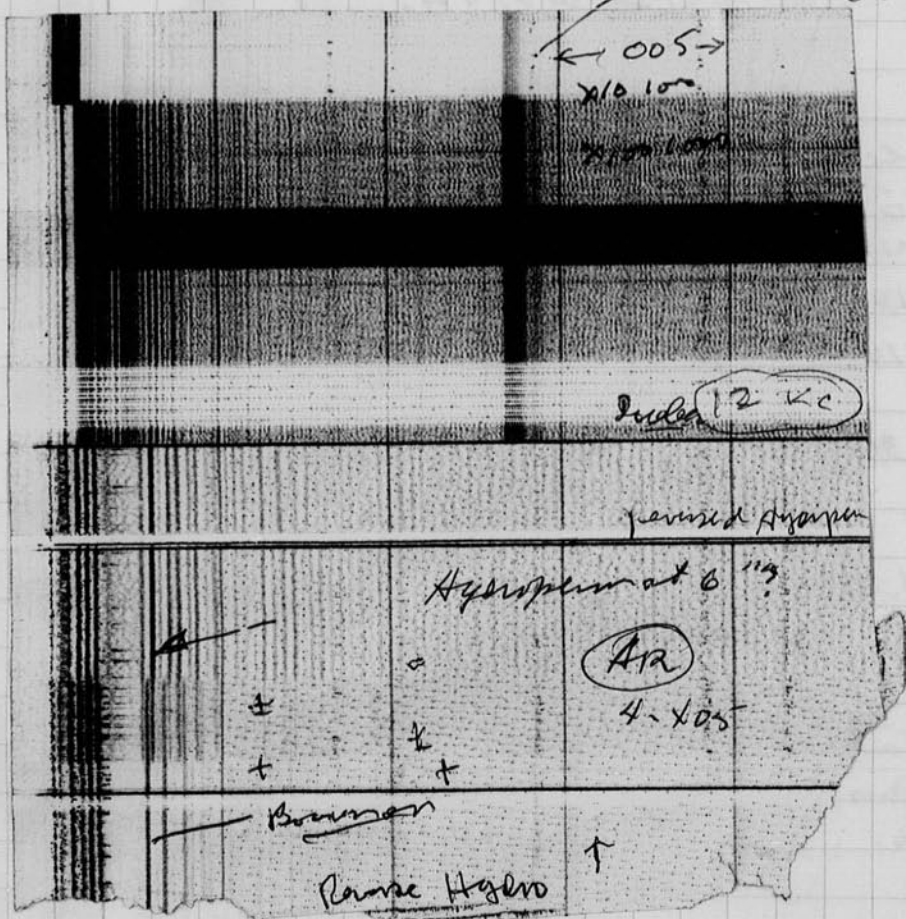
First I must try to see how far I can go with out any air. Then a balloon can be compressed in the plate-coil area for further tests.

Boomer, $\omega = 4 \text{ mfc} + 0.47$
 Metal plate on 6" coil See page 92,
 f into Massa Transducer at 8". $\approx 2000 \text{ Hz}$. for 3 cycles in air. $\approx 5 \text{ volts peak to peak}$



Massa TR-25, at 6"
 or 8" \pm

coil 12 KC. Double
 $\times 10 - 100$



note. operate with
 - signal, when the
 Massa Hydrophen
 is used.

Hydrophen inside
 AIR, will let
 small signals go
 when immersed in water
 6" ?



al plate held on
 with 4 screws.

Aug 15 1955
H. S. Dyer

Boomer	Distance	Refractive Index	f
6" diam	9"	±.01	7000
12 KC	2"	.005 waves.	12 KC?
6 KC	6"	±.01	6 KC?

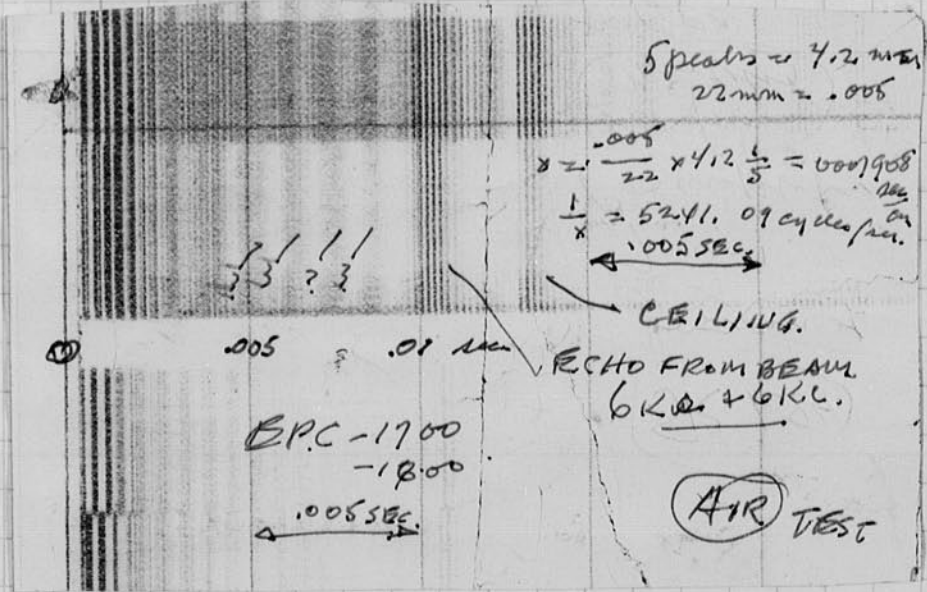
This test in air indicates that the Boomer should be ok for use in the water and maybe for under bottom sounds. The pulse duration is about 0.2 milliseconds.
 $D = \lambda \times f = 1500 \text{ m/sec} \times 0.0002 = 0.3 \text{ meters} \approx 1 \text{ foot.}$

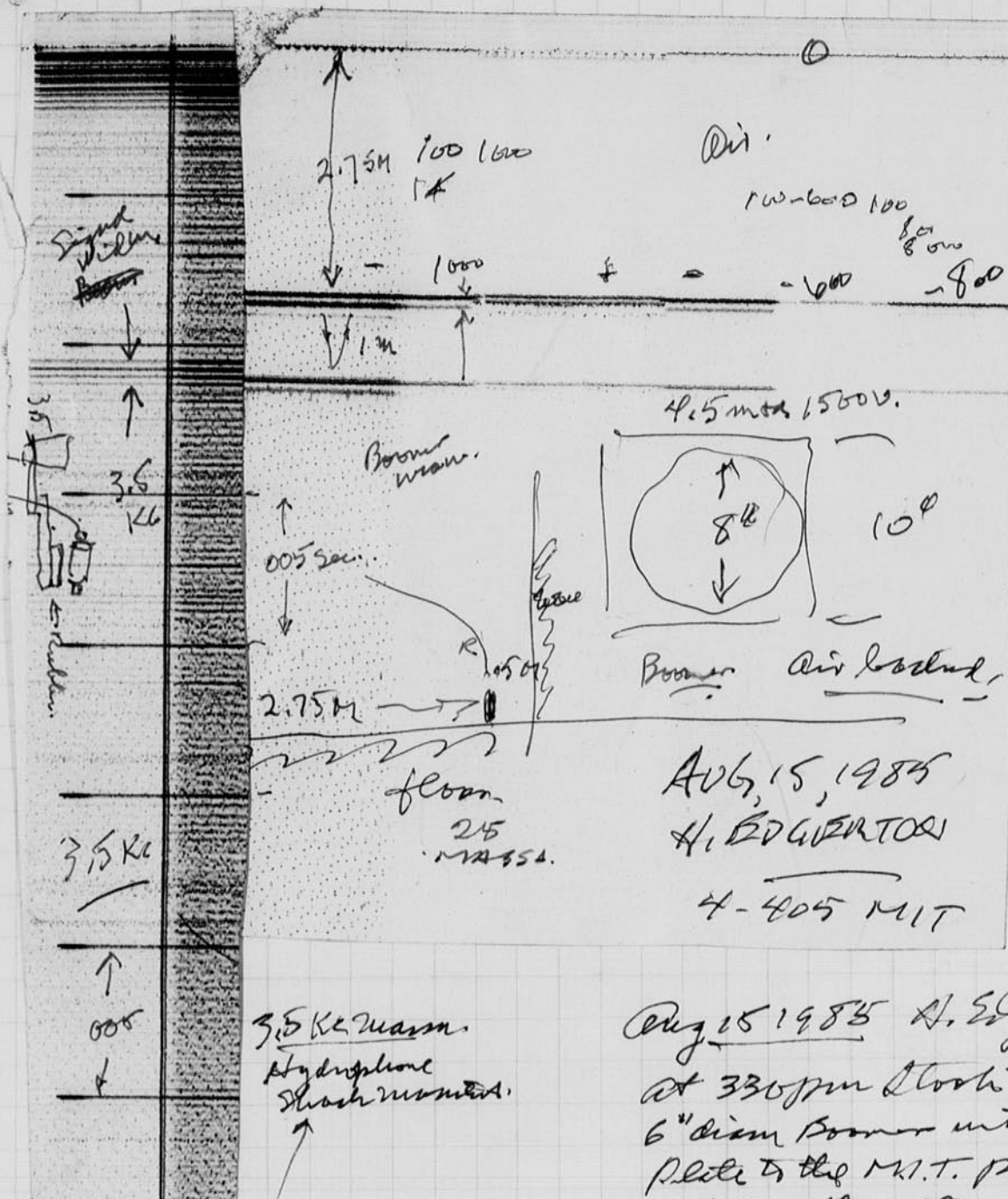
$t = \pi \sqrt{LC}$ 1/2 period

crit. $R = 2 \sqrt{\frac{L}{C}} = 2 \sqrt{\frac{3 \times 10^3}{5 \times 10^{-6}}} = 2.0 \times 10^4 \times \sqrt{10^{-3}}$

Resistance of 25 ohm load at end of antenna signals from the Boomer. = 12 amps

Why do the signals come in pairs!! from the plate!!!





Air Backed
 8" dia
 thin alumina
 4.4 mfd
 1500 v.

AUG 15, 1985
 H. BOGERTON
 4-405 MIT

Aug 15 1985 A. S. O'Neil Friday
 at 3:30 pm took the
 6" diam Boomer with a 1/8" al
 plate to the M.I.T. pool. the water
 stopped the action !!!

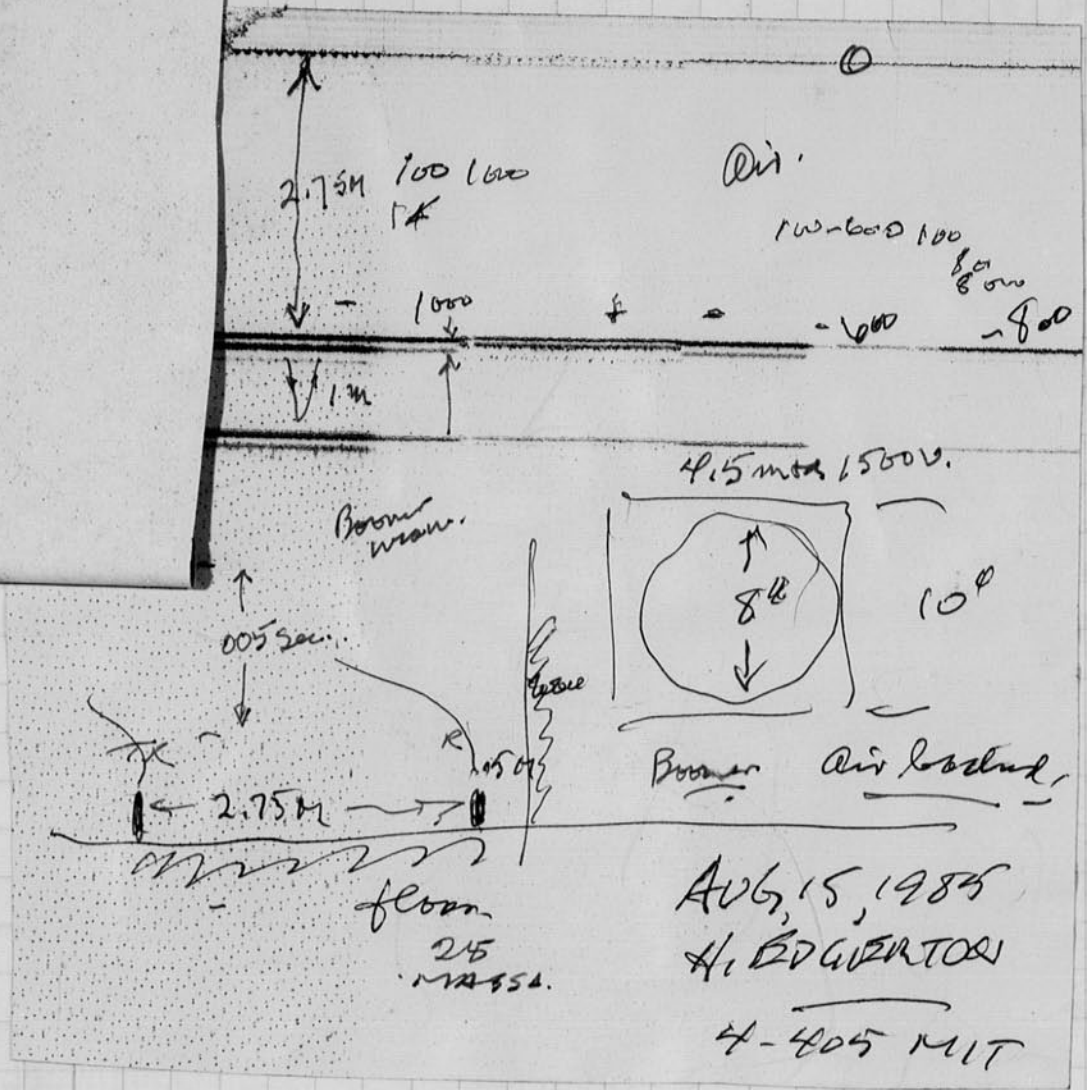
Then I came back to the Lab 4-405 and
 tried the 8" thin alumina plate unit. See results
 above. The cut put in air is much greater
 than the 6" model.

Next, ~~try~~ try the 8" sealed
 unit in the pool. I propose to use the "2"
 signal.

6 Kc mass Double
 25 Kc mass Hydro.
 Boomer
 in 12 Kc 6 pack - Hydro
 0.05 sec
 $\frac{0.05}{22} = .00227$

Signal Diameter	Time, ms
2.5 mm	.1136
3.5 mm	.7954
1.3 to .5 depending upon gain	.05909 - .0227
2.5 to 1 depending upon gain	.1136 .0454

Obviously the Boomer showed giving the
 best results at present resolution is
 concerned. Try in water!



Air Backed
 8" dia
 thin Alumin
 4.4 mfd
 1500 V.

AUG 15, 1985
 H. EDGERTON
 4-405 MIT

3.5 Kc Mass.
 Hydrophone
 shock moment.

Aug 15 1985 H. Edgerton Friday

at 330pm took the
 6" diam Boomer with a 1/8" Al
 plate to the M.I.T. pool. the water
 stopped the action !!!

Then I came back to the Lab 4-405 and
 tried the 8" thin Alumin plate unit. See results
 above. The out put in air is much greater
 than the 6" model.

Next ~~try~~ try the 8" sealed
 unit in the pool. I propose to use the "2"
 signal.

6Kc Mass. Double
 2512c Mass Hydro.
 Boomer
 in 12Kc 6 pack - w/yes
 005 sec
 $\frac{005}{22} = .22727$

Signal Diameter
 2.5 mm
 3.5 mm

Time ms	2nd
.1136	
.7954	.1590 X
.05909 - .0227	
.1836	.0454

Obviously the Boomer should give the
 best results as far as resolution is
 concerned. Try in water!

Resolution. - Distance per Division

$$Res = v \times Dur\ line \quad v = 1500\ m/sec.$$

$$= 136\ ms \times 1500 = 1151\ meters.$$

$$\frac{5}{22} = .2272727\ \frac{ms}{m}$$

	Signal Dur	ms.	(x15) M	
6Kc Double.	2.5	.5682	.85	air water
6Kc - max Hz	2.5	.5682	.85	air water
3.5Kc 1 Hz	3.5	.7954	1.148	" "
6Kc 1 Hz	2.5 - 1	.568 - .2272	.852 3408	" "
12Kc 6 pack.				
Boomer.	13-5	.295 .436	.4425 test :1704	in air ✓

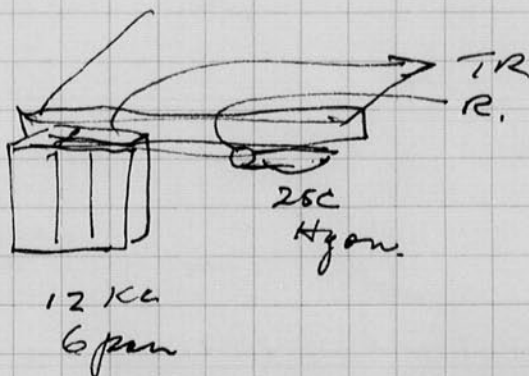
See pgs 78 for water performance of Boomer.

These are estimates only. I need to get oscillograms of the pressure time and put of these units. The mass units all oscillate to long. Is there some way to reduce the output to 1/2 cycle or even one!

- Program,
1. test Boomer in Pool.
 2. check in Boston Harbor at the tunnel site.
 3. improve the Boomer. ✓

Aug 17 1985. ~~Boomer~~ I put the 8" round Boomer into a clean old aluminum foil ice roller. The sound was great diminished. I used 4.5 mfd at 1500 volts.

With a stroke tube was used as a trigger device. Does this improve the output??



6' to door - good signal with 100 gauss x 10000 m air.

Aug 16 1985

H. Syster

3m from wall to Evans & Rec.

Pizzapan 3ft away from wall in air.
Boomer in air.

Note about pulse

100-1000

1 + 1

⊕ ⊕

⊕

⊕ is best.

Leakage in air.

100-1000.

100-1000
100-1800

⊖

⊖

⊕

⊖

100-1800

⊖

100-1000

⊖

Hydrophone 25C in air.

Hydrophone
Pizzapan

3M - ~~1000~~ Door

Hydro

$$\frac{.2222 \times 1005}{22.5} \times 0.5 = .1111 \text{ ms.}$$

$$D = 1500 \times .1111 = 0.16 \text{ meters}$$

$$\frac{1005 \times .5 \text{ sec.}}{22.5} = 22.5$$

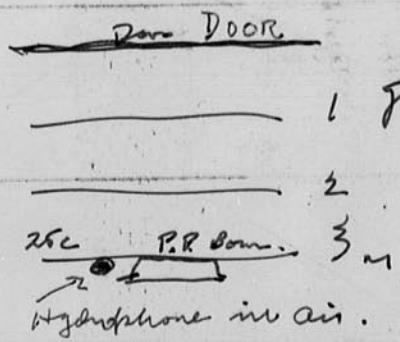
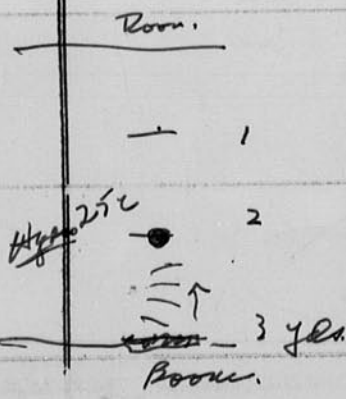
$$\frac{160 \text{ cm}}{254} =$$

$$\frac{6.3''}{40.5''} = 6.299$$

Pizzapan

Boomer in air.

18" diam Boomer



Note 100-1000 gives slight

1/2 mm thickness

2 lines 2.5mm apart.

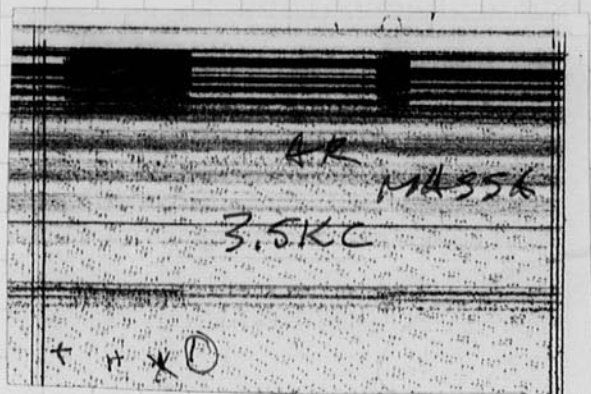
Pool tests. Hz & Bill Mac (Aug 20 1985).

	C	V	Hydrophne.	Der	Dur	Dist	H ₂ O
Pizza pan	4.5 mtd	1300V	V	Der	Dur	Dist	H ₂ O
	4.5	1300V	.4	0.1	.2 ms	4 ft.	25c
	12.5	1300V	.4	.3	.3	4 ft.	25c
Res 12.5 Ω	12.5	1300	.07	.2	.2	4 "	4
6 Ω	12.5	1300	9.15	.15	-	4 "	"
Al thin.	4.5	1300	0.1	.2	-	4 "	"

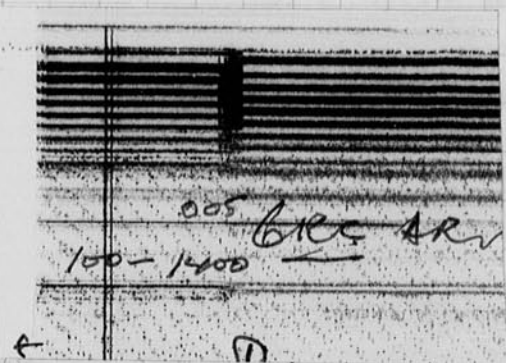
These tests were made on Storms in the MIT Pool when the water was 4 ft deep.

The duration should be shorter to get better resolution! Columns helps some but does cut down the signal.

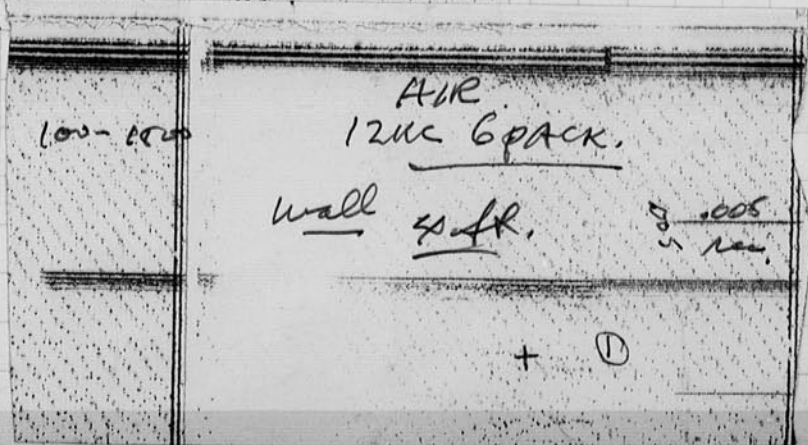
How can we get the 3.5KC wave frequency gives a shorter pulse.



3.5



6K

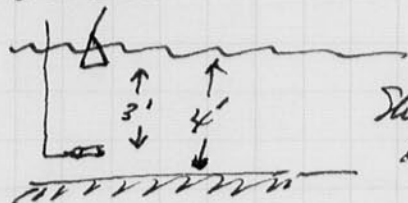


12-6 packs

Aug 23 1985 Heard Hydroton.

I made tests in air and in water on the 6 KC the 3.5 KC and the 12 KC to pads (air only) to show the waveform.

I had to use the 25C Massa Hydrophone plane in contact when in air. The Hydrophone was 3 ft in water.



Shallow pool at M.I.T.
West end on the south side.

I used a Ledotomax scope 3" size and a camera at $1/8$ sec at $f 2.8$ to $f 4$. Film was Polaroid .125 ASA for self processing.

Cost 12. + per roll. $\frac{12.00}{36} = 33¢$ per frame

Aug 25 1985 Sunday 10:30 am.

Yesterday I made many oscillograms in the M.I.T. pool of the output of the Massa transducer and the Boomer.

The Massa give about 10x the output in the hydrophone than the Pizza Pan Boomer.

The Boomer looks good for seismic work since

the duration of the first peak is about 0.1 ms.

$$\text{Distance} = vt = 1500 \text{ m/s} \times 0.1 \times 10^{-3} = 1.5 \text{ M}$$

Can I expect more? Probably not since the high frequency of the signal will not penetrate.

So at the moment, I plan to settle for 0.1 ms

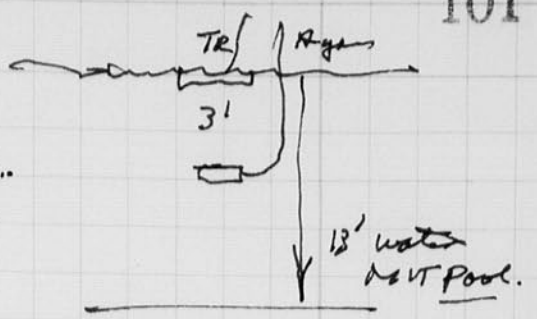
I plan to test this pizza pan Boomer in the Ches River and the Boston Harbor (Cannals) next week.

Frank Massa says he will fill a 6 kHz

transducer with silicon grease to damp out the oscillations. This may be an alternative method to the Boomer system of obtaining resolution!

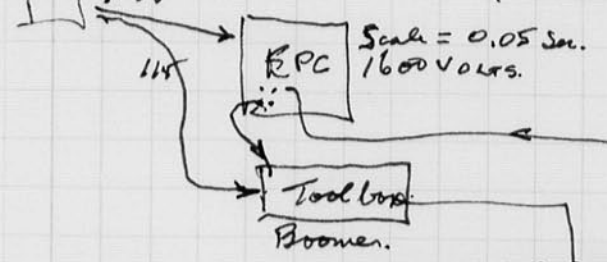
Apparently the Massa transducers are much more efficient than the boomer. All we need to do is to damp the oscillation so a single pulse of pressure is obtained.

Pigya Pan system with 4.5 mfd 1300 v.
 output 25c Hydrophone at 3' e = 0.1 volts.
 1/2 cycle. Dur. = .05 to 0.1 ms.



Generator 500 watt.
 115V

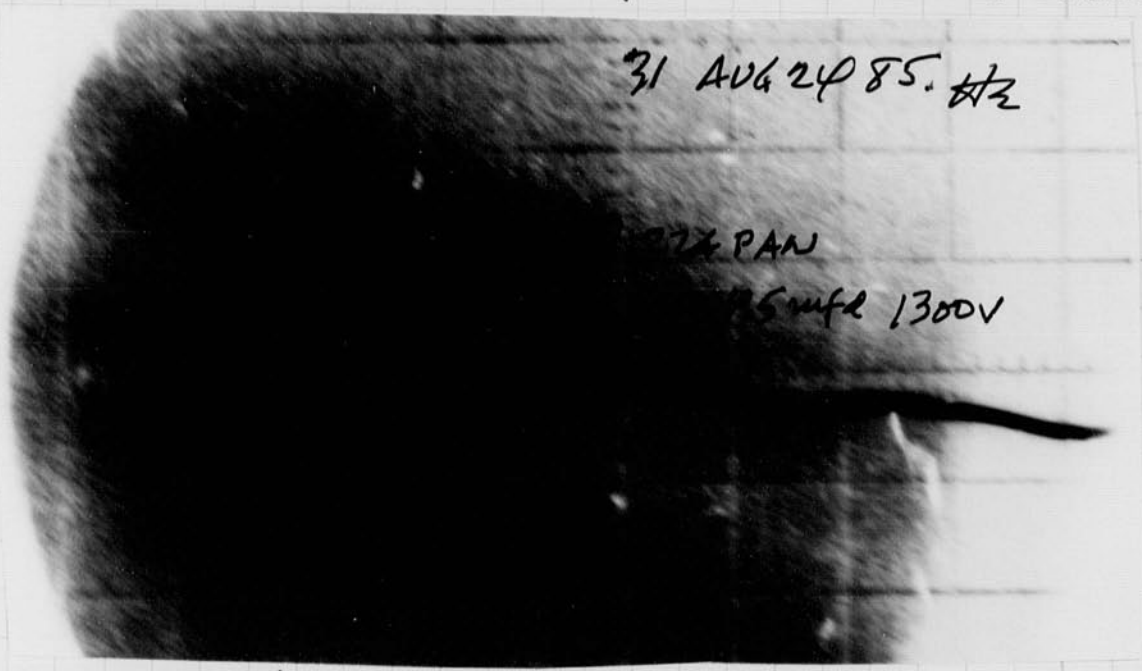
? will a small 500 watt generator do the job??



C = 4.5 mfd 1300 V at 20/sec.

L = 0.65 mH

Pigya pan air backed Boomer.



31 AUG 24 85. #2

PAN
 4.5 mfd 1300V

→ .05 s

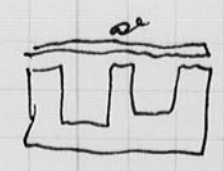
TRIAD C48U cholee.

Bray 91R.
 1657.

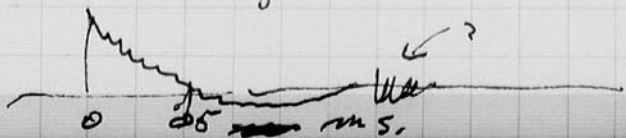
R-B	17.5 mH	Yellow - R not connected	18 Q
Y-B	4.5 mH	open	21.7 Q
R-Rsp	4.6 mH	"	22
Y-B	16.6	16.3 mH	72 34 14.3

1/2 cycle.

(16.25 / 17.26) mH when al plate piston moved
 (16.75 / 14.2) al plate start ring.



Sound pulse in air



TESTOR AUG 24 1985

Harold S. Sogston, MIT Pool.

TRANSDUCER	+ VOLTS **	1/2 CYCLE MILLISEC DURATION	COMMENTS.
MASSA 12 KHZ	0.6	.05 *	EDC DRIVER ON "HIGH"
" 6 "	0.6	.3	"
" 3.5 "	0.5	.32	(OSC 24) "
" 12 GARRY			
BOOMER (ALTHIN)	.04	.02	4.5 MFD 1300 VOLTS. 3.8 WATTSEC
" MILLER	.075	.05	"
" PIZ DAN	.1	.05	(33) " L ≈ <u>0.66 mhr</u>
" "	.1	.10	(35) "

* DURATION, ESTIMATED.
HYDROPHONE, 25C (MASSA), ALL TESTS.
3' BELOW TRANSDUCER IN 13' WATER.
(AT SURFACE)

** THE NEGATIVE PEAK CAN BE
SLIGHTLY MORE THAN THE POSITIVE.

BOOMER OUTPUT VOLTAGE IS LESS THAN
1/10 OF THE MASSA TYPES.

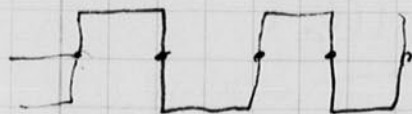
Aug 29/1985 Harvard Edgeport 845 am

103

Yesterday I went into the Boston Harbor with
Bill MacRobert. We took the Pigeon on Borne set up
shown on page 101 using the Honda Generator. The
large Boston Whaler was used for a boat.

There was a lot of "noise" on the record -
apparently caused by. Propeller noise,
ac noise etc. I reversed the part in the
water so the hydro phone was forward. This
helped a little.

Upon return to the lab, we found that
the a.c. supply did not cause noise! The
Honda did! It has a wave form somewhat
resembling the above.



Then we tried the 500 watt
small generator for
Kosmos Ultrasonic. It gives
square wave form with
a small ripple to zero. See
← diagram.

An old 1800 RPM KOENSON
generator was tried. It has a
sine wave output. It worked
fine on the equipment.

Why does the EPC show so much "noise"
with these first two generators??

Frank Massa is going to make me a
Cik transducer with silicone grease for
coupling. It will be about 2 weeks before it
is ready to try.

Photo of Bell-type tube with flat face.
Cell assembly FV-505. Spark only. 10 sec pulses
spot light transducer.

Notebook # 35

Filming and Separation Record

_____ unmounted photograph(s)

_____ negative strip(s)

1 unmounted page(s)
(notes, drawings, letters, etc.)

was/were filmed where originally located between page 102 and 103.

Item(s) now housed in accompanying folder.

Sept. 24, 1985

MINI-BOOMER TESTS

Harold Edgerton
MIT, Cambridge

Three sample mini-boomers were tested in the MIT swimming pool (13' water depth). The Boomers were at the surface, with a Massa type 25-C hydrophone located at 3' below the active surface of the boomer. Three oscillograms are attached as recorded on the output of the following sources

SIZE	TRANSDUCER	DIA.	PEAK VOLTAGE	1/2 CYCLE TIME	
17"	pizza pan		0.23 Volts	0.06 ms	p. 107, NB 35
11"	Miller		0.16	0.05	p. 107
6"	thin aluminum		0.20	0.03	p. 107
5"	6-kHz Massa on EPC "HIGH"		0.60	0.30	p. 102
6"	3.5 Massa "HIGH"		0.50	0.32	p. 102

All boomers were pulsed with a 4.5-mfd capacitor, charged to 1900 V. The oscilloscope was triggered by the ignition of spark on the power supply. Thus, the sweep was active when the pressure wave from the boomer reached the microphone. The first pulse is a positive pressure. The oscillograms show a negative pulse due to the way in which the hydrophone leads were attached to the oscilloscope.

Aug 29 1985 Harold Edgerton
See page 101 for Q choke data.

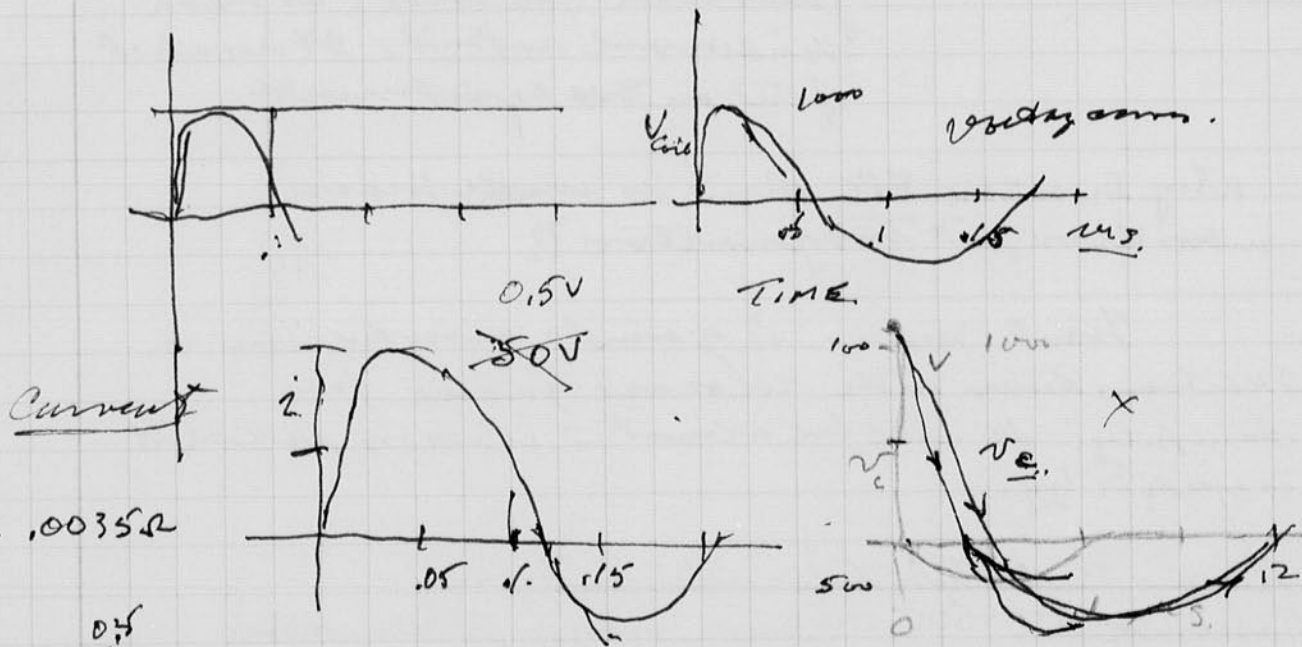
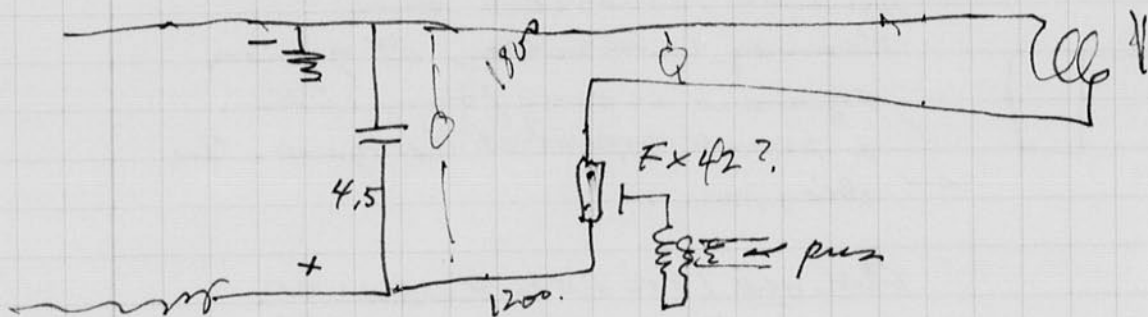
16.35×10^{-3} h. atom
 14.2×10^{-3} al. plate



1/2 cycle $T = \pi \sqrt{LC}$
 $L = 14 \times 10^{-3}$
 $C = 5 \times 10^{-6}$

$T = \pi \sqrt{14 \times 10^{-3} \cdot 5 \times 10^{-6}} = \pi \sqrt{70 \times 10^{-9}}$
 $= 2.65 \times 10^{-4}$ sec.
 $= 265 \times 10^{-6}$ sec.

At the moment I am going to abandon the booster system. My hopes are with the damped mass 6 KHz transducer which Frank Massa will have ready for me in about 2 weeks.



$R = .0035 \Omega$

peak $i = \frac{0.5}{.0035} = 14285$ amp.

$\frac{5000}{.35} = 14285$ amps.

12.5 voltage increased from 250 to 1000 output \approx 1200 volts.
 from 1900 before

Pyralan Beams.

Bill Mac Roberts

5.2 mfd 1900 v.

Voltage from 1300 to 1900.

C. = 4 + 1.2 = 5.2 mfd.

			Peak	Dist
3	Coil volts. 1000/div.	50 us/div.	P.P. coil.	
4	"	"	1500 volts.	60 us.
5	Voltage 1000/cm	50 us/div	1900 peak volts.	High volts
6	"	"	"	"
7	Blank			
8	Current 1/2 v/div	50 us/div	$i = \frac{1.3 \times .5 \text{ volts}}{10035 \Omega} = \frac{.65}{.0038} = 186a$	Peak.
9	"	"		

The Power supply loads up at 20 cycles.
 within 4.5 mfd. Let's try source in.
 Suppressum double.

High volt condenser

10	Blank			
11	Cap. Volts. 1000V/div	50 us/div.	4 + 4 + 1.2 = 9.2 mfd	added cap.
12	"	"	Hi. Voltage. 1600 volts.	1.6 x 60 = 960 us.
13	Cap. Volts 20/div	20 us/div.	Same.	13000 volts.
14	Current, 1.3 x .5 V.	50 us/div.	9.2 mfd 1350V.	

Film Developed (2 had High Contrast 12 exp film).

Conditions	4 + 1.2 = 5.2 mfd	at 1900V = 9.4 watts	x 20V	188. x 20	376.
	5.2	1300 = 4.4 watts	sec. 20	8.8.	watts 175.

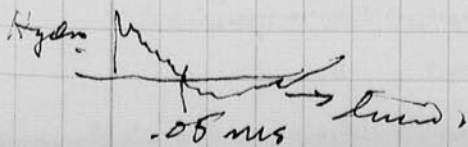
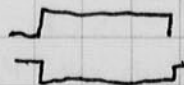
Air Contact

Comment

1. Reduce trace thickness
2. & 4 same
3. Buffer to get cal pattern film.
4. Number of picture on screen with X ray pencil.

I tried the P.P. in a barrel of water
 some air leaked out of the seal! (winc). Is this serious?

Grid of P.P. 0.65 mm. 114 D
 0.65 " 0.65



Sept 5, 1985

Avalanche Edgerton.

Purple pair in 7' pool at surface.
Hydrophone 25c mass at 1.5 ft

output 0.2 volts. negative pulse
.05 - then 0.05 + that's all!

Schrotron Bottom 0.1 volts. -

Hydrophone now at 3 ft, 0.17 volts -

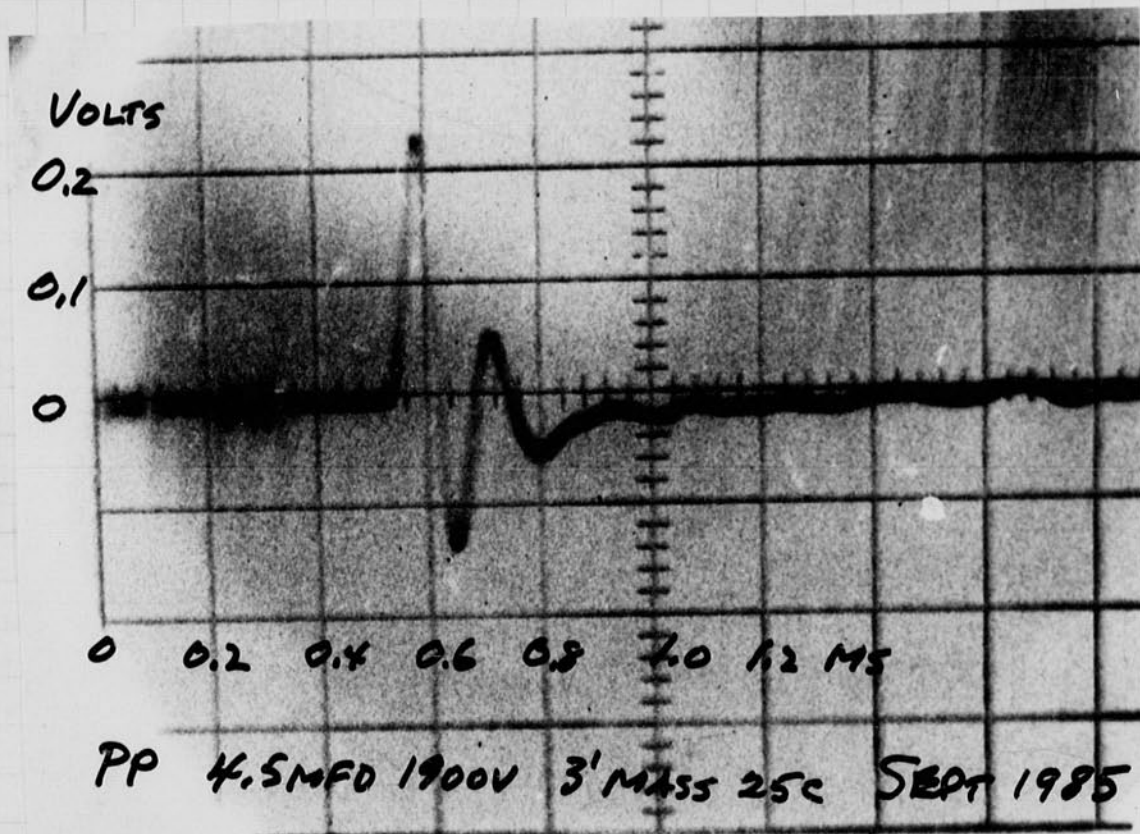
Bottom echo out of signal!! end,
 $2 \times 2.8 = 0.56$ ms. delay.

The trigger was from the spark.

The Sweep circuit holdover? why??? (⊖)

Span,	1	Purple pair	0.1V	0.2ms.
	2	"	"	"

Sept 7 85 Sat aft. Photo of FX - Bulb. 10 sec f22 plus x film
+ 10 flashes of strobe? E.
Exp OK, for one and two!

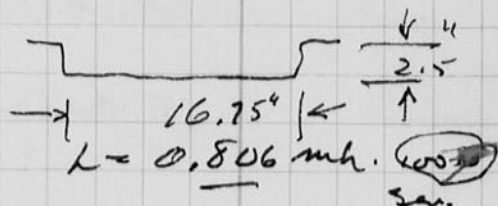


Sept 12 1985

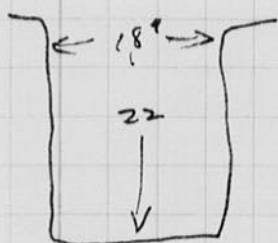
Harold Edgerton.

Further design of mini Boomer, a new model is being made by Mac Roberts. Features

- 1 ft square.
- Coil of 6" inside diam.
- thick al 1/16. for stout
- no air at center for stout.
- Balloon try at center.

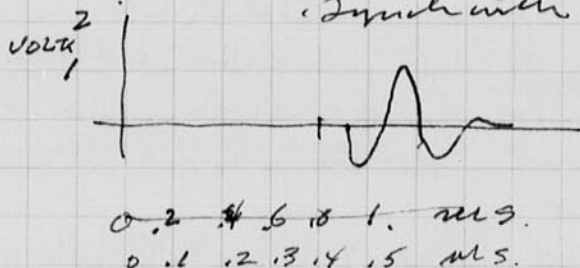


A test set up in Room 4-409.



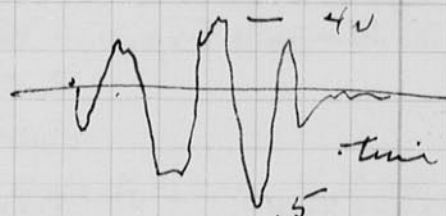
Plastic Barrel, full of water,
 Massa 250 Hz on plane at Bottom
 Tektronix 517 scope.

Pyropan 4.5 mps 1800 v. at top of Barrel.
 Spark with spark.



3 ms to signal.
 $1500 \text{ m/sec} \times .003 \times \frac{1}{10} = 4.5 \text{ meters.}$
 $= .45 \text{ meters} \checkmark$

P.P. : 1.2 V peak. .05 ±.
 (1 Kc.)
 Hi. 6 Kc. - +4 V peak 0.1 ms. ±.
 - 8.5 "



A Massa 6 Kc Transducer is due tomorrow
 with release grease & sand the oscillations, call Frank Massa.

One No

1	6 Kc Massa.	2V/cm	0.1 ms/div.	High EPC 1600	Barrel. of H ₂ O
2	"	"	"	"	"
3	"	"	"	"	"
4	"	"	"	LOW	"
5	12	1.	0.1	HIGH	
6	12	1.	0.1	LOW	

Sept 13 Fri - Ind of new coil 1' diam 60 #10, #4 wire. Peter Mini

L = .090 m at 100 cycles/sec.

- 7. #14 wire off dam .2V 0.1
- 8, 9, 10. Blumho (3)
- 11. 9. Servo loosened on plate. .2V 0.1 #16 am

cont Sept 13 1985 HG & Peter's mess

#18 wire removed and #16 or 18 used in

Double layer. $L = 1.05 \text{ mH}$. $2 D$.

Exc #12. #18 (?) wire wrapped 4.5 with 1900V. Plat ≈ 0.425
 0.2 V/dm . 0.1 ms/dm .

13 Blank

14. #18 coil $\frac{3}{8}$ " deep in Barne 0.2 V/dm $D.1 \text{ ms/dm}$.
 Peak = 0.5 volts .

15 #18 coil wrapped Hydrophob
 0.5 V/d 0.1 ms/dm

Barnell?

Peak = 1.2 volts + ... looks good.
 no outside screws on coil.

16. 6 Kc massa high on EPC 1800 at 20/sec.

0.5 V/dm 0.1 ms/dm .

Peak. maximum 2V both + and -

Inductance meas. on G.R. 1657

100 cycles series. $L = 1.1 \text{ mH}$ $D = 0.08$

coil of #18 (or 16) wire at (top) plate in contact.

outer dia = $12 \frac{1}{2}$ In. $6.5 \pm$.

4 corner screws out 4 inner screws loose.

4 inner screws tight.

$L = 1.095$ $D = 0.09$ (don't tell same!)

Sept. 15, 1985 Sunday noon

things to try. 1. Spray winding with solid Black.

2. cut out center of Bakelite disc and

insert Ballon full of air.



1. Inner 4 screws tight. $- .5 \text{V}$ $+ .7 \text{V}$ $+ 1.3 - .6$ Shows ring work inside screws Barnell with #20
cont'd?

2. Inner 4 screws out completely 4 outer screws finger tight.
 $- .25$ $+ .25$ $- 1.2$ Less, with 4 screws outter!

3. Inner 2 screws 2 holes in $\frac{1}{2}$ inch hole
 $- .25$ $+ .7$ $- .5$ outer light (F)

4. " " Inner $- .25$ $+ .7$ $- .7$ outer removed.

5. Inner 4 finger tight. $- .6$ $+ 1.1$ $- 4.$ outer 4 screws out.

why heat?

Sept 17 1985 Harold Edgerton & Bill Mack

- OK # 17 ~~massa GKC with silacoum~~ ~~1V/dm out ms/div.~~ $-2.6 + 2.5 - 3.2 + 1.5$
- 17 1V/dm 0.1ms Low $+ .8 - 1.2 + 1.2 - 1.3$ Barrel
 GKC Regular? Std.
 Polarity reversed on this GKC. Low $- 1.0 + 1.2 - 1.3 + 1.2 - 1$ Barrel
- 18 massa GKC with Silacoum. Low $- 1.2 + 1.8 - 1.6 + 1.0$ Barrel
 1V/dm 0.1ms/div. $- 1.5 + 2.9 - 3.0 + 1.0 - 1$
-
- 19 GKC Silacoum. 2V/dm 0.1ms High. $- 3.0 + 5.0 - 7 + 4.5$ Barrel
 new damped transducer in barrel.
-
- 20 Regular GKC. 2V 0.1ms. $+ 2.5 - 4 + 6.5 - 6$ Barrel

Boomer #15 mine there soft cl. 4.5m x 1900 x 12" diam

- 8/24. 21 X 0.2V 0.1ms $- .12 + .2 - .12$ Barrel
 slow rate I may have missed it.
 could the sweep be late? missed small. mill wire is loose!

Sept 18 Wed 8:10 am Pool. Photos of 2 GKC transducers & EPC. Pool
 Photos of Pool and transducer

23. GKC in pool (13' deep) 1/2 dunked. 0.5V 0.2ms. trigger start. $+ .9 - .7 + .7 - .3$ volts. 0.2ms/cyc.
 Massa Hydrophone 25 cal
 3' below the transducer fore.
24. GKC Silacoum doped. Jack only in Pool (13' deep)
 Hand stroke. Scales (.5V @ 0.2ms) $- .6 + 1.2 - .8 + .4$
25. GKC Silacoum 0.5 0.1ms. 1/8 - 1/4 Polarity 38mm
26. GKC Silacoum 0.5 0.2ms. Transducer in 13' water.
27. GKC Silacoum 0.5 0.1ms. $- 1.5 + 1.2 - 1.5 + .3$
28. GKC Silacoum 0.2 0.5ms. Echo with lens.
29. " " " 0.1 1.0ms
30. " " " 0.5 1.0 Shows weak Bottom

Tests of light meter control. O.K. with water

Sept 19 1985 Harvard Edgefield.

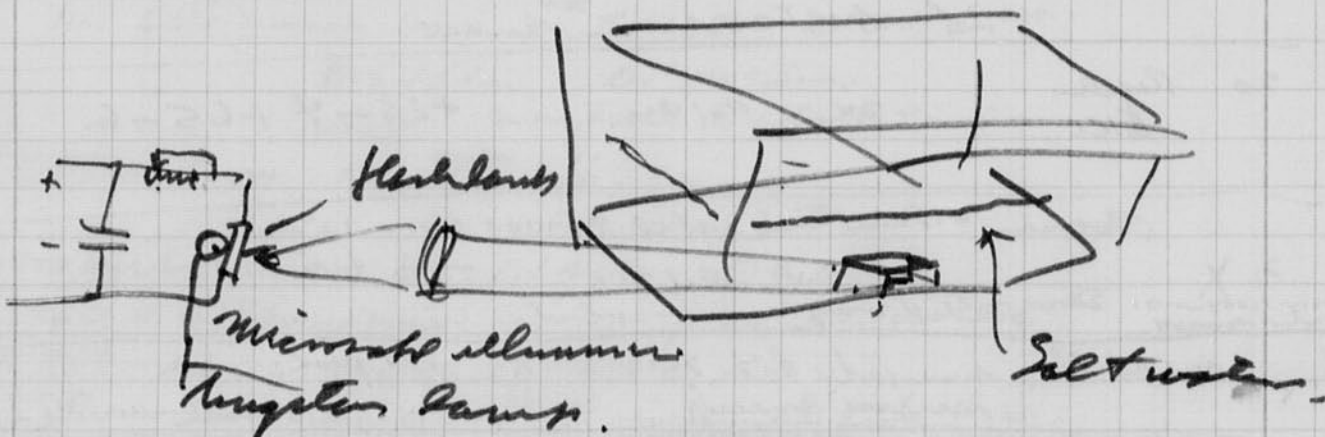
Diana Barshaw B.U.M.P. - MBL Woods Hole Mass
 1-548-3705-Ex 518.521.

Kari Lavalli " "
 Donald Bryant. - mud stud. " "

Labsters. 5 stage. 1" long.

f22 x4 power exposure ~~to camera~~.

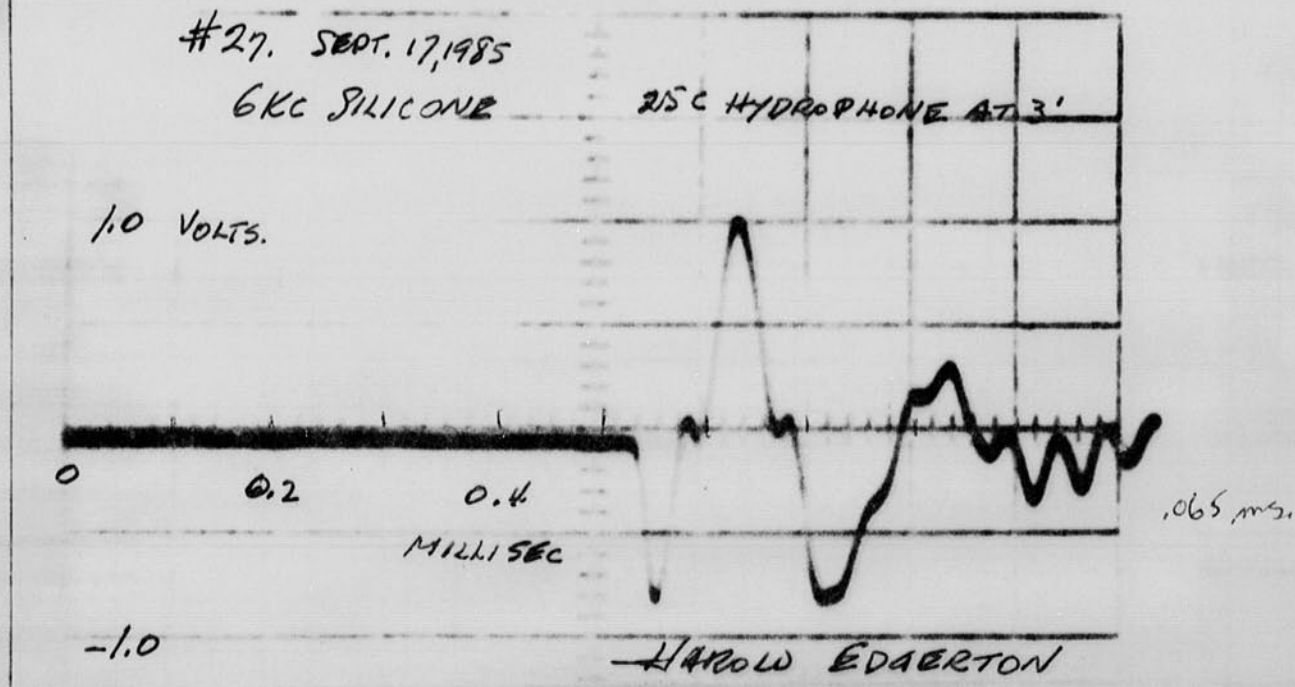
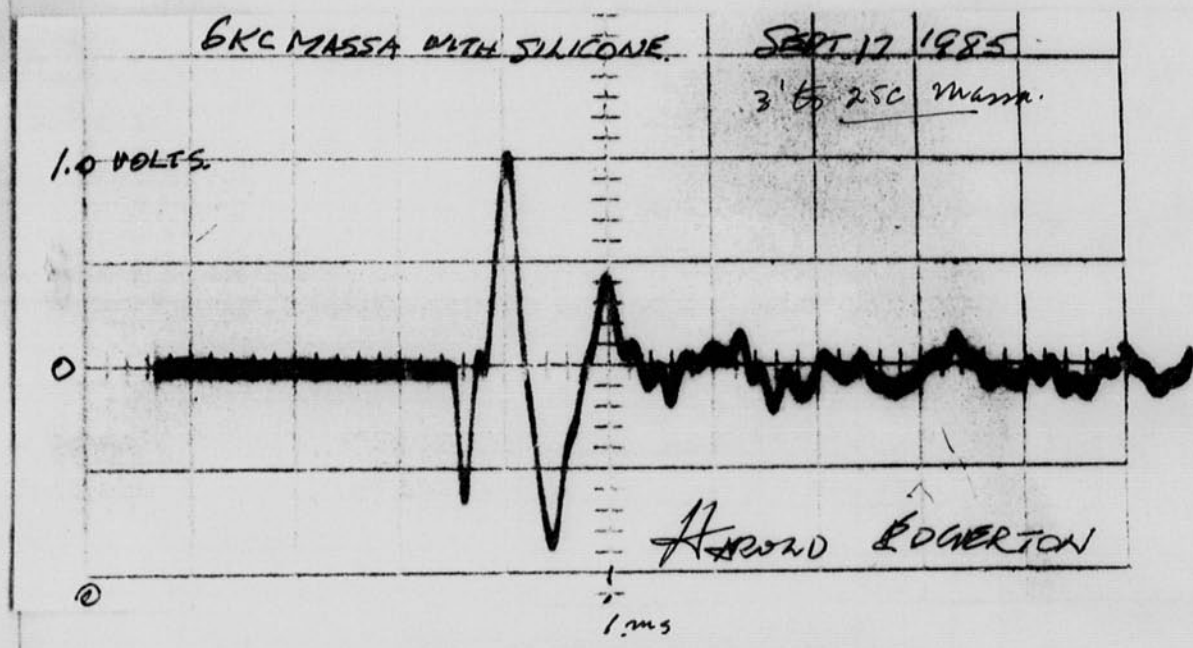
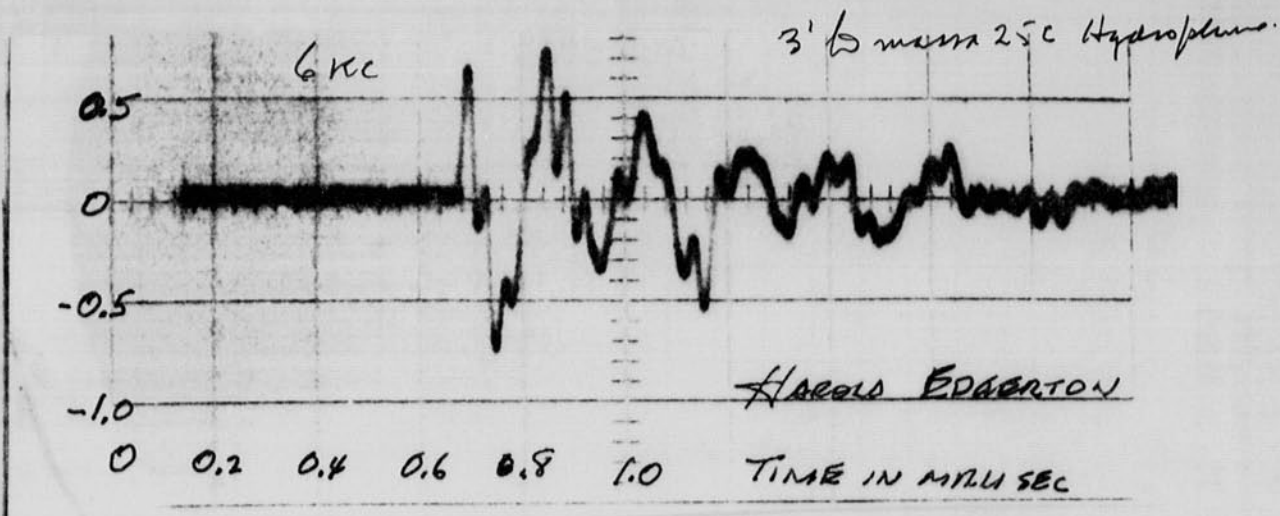
B&W f22 Bot & side of 2x (shades bc 4x).
 Microscope illuminator imaged on the lobster.



I took a silhouette photo of
 two labsters by shadow on 730 film. 7302
 Distorted 1:1 dev for 2 min.

The Massa GKC into Silvan's Company ^{see p 113} → see
 seems to be slightly better on the + signal.

I plan to try to grow in the sea.



Sept 25 1985 Hz & Vmax.

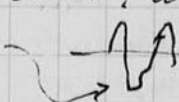
O.P.	Pygmypan. ^{4.5} 5.5 mHz 1900v.	+ .3 - .6 + .42	Panel, H ₂ O
	more water under the Pygmy.	+ .6 - 1.0 + .75	Panel, H ₂ O
	more water	+ .7 - 1.2 + (OE)	"
	1/2 Turns, next to metal plate.	+ .9 - 1.25 + .45 + .9	Panel,
Par	1/2 + 1/2 Turns in Parallel	+ .5 - .9 + .5	Panel
Par.	Bottle coils in circuit.	.8 - 1.25 + 1.2	
	Repeat.	.8 - 1.25 + 1.9	
above coil air filled in the center hole. 4.5" diam			
tube removed so volume is now full of water.			
	Parallel connection with H ₂ O in center.		
	(no change)	+ .8 - 1.3 + .9	Panel
	Single layer..		
	Loose inner & screws.	+ .9 - 1.1 + .8	Panel.
		+ 1.3 - 1.5 + 1.2	

Sept 27 1985 930 am.

Test of high layer. #16? Teflon one on 12x2 plate Panel
 .0 to equal not plate. 4.5 mHz 1900 v.
 inner screws tight. +1.6 - 1.6 + 1.2 Panel

ditto, inner screws loose. Panel
 (almost same?) +1.2 - 1.2 + 1.2 volts.
 " & screws tight again. 1.1 - 1.1 + 1 "

10 am " " after 15 min. .8 - .9 + 8 "

lower why, position? angle?
 the neg pulse has a ripple on it  → 0.1 mHz.
 note the Panel may be influencing the
 signal. I should try this one in the MIT pool
 where the water is 13 feet deep.

10.08 2 screws removed 2 loose 2 turns. of same 4. +1 ^{Panel} +1.9 Panel.
 (almost the same?)

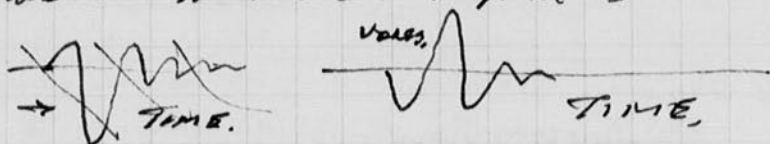
Ind = 0.247 D = .18 for 100 cycles
 .0556 D = .36 for 1000 cycles.

Sept 27 1976
Harold Edgerton & Peter Mini.

Tests of experimental mini-boomer made with Bill Mac Roberts yesterday. It has a 12x12 inch plexiglas base 1 cm thick. A 4x40 ac (salt) plate is driven. A cord on a 6" diam 1 layer thick was wound of #16? wire of 1/16" diam including insulation. 4 screws held the ac plate to the square base.

Excitation was from a 4.5 mfd capacitor charged to 1900 volts. A neon flash lamp was used in series for triggering. A rate up to 20 per second can be used with the power supply that was available.

Many tests were made in a plastic barrel in 4-405 full of water. These are described on page 115. The hydrophone a mura 25C in the bottom of the barrel showed a signal as sketched.



Today I took the talent model to the swimming pool for testing in 13 feet of water.

The signal now lacks the first negative pulse! However the first pulse often had a ripple. This was influenced by the position of the hydrophone and the angle of the transmission.

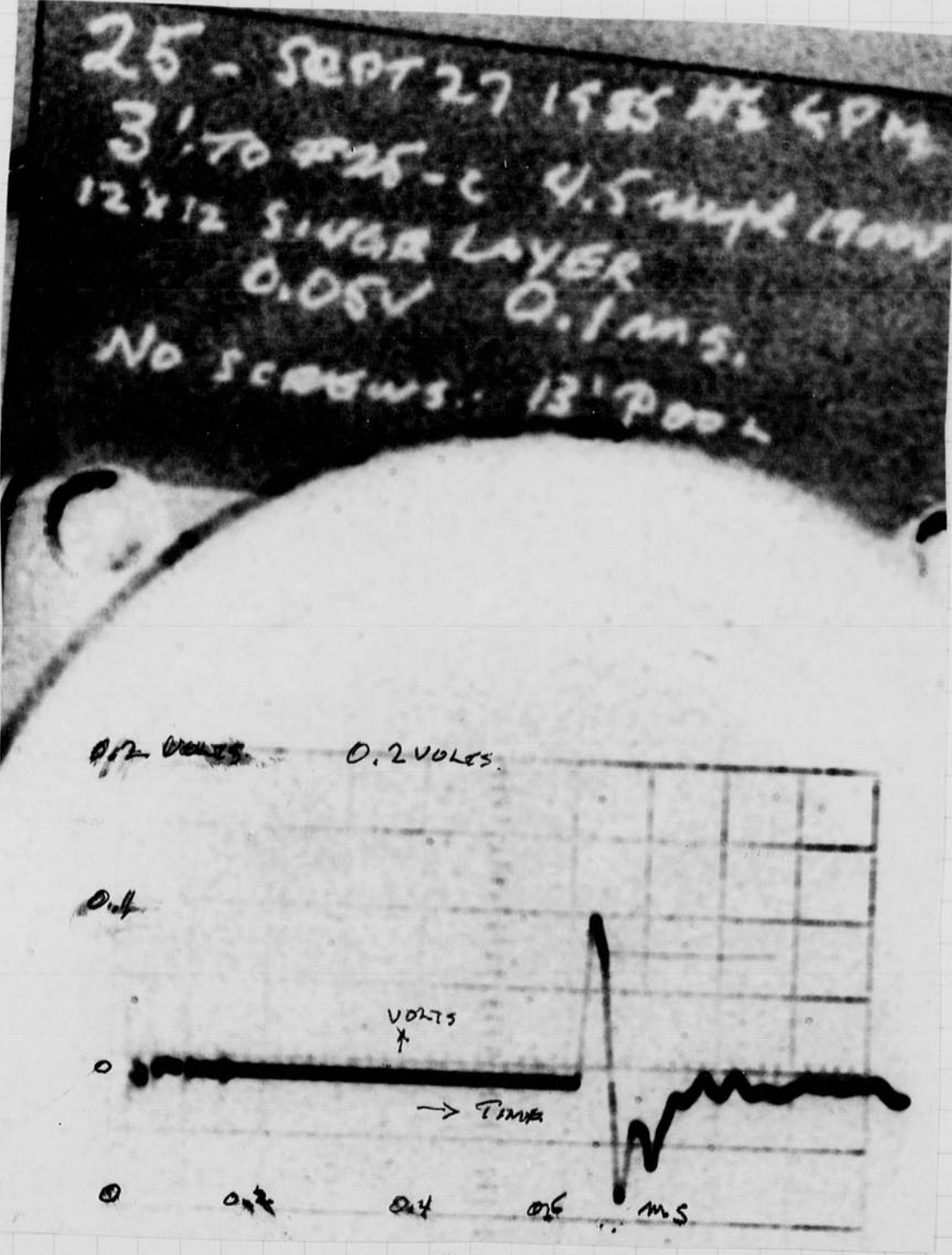
Pool #	Run no	Time	Scale	Hydrophone	Notes
6'	0-5	0.5 sec	0.1 ms/div	3' to 25C Hydrophone.	
	6-10	14	.05	0.1 ms (on top ok).	Peak = 0.12 volts.
	18-19-20	.05			1.3V at 6 ft.
9'		.02 -	0.15 ms.		
	21	Blank.			
	22	23	24		
	25	26	27	.05 0.1	3' to Hydro. +.9 -.8
	28	29	30	.05 0.1	3' " " but changed angle to reduce the ripple.
	31	32			Transducer at 6" below surface. Hydrophone at 3' below trans.

These experiments show that we must hold the transducer and hydro plane firmly & know our gear! The sides of the pool may make a problem.

Point 25, 26 or 27, which show the output of the square 12" single layer 1/16" diam wire on a 0.40" soft alum plate held at the edges. (4).
 ✓ note 28, 29, or 30 may be better. The output in the first plus signal is reduced.

Repeat the brc with silicone. See page (113) Too low.
 The output as measured in the MIT pool is about 0.1 volts!

Sept 27, 95
 10-12
 noon



MIT Pool.

Note: It was a dark day with a hurricane GLORIA. Channel give the extra more exposure!

Trace exp. ok
 7/8 1 sweep.
 f4.
 Connection under exp 11.
 Try f4 at 1/4 ms (Tests at 1/8).
 Tektronix 3"
 517 scope

About 10,000

Sept. 28, 1985 Ft. Belknap

conclusions. Increase inductance
new exp. Increase $\frac{1}{2}$ coil turns.

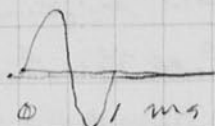
Try back up Aluminum Plate.
Epoxy coil to the back of Plate

Smaller inner diam.?

Center bolt, Rubber grommet
4 corner bolts

2" diam center $\frac{1}{16}$ thick.

single layer #16. (or #18) $\frac{1}{16}$ " wire plus ins.



5 ms - 1000

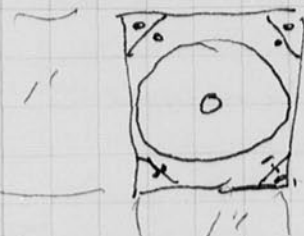
.05 ms 10,000

5 ms - 100

.25 ms 2000 or

.125 4000

.0625 8000



Layout same
as flux pass.

$\frac{1}{4}$ " or $\frac{1}{2}$ " all.

Either went with me to Bedford
for a 3 pm party (divulder) 90 years
old, Karl Wilder.

Troun Harris.

Katherine Hagen

Mr & Mrs.

Harris.

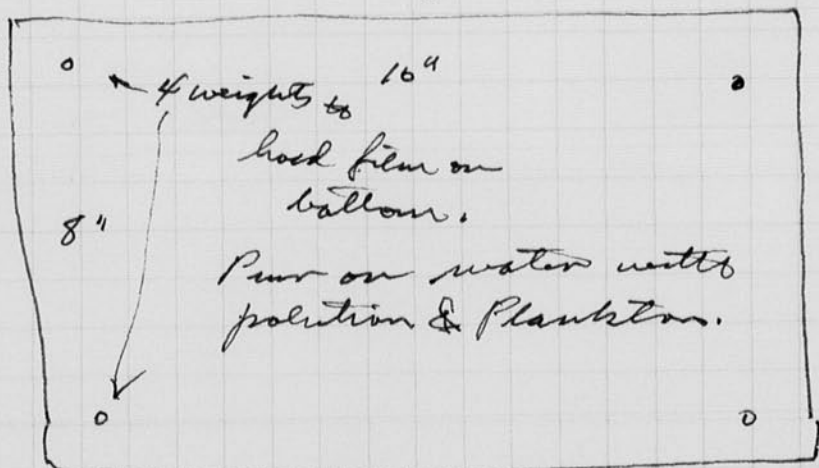
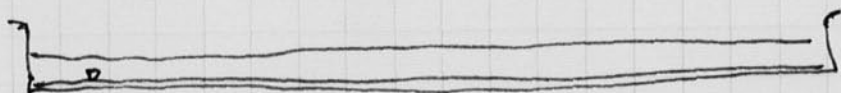
(son at MIT
Walter Harris (USA)
new House,

Plankton concentration,

(thesis suggested)

measure and
evaluate
Plankton &
Pollution.

Shadow photo printing on 8x10 2302 film in
a tray with controlled volume of liquid.



Process 2 or 3 min
in Dektol 1:1.

Wash

acid stop bath

Hypo.

Water

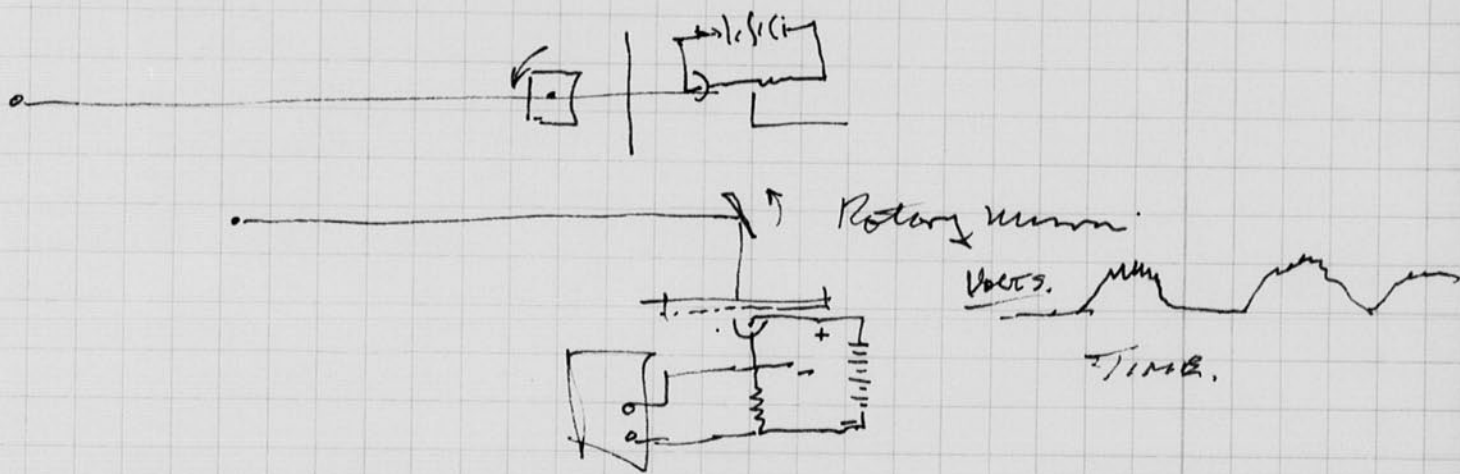
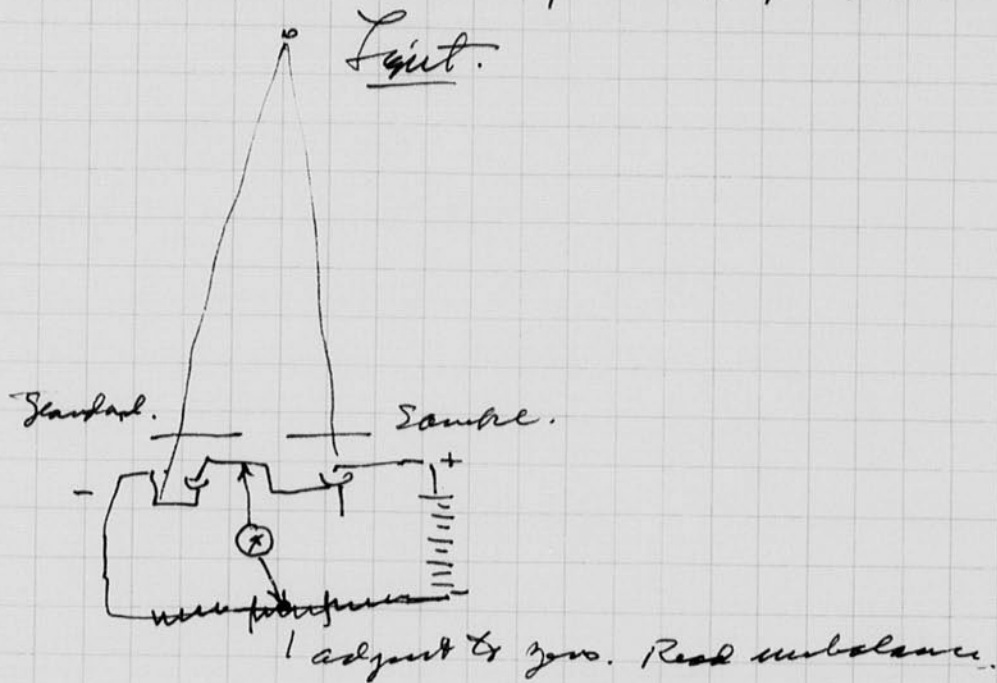
Dry.

measure transmittance
and count and
identify subjects.

1. Measure light transmission - compare to clear film - no solution.

Handwritten signature

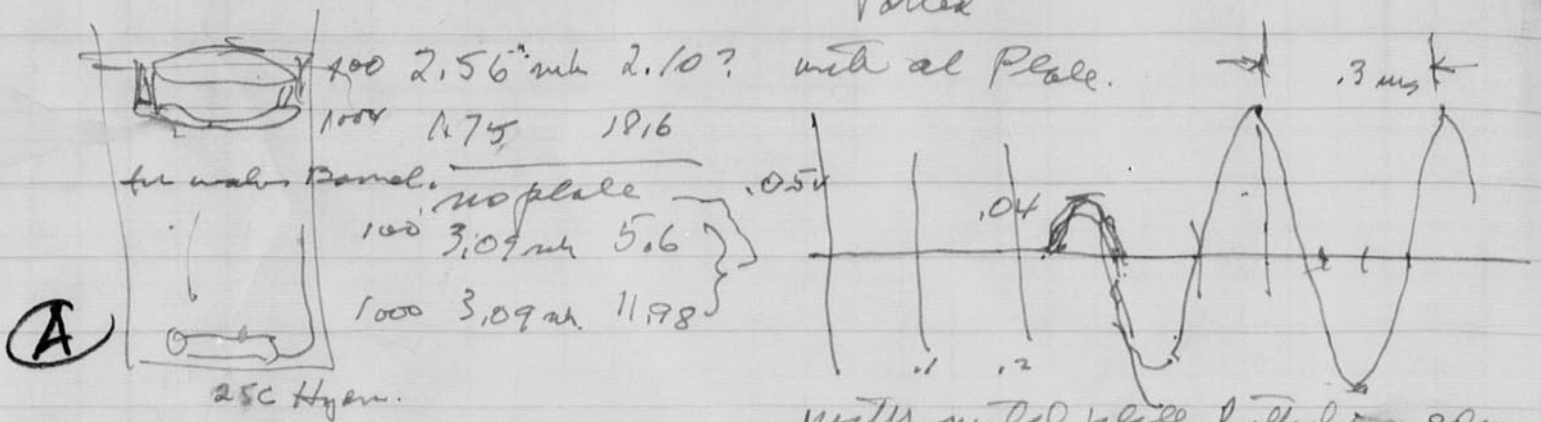
2. Count sample area. Sweep to light - meas. frequency and amplitude of light changes.



analysis of signal important. Find number of particles, sizes, etc., etc.

Sept. 29 1955 HZ, 9 an MIT.
Tests of Mini Boomerangs

Potted



100 thin plate 3.1049 3.67.
1000 2.03 4.94

with mild plate potted on edges
.04 - .07 + .1

B This gives less signal. +0.25 - .03 X N 67.

C another plate B
better?,
Painted

+ .05 - .1 + .11 - .125 + .14

68.2 = 1.2 ms

D another al,
- .04 + .07 + .1 + 1.1. NG

E Donut al.
+ .03 - .02 + 0.3 NG.

Long (ark)
Chamber
Piston

will use - signal?

Plexi .12" with 16 grove and 0.4 al plate and screws.
+ .6 - .7 + .65 volts. ✓

Pyropan.
Probably not
competitively. not!
+ .09 - .08 + .07

D.P. more water in Bandol. + .13 - .24 + .2.

Plexi → again. + .8 - .7 + .6 ✓ Same

Note Plexi is 5x stronger than PP but of higher frequency.

100 μs

Phenoglass, 1" deep in Borel.

+ .025, .25 - .7 + .4

Less than before why???. Loose coils

Reorganized
Wires

+ .8 - 1.0 + .025

Put sensor at center,

Wound again. Phenoglass

Phenoglass let partially dry.

Rewind coil put on more turns

After Lunch on Sept 29 Sunday.

Rebuilt the 12x12" Plastic base Boomer.

I put a .020" net all fresh looking use coil.

The system still has Double layer problems.

A Test with all sensors in.

+ .39 - .42 + .3

B Remove 4 outer sensors Leave 1st at umbella

+ .31 - .5 + .2

C Remove center sensor old same.

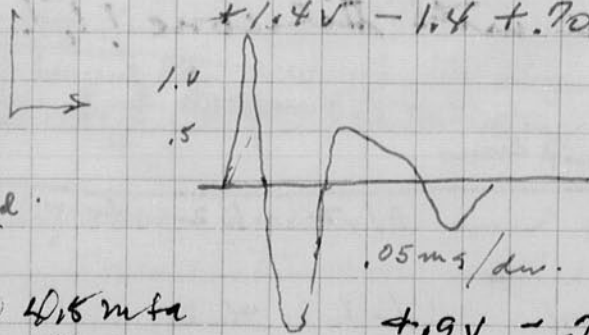
+ .35 - .5 + .31

Note: Microphone put at center of boreal

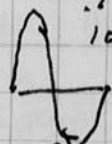
+ .62 - .59 + .2

14.5 data 1900v

+ 1.4V - 1.4 + .70



cycles. 1/2 cycle.
 1. ms = 1000 N .5
 .5 = 2000 N .25
 = 10,000 .95
 1000 N



What freq is this?

freq is too high!

Therma
ES-
87063
Silicone filled.

Again 405 mta
1900v

+ 1.9V - .7 + .2 best yet adjust mta

Therma GKC Silicone on EPC 1701 Dm.

+ 2.2 - 3, + 7.0 - 5. Much more than boomer!

with
coil to peak 8.2 could
be obtained.

Signal longer in time + peak + peak (1st) - 0.2ms max in 12V +

Oct 3 1985

Dr. Robert Bill MacRoberts -

Marcel Test in Gov.

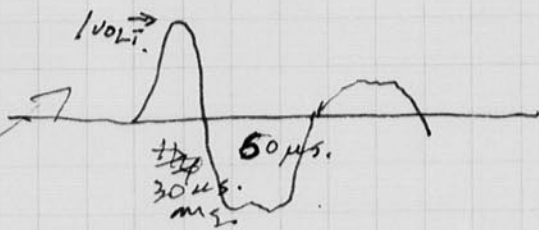
New Boomer:

1" inner diam.
11.5" outer diam.

20 wire metal 1/32
al plate medium
5052al?

4.5 mfd 1900.
25C Hz response

Center bolt tight loose
12 screws around edge.



Center out slightly pulled

+ .7 - .6 + .4 volts.

Remixed

new al. plate.
0.090" thick.
6061?

wire # 18, 1/16" diam.
+ 1.3 - 1.3 + .6

+ 1/2 cycle = 30 μs
- 2 1/2 cycle = 75 μs

Air out of coil

+ .6 - .2 + .3

Oct 4 1985 .840 am

The transducer has been in the barrel all water
should 2 1/2" deep.
water drained.

+ .3 - .4 + .3
+ .6 - .7 + .3

note signal slightly higher.

8.43 The transducer is now exposing water.

The output decreases by 3 when the
water is allowed to cover penetrate the
coil! Rubbed out seal with Silicone !!

Cable leads to 15 am.
to 25.

Test of
Water proof boxes.

+ 1.4 - 1.2 + .6

Oct 9 1985

cu

glued

+ 1.2 - 1.2 +

Oct 10

Copper plate **cu** glued

+ 1.1 = 1.2
+ .9 - .9

Al plate glued

+ 1.3 - 1.4 Some losses

Oct 11 1985 Harvard Eggerton 100 men @ 730 am.

Esther went with me to Detroit, Science museum on
out. where I gave a lecture on Sunday afternoon.
then the next day I confereed with students,
Whales - museum
(Wahle, Ron) Detroit

Dr Schanz - Cornell un. Mentored by Francis Bj---

Expert on chicken embryos,
ARACATHA chickens
have "blue" eggs!
(South America)

Detroit lecture to
Sigma Xi club at
Ford. - Visits Ford
plant. Otto, Frank, Pres of $\Sigma \Xi$.

John, G GERHOCK
23655 ROWE DEARBORN MI
48124.

Chemist at Ford. Took us to the Airport.

VENICE - BUCINTORO - Special Ships of the Doge.
Bunk by Napoleon.

FOLIO QUICIE Movie theater. in Italy,

Prof. Edg. - 1985.	{ Ahmed Ahmed D Kounien LARNA GIBSON R. JOHN HANENAN DAVID RUDMAN Award -> Right Berwick.	Mich. Inst	2 books.
Egyptian		CIVIL.	
Prof		AERO - ASTRO	
		Mat. Sci	
		OE & Comp Sci	

Oct 12 1985

Mary Jan Day on Ellen Dixon

Rebecca Roy and Emily Roy helped me

with nutcracker in the sleep on the 5th floor

Oxidograms under exposed HC film f8 1/15 sec

Cross sections do not expose well!

Oxidation does not expose.

next glass f4 at 1/8 sec. same film f2 1/2

only used 1 mm instead of 2! as suggested.

2nd film f4 1/8 sec of cross beds for exposure

MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY CAMBRIDGE, MASSACHUSETTS 02139
Strobe Lab, Room 4-405 Tel: 253-4629/494-8783

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Mercado, Antonio, rm. 503, New House - Coolidge, dl. 7587
Mulcahey, Brian, 487 Comm. Av., Boston, 267-2199
Munson, Ken, 531 Baker, dl. 7281
Ogura, Ayami, 3 Ames St., dl. 6171
Person, Jim, rm. 210, 500 Memorial Dr. dl. 8710
Rogoff, Brian, 46 Mass. Av. dl. 9602
Russel, Jim, 415 Next House, dl. 8815
Sealy, Dexter, B112 MacGregor, dl. 9502
Stern, Charles, 58 Manchester, Brookline, 3-6778
Yang, Julia, 324-F Burton, dl. 8292
Yueh, Alan, 58 Manchester Rd., Brookline 734-3650
Zagorski, Dave, 408 Walcott, dl. 6453

Osc cond
nr 2. Bright line in scope 1/8 f/8 Barrel "mask" KC Silenc 10^v psch
nr 3. Intensity less. " 1/8 f/8 2nd out of use " on 2nd phase!

5. Trans completely covered with 1/8 f/8 Lens original!
6. w/old barrel 1/8 f/8

Also copy photos of platen & telomic.
note Osc overexposed! go back to f/8 for better background.
Apertures are burned at all apertures.
Forward lens 1/8 in at f/8 2 main developments. Critical.
Reduce clarity of CR beam.

Students at Babcock Mus of Dec Marcus Byler.
Halograms.

John Tessman

Douset Kelley

Michael Sulkowski

Prof Paul Young Teachers College

Sunday Oct 20 1985 at MIT 5pm

Jan, Barbara & Emily at lunch at
Lunch and dinner yesterday.

Jan and family will shortly move to
Chapel Hill N.C. where Snyder has
a job in a school.

Was out Friday with EDGERTON ship
with the BAS 4 251 Siles car (7 people),
on Monday last I was also on the haul
ship with 17 people. We were trying to
spot a fossiliferous (30 tons) that
supposedly was lost many years ago.
Some broken pieces were made
and a report written.

Tom O'Neil with students
hoped to find their relic in the area.

Oct 26 1985 Esther went with me to Madison Wise on
Oct 23 for the High Speed Motion analysis course. I
gave a lecture that night. Then on the 24 I had a work
session on microfossil equipment etc. I was great
helped by Dick Sherwin from Chicago who represents the
B&B Co. in the area. (50 attendees)

There was a banquet for Dave Fisher on
Oct 26 last night at Walker. I met Rahay who is
the mayor of Cambridge at this banquet. Many of
Daves students and friends were there.

From MARSH J. YOUNG BLUTH HARBOUR BRANCH

7 Oct 1985

NAME

anterior nectophore of an abylid nectophore
possibly Bassia

Silhouette photographs made yesterday at A, B.



Bruce DePalma

1060 CHAUNET DRIVE

Santa Barbara Calif 93108

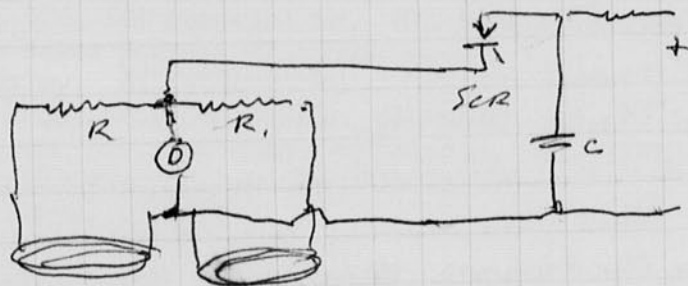
Sunday, Oct. 27, 1985 Harold Edgerton 100 Memorial Drive Cambridge
Mass.

Under water metal detectors - ^{an} adjustment
that is needed for exploration.

I hope that a study of detectors can be made
since I am sure that there are several types.

Why not start with a bridge type of metal
detector. This depends upon an imbalance
between two coils that couple to the unknown
target. This unknown can be a small one
close to the surface or a large one at a large
distance.

I normally would use a pulsed system
of energy into the coils since most of such circuits
consist of pulsed systems. In this way a very
powerful pulse can be enjoyed and detection
should be benefited.



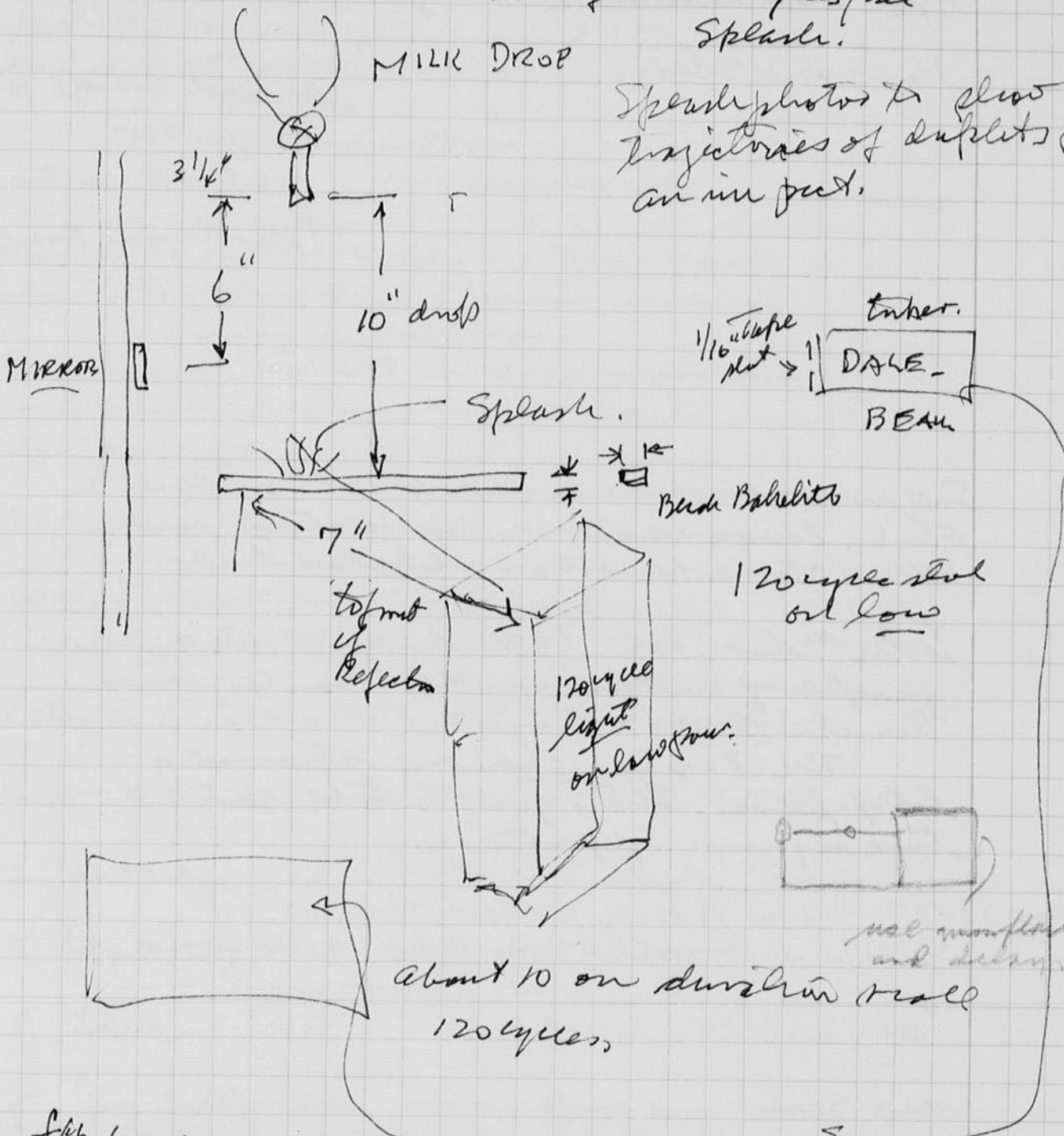
TARGET.

The capacitor discharges into the
bridge network of 2 resistors and 2 coils,
Any imbalance will result in a voltage
in to detector system (D).

Nov 1 1985
 Howard Edgerton MIT

Multiplex (20 cycles/sec
 Splash.

Splash photos to show
 trajectories of droplets for
 an impact.



Hor f66 for some
 Hor. f20 for others

Vert. f22 on remainder of 36 app. films

Splash of a drop of different quality. to excise
 under with eye in it. Shadow photos of
 ripples



Nov 2 1985 Hans Edgerton,

Drop brackets with height of fall

Object to find distribution of sizes vs fall distance.

floors at MIT Bldg 4



Sea Level change predicted
by year 2100

0 to 0.3 meters up

Polar Research Board

Sugawara was here on Nov 4 1985 with
FD-6L lamps made in his factory and
with a Stubsche with a calibrated scale.

Leslie Malar 225-6381 brought in a
sample of water from the Charles River.
This is a BUREAU Project.

The 8xN mg (shades) showed a
lot of fibres. She is going to take a
time sequence of pictures.

Nov 8 1985, Susan A. Lewis was yesterday at the
Follows meeting at the Omni Hotel. Ol Bengtson
met me at the Planet a photo studio —
took me to the airport.

air Sonin came over to see the mirror flash
system and discuss it for the purpose of
various projects.

Nov 27 1985, H. Edgerton - many experiments with drops.
Bill MacRabbits helped me yesterday in the stair well of Bldg 4.
a dropper was put on the 4th floor and tripped for
stability.

We used a beach velvet background and a
120 cycle light source. 1/10 shutter time on glass & film. Bill
washed yell when a exp left so I could snap the
shutter.

The drift follows the no-resistance curve up to about 13 feet. Then the drift is influenced by the air friction.

a drift of 0.495 cm has a velocity

$$13' = 400 \text{ cm/sec}$$

$$29' = 1316 \text{ cm/sec. } 895.4$$

$$29' \text{ no air. } 1316 \text{ calculated vel.}$$

Constance called on Nov 16 Sat - wants me to go to Cuba to help fund the (1975) Spanish workers in the gas bag east of Havana.

Frank Gorman offered to send a shopping rover for two weeks to Cuba. Peter Mini will be checked out on it and go to operate.

I may go and try to get Constance's shell team to operate. Plans call for Dec 2-21 at Cuba.

Nov 30 1985 142 at 4:405. Work on file

Expeditions with Constance

1. Aug 20 to Sept 10 1953 ^{France} Greece with Bob Edgerton

2. July 10 to Sept 12 1954 ^{France} Cannes with Bill Edgerton

3. June to Aug 1955 (with Bob Edgerton) Greece

4. July to Aug 1956 Roumbe Tranch.

5. Sept to Oct 1958 France

6. Aug-Sept 1962 "

7. July-Sept 1965 "

8. Oct 6-26 '68 Lake Titicaca Peru

9. Nov 2 - Dec 21 1975 Greece

10. June 1978, Cape Hatteras Monitor.

11. Proposed trip to Cuba. Man - bag, bag, wheels and sources. Peter Mini goes Dec 2.

130 Dec 2, 1985 Newton. H. E. Edgerton

Peter Mui left at 5:30 for Miami to join Constant in Cuba

Dec 3, 1985 Ford Van left for new clutch - alignment at Elberg Motors

Dec 4 John Hausman Bldg 33 - 11th basement. phone 2271
2 or 3 man drops with air blown across the web paths.
Photos show balloons. 10 m/sec velocity of air used!

Dec 6 Big affair for Gordon Brown + new Bldg etc.

Dec 7 Jan reviewed & got to Ft Funderdell tomorrow. Then
by plane to the Cayman off Cuba Mon Carisma? Babo.
to help Constant.

Dec 18 1985, I was in Cuba on the Calypso for Dec 8 to Dec 16.
with Peter Mui using EQ & 960 (3,550) side scan
sonar in Mantarray? bay and Havana.

In Stock Moments of Vision 1300 EPS 320 Dec 19 1985

Dec 26 Sonar Images? put by Prentice Hall U.S.

Jan 2, 1986 I went to North Carolina Hickory for the
Christmas season with Esther. Jan 2 on
H. 2. As usual to Winston-Salem N.C.

Jan 8 Lecture on Sonar at 11 am, 20 people.

Jan 9, " " Lunch 50 people +

Books published by
Prentice-Hall - N.J.

220
Loch Ness Update
Harold E. Edgerton and Robert Rines
Thurs, Jan 9, 11 am-12 noon, 4-402 (first
meeting)

The study of biological activities in the largest
Scottish lake (Loch Ness) will be reviewed. Cur-
rent activities and new proposed activities will
then be listed and discussed. Sponsor: Harold
E. Edgerton and Robert Rines. Contact: Jean
Mooney, 4-405, x3-4629.

50.-

Jan 10, 1985

" SONAR IMAGES 3 "

first copies arrived on Jan 9, 1986
H. Edgerton

for
Mar 8, '86 Sea Rovers,

Copley Plaza
apt & Evening.

Buckley,

069 0129 Home

926 7750 office.

afternoon Tues.

Peter Mui. Or Calypso
off Cuba with zone.

H. 2. Penetration up hills - after moon talk

Jan 9 update on Loch Ness

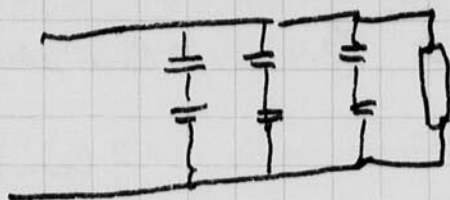
221
Sonar: Use Of Pulsed Sound Sources In The
Charles River Basin And Boston Harbor
Harold E. Edgerton, Peter Mui
Wed, Jan 8, 11 am-12 noon, 4-402 (first meeting)
There will be a series of examples to show side
scan and penetration sonars in action. A new
book, Sonar Images, should be off the press

20.-

(Prentice-Hall) in January. Weather permitting,
a few expeditions are proposed for the Charles
River Basin and Boston Harbor. Sponsor:
Prof. Harold E. Edgerton. Contact: Jean
Mooney, 4-405, x3-4629.

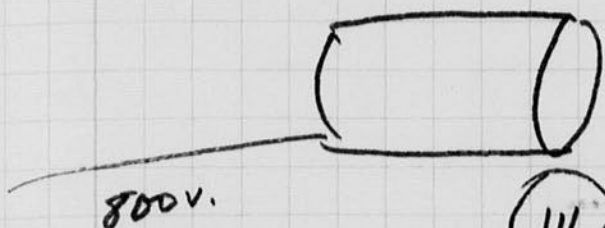
222

Jan 19 86 Sat.
 Work on abv 64 Bat unit.

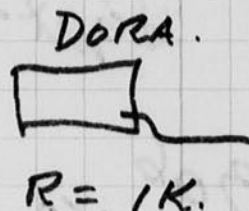


Limit on each string of caps

Duration 3 lamps on 6 caps. 50+ to 75 μ s duration.



150 cm

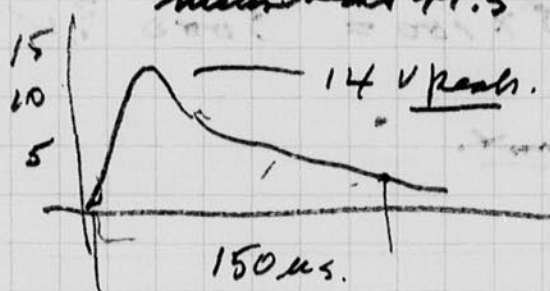


800v.



3 lamps on 6 caps.

meter reads 4.5 x 200. $D = 150$ cm



Variation.
 Tubes may shift?
 Slow down.

$$\text{Peak} = \frac{KVD^2}{R} \text{ C.P.} \quad K = 258 \times 10^6$$

$$\frac{258 \times 10^6 \times 15 \times 150 \times 150}{1000} = 9070$$

$$\frac{258}{15^3} = \frac{258 \times 3400}{2950} \approx 10^4 \text{ C.P.}$$

$$D_{\text{min}} = 70 \mu\text{s.}$$

See disk next page

cut time = 3500 C.P.

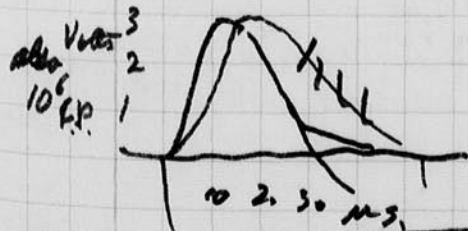
$$\text{out put} = 10^4 \times 70 \times 10^{-6} = 70 \times 10^{-2} = 0.7 \text{ C.P.} \quad ??$$

$$h.C.P. = 800 \times 10^6 \quad \times \text{ planes } \text{C.P.} \quad ??$$

disk - should be 7000 hpss.

Bat unit.

H Print unit. 2 lamps in parallel $D = 1.94$ cm



$$\text{out put} = 3 \times 10^6 \times 30 \times 10^{-6} = 90 \text{ C.P.}$$

2 lamps in parallel

check on Bat 1964 um. $D = 1.9 \mu M.$

$v =$ Peak cp. $= 3.5 \times 10^6$ cp. $\&$ $(2.5 \times 10^6$ low charge).

Duration $= 100 \times 10^{-6}$ sec.

3 lamps in
one reflector.

Output $= 3500$ c.p.s.

Light meter Integration

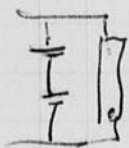
#306
METER
10'
 $f = 8$
 $33/10$? Meter reading.

Output $\rightarrow .33 \times 8 \times 100 = 3000 ? \checkmark$

check.

\uparrow
? constant.

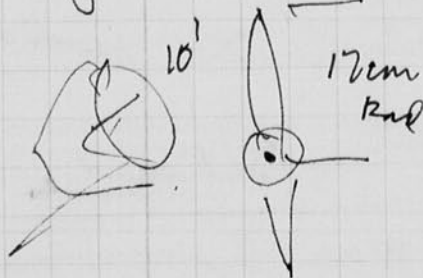
Jan 15 1976. Bill Mac Roberts and I completed the
study of the slow flash unit.



3 of these in parallel in the
same reflector.

Output measured with integrating meter ≈ 5000 p.c.s. 100.005

Jan 16. Tests with Bill Mac Roberts and with
Norman Bilgort.



3600 r.p.m.

$2\pi \cdot 17$ cm for 1 revolution.

$1/60$ sec. $v \approx 2\pi \cdot 17 \times 60$ cm/sec.

Blur with $1/1000$ sec. $= D = v \cdot t$

Blur in cm $\approx \frac{2\pi \cdot 17 \times 60}{1000} \times 10^{-4} = 6.37 \text{ cm}$

Jerry Singerich

25120 PUNTA GARDON
Alameda
33950

Photo shows less.

Jerry

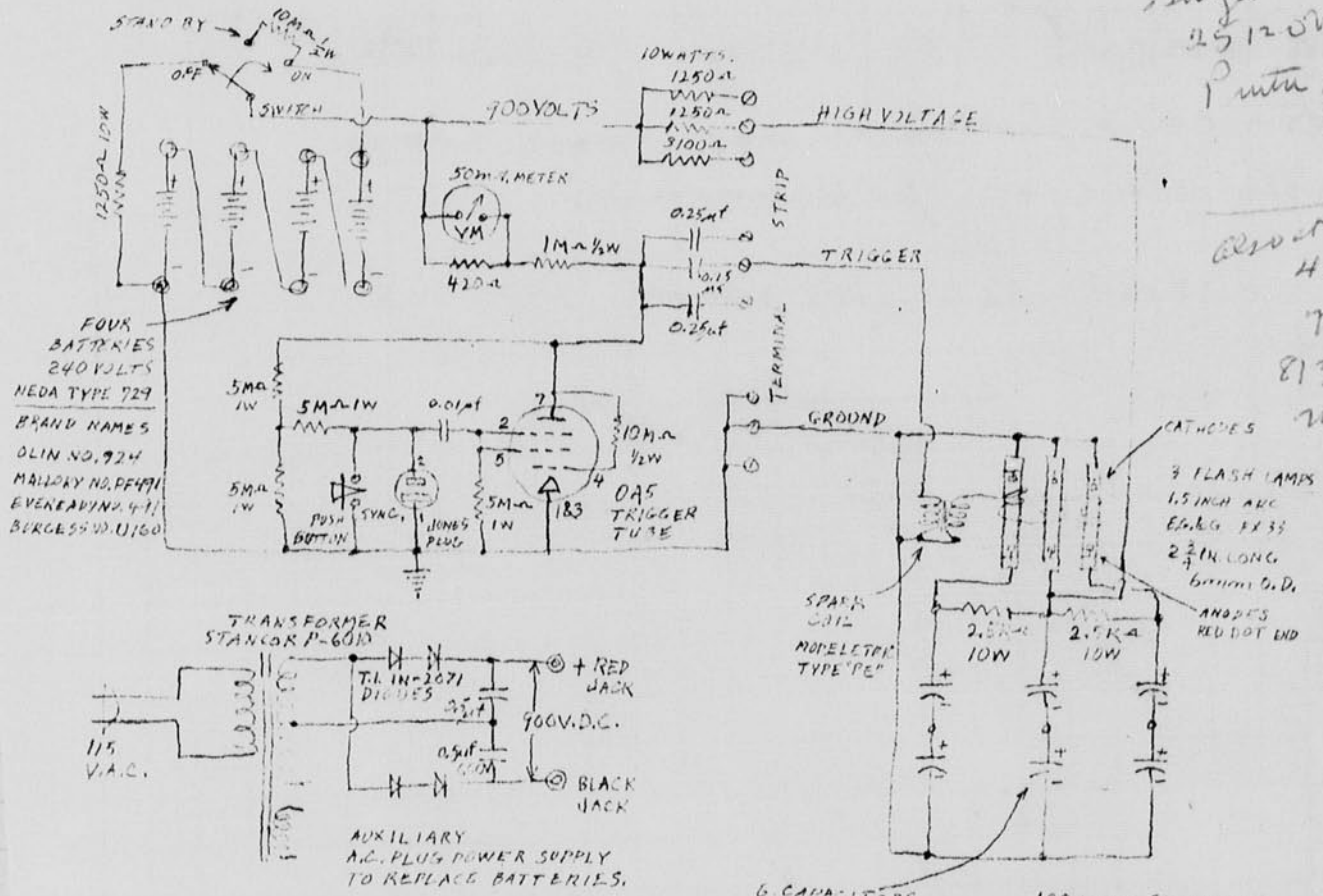
Stella Gould plans was her
today with 2 people
to take TV

CHANNEL V Jan 14
10am 449 0400 x 4428 Stella Gould
from channel exposure.

D. G. RYERICH 102 East South Highway (from photos)
Northport Florida Northport Fla.
813 420 0661 Newport annual Hospital

Original
2512 Monrovia
Punta Dunes
Fla
33450

813 426-0661
Northport
annual
Hospital



6 CAPACITORS
EACH 200uf, 475V.D.C.
SPRAGUE NO. 26762-521

V.E. MacKintosh
H. EV. BENTON

Circuit sent to Dr.
in Florida.
500 cps 100 microseconds.

Bob Seballe
Channel V TV
Called to arrange
a sequence.
Stella Gould + 2
10am Friday

Dr. Seidman brought in paramerium at 3 pm
1st test 1' 10cm @ spark show. 730cfpm 5mi dur 2 ch.
2nd " 75cm @ telur 730cfpm 10 mi dur

Sat. Jan 18 1986 VISIT Silhouette photo
taken by Dr. Seidman
I first used the U.S. paramerium at 90cm
then the portable unit at 70cm
I used a chart to show channels, fog etc.

230pm conclusion.
Photos of Paramerium are grainy
and not good.
Suggested try four gram
film made for 343.
roll 343 is very new
the FX6 lamp at 10 cm barely
gave a darkening!

Jan 18 1986 #2

20.5 mfd 1500V Blue w/ F76x

3" from Point Spark Sung some air in way on 3431

Jan 20 1986 Sunday Lending out book "Solar Energy"
published by Prentice Hall last week.

Conclusion! The silhouette method
with 1302 film is not good enough
for the study of paramerium!

343 film takes too much light!

Jan 21 1986 Jan book for vacation.

Jan 25 1986 Sat. 10 am in 4-405 experiment
with Paramerium.

Photography of Paramerium
Multichromomulsion (?) filter
Cordura Plus Supply Co.
Durham N.C.

#1 Distance microscope spark 70 cm
5 min development in D19 developer 1:1
with - not load with var off the film

#2. Lined some better:

3. Circle of wax from marking pencil.
Some exposure? What Evs think?
4. Some with cover glass Leica used? Leica?!
5. Larger area defined by gas making grease pencil
no cover glass. Some dark feature.
enlargement used in South enlargement
enlargement 3.8T almost 4

Location film 2 page =

6 m

Jan 26, 1986 H. Edgerton. Photos by Shadow of
Carnegie Method -

1. 3" I.D. circle on film 2 min No Parameter ^{Why?}
2. Small green pencil circle. no overexposure.
3. 3" I.D. circle on film Large green pencil circle 3 min no overexposure

Feb 3, 1986. M.I.T. 12KC source on curvy small residual
no transducer 12' cable shielded to (4).

Feb 10, 1986 10 am just back from Washington D.C. when

I received a message from Peter Pat. I was
inducted into the Lawrence's Hall. There was a
big party before and after the induction.

Those present Esther Edgerton

Mary Ellen Walsh and Jack Poque

Wendy Poque and

John and Barbara Gross. Barbara

among others.

Branch at the Hotel Marriott on

Sat before the induction. My Mary Ellen.

Feb 16 1986. Shadow tests. Dead animals in preservation Howard Edgerton.

1. Fx 265 $\frac{1}{8}$ " gap in X-ray 800V 20.5 mte at 60 cur. 343 pen ER. ok
3 min in label 1:1? Shows image - thin.
Resolution excellent.
2. " 2 min Development. 7302 dense
negative very dense. Thin mechanically.
3. Fx 258. 5 min Development 343 ok
density looks the same as 2. could be denser?
Lens does not always flash! overloaded?
4. Fx 198? 45° side to arc. no exp
Same input 5 min dev. VERY THIN NEG! 343 " "
This proves that the V.V. is doing the exposure.
5. MICROFLASH 1M 5 min - no exposure 343 no exp.
6. " 50 cm 5 min. 343 NO exp!
7. Fx 265 20.5 mte 800V 50 cur 343 ok.

Feb 16 1985 Hand Elyton.

Exposure is ok with the ^{Fv} 265 with 20.5 mfd at 800 V.

Microlead - point source gives no exposure at 1 meter or at 1/2 m!

Glass FX 48 gave no exposure? why?

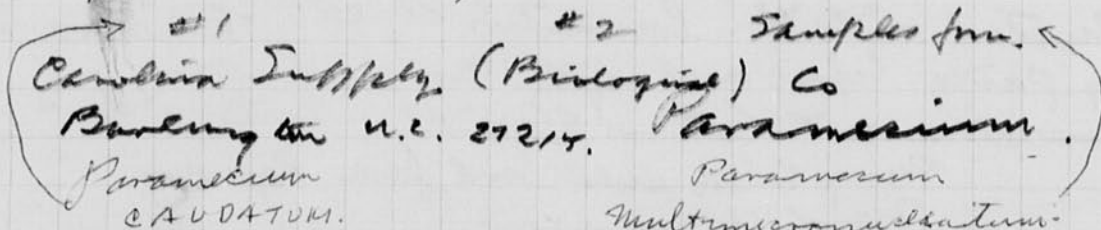
Apparently the FX 265 has light that exposures the 343 film.

Could this be for U.V.?

8 #? 50cm to FX 266 20.5 at 800 V.

Two batches of samples from Supply House.
3 min dev. This, but printable.

9 7302 ~~7302~~ at greater distance on
150 cm to lamp. 3 min dev. 150 cm to lamp.
Exposure is about right could be less.



Scien enlarger second Ring out from lens
Crop results from = $25/9 = 2.78$ $17/7.5 = 2.27$ - mag.

Enlargement $\frac{13}{9} = 1.44$ $\frac{15}{14.7} = 1.02$ $\frac{19.5}{11.3} = 1.73$ magnification

! 7302 negative is ~~lost~~ lost!!!

Feb 19 1986 Hand Elyton - more tests of 343 and 7302 films.

Feb 20 86 HE with Mrs Kayash & Columbus Club for
a lecture at 4 pm at O.S.U.

Feb 21 Returned to Cambridge - Rent car at Dard!

Test 468 Scope intermitted

Feb 22 FX 265 150cm distance at 800 volts $\frac{83''}{36''}$ calc
FX: $D = \frac{3}{4}$ ft. 400 volts min start on P5302 front view 30" to blue.
5-4 photostat. 2.5 mfd. 6.75 Blue 1000 Ω Dev. 5 us
HCP = KVD^2/R_L $K = 22.5 \times 10^6$ $\frac{83''}{36''}$ calc



$= \frac{22.5 \times 10^6 \times 60^2}{1000} = 81000000$ $D = 3/4 = 9/12 M$ $.912 = \frac{.835}{.912}$
 $= 112 \times 10^3 = 112000$ peak cps. Dev 25×10^{-6}

extra. $\sim 112 \times 10^3 \times 5 \times 10^{-6} = 560 \times 10^{-3} = .56$ cps

$.56 / .71 = 7.89$ cps/vol, seems high!

Input = $\frac{800^2 \times 2.2 \times 10^6}{2} = 6.7 \times 10^8$

$$WS = \frac{4 \times 800^2 \times 10^6}{2} \times \frac{256}{2} = 128 \quad \frac{64 \times 10^4 \times 4^2 \times 10^{-6}}{2} \quad 128 \times 10^{-4} = 1,28 \text{ watt/rev.} \quad \text{mpd}$$

$$\text{Output} = \frac{K O^2 V}{R_L} = \frac{22.5 \times 10^6 \times 9^2 \text{ GV}}{1000} = 111. \times 1000 = 110,000 \text{ peak-cp.}$$

$$I_2 = 549 \text{ (1/3) MS.}$$

$$\text{output} = 550,000 \times 10^{-6} = 0.550 \text{ cps.}$$

$$\frac{\text{cp}}{\text{watt}} = \frac{0.55}{1.28} = 0.428 \text{ cp/watt.}$$

Plot 2mm. The output peak is 8V instead of 6, $8/6 = 1.33$ PS 302. Callie K. [initials]

$$\text{effy num is } .425 \times 1.33 = 0.665$$

Check D = 1 meter.

$$\text{CP} = \frac{22.5 \times 10^6 \times 6.5 \times 10^{-6}}{1000} = 146. \times 10^3 = 0.146 \text{ output. cps.}$$

$$\text{Densities} = \frac{5}{.730} \text{ cps output.}$$

$$\text{effy} = \frac{1.28 \text{ watt}}{0.730} = \frac{.730}{1.28} = 0.57$$

#1. FY 265 Power source is 9 volts. Blue run 3-4 plates all eqn. V.V.

#2. FY 255 10 volt. [initials]

March 3 1986, MIT phonocassette Wm T. foraging
364 - 484 Concord Mass
120 Ridge (Rk?) 01742

Discussed energy source fusion without numbers.
I called Blaha - Chris Francis will pass word to Rader

Steve Friedman Einstein Camera
Diamond monochromator Flash Meter 4. 365.
and infra red filter for Nibbor f 3.5 lens.
Hoyer IR RM20 filter.

617924-3382 → 58 Oliver St Waltham MA 02172

Mar 4 1986, Abe Freundlich, and Phil McIlroy, were here
all say to take color photos for Hermann papers

Jordan Meijer's water. will come later.

PHILIP GRECO called Mar 3 about slip road Rolo near the
Amada(?), Cape Cod Marion wireless station
Mar 10 1986. [initials]

Chris Wolfe - Aero problem - Insects a model plane. Jimmie
I suggested a 35 mm film with 120-yr lens.
Will be back in 2 weeks.

H. Edgerton Mar 10 1986 Suno.

JOHN Scott Tube Dept Dialon Film called several weeks ago.

Ken Bates - Several phone calls - letter in file, Fairfield N.H.

Dryper Lab - various values from Chem 182-8-3100

Connors 182-8-3108

McJorland 182-8-3100

understandable systems

R2. 4-405

Mar 9 1986

Tests of FX 265 lamps (Quartz window).

#	V	Dialon PS ³⁰² 200	Voltage for actual start
1	1200V		
2	620		
3	540	(1/8" gap).	
4.	480		

Ry 298? 720 has 1/4" gap

$$\frac{18000}{205} = 88$$

Fault #3 put in with 20.5 mtd $\frac{CB^2}{2} = \frac{20.5^2 \times 600^2 \times 10^{-6}}{2} = 36.9 \text{ W s.}$
Coil 505, 1/8" gap. 600V.

1 exposure thin 20.5 mtd at 40cm 600V? 2 min in
3x " ok " 3 flashes. density ok. Debetol 1:1

7302 Film 2.68 mtd 600V, mask 1 and 3 flashes

DBK 208:1. 1 mm. 2000 density. 40cm film

all above with PS ~~200~~ 302.

Try again with FX 155 flash tanks or FX 611
which is chosen. Use battery supply and 4 mtd at
50 or 60 cm. Develop 2- to 5 minutes.

? Does the FX 155 have a 3mm gap or 6mm?

Also try the FX 64 with 7302 at closer distances.

and for density of 0.8 or .9 with no subject.

Try 4 min development in Debetol 1:1. Expose to
measure grain.

Nov 18 1986 Hand Experiment

Exposure tests

FX 302 (322) Sutton

3.68 mtd 6.3 ~ 1 sec. V = 620 V

- #1 7302 film with trays. 40 cm to FX 158
 - #2 7302 " " " 40 cm to FX 198 U.
- 3 min development in D19K701 ±.

			plain glass.				
7302	DENSITY	FX 198	.57	.5	3.68	620V	3.63
7302	Density	FX 198 U.	.97	.56	3.68	"	14.4
7302	"	FX 265	.68	.62	3.68	"	18.03
343	Densom.	FX 265	.07, .24	.17	3.68 mtd	620	3 min } Same film sheet
343	"	"	.17	.25	3.68 + 14.4	620	
343	"	"	.21		18.0 + 620		
343	"	"	.29		18.0	820V	
7302.	"	FX 265	1.5	1.46	18.05	620V	Densom
7302	"	FX 64	0.51				+ 4 mtd 500 BATTERY.

From this set of experiments I recommend the
 FX 198 U at 40 cm with 4 mtd at 500 volts. The lamp with be
 changed tomorrow and an experiment will be
 40, 50, 60, 70 cm with subjects. An analysis for
 subject been but for kind at each setting.
 I will use 7302 film with Dabitol 1:1 for 3 min with.

Try 30 cm
40
50
60

FX 343 film, use P5320 at 800 volts with 18 mtd.

(Sun diam = .8654 million miles) from Sun
 Earth Sun 8,000 " "

MEMO. - The point above is less 8 mtd (I thought it had 4)!

Mar 11 1986 Hensel Egypt and Bill Macpherson.

Tests for Density and Resolution of small sources and fine grained films.

Portable powered unit with 570 v battery. 3 min in Retinol 1:1, fine grain film 7302

LAMP	C	V	FLASHES	Height to film	Density	
→ same film.	FX1980	8	500	1	50 cm	1.74
	"	"	"	4	50	2.56
	FX1980	8	500	1	70	1.40
				2	70	2.2
→	FX1980	8	500	1	100	0.91
				4	100	1.91

Tests with EK type 343 film.

	FX1980	8	500	1	40	.14
				4	40	.55
→	FX1980	8	500	1	20	.43
				4	20	.70

The 343 has superior grain than the 7302
8x9 = 32 μ s.

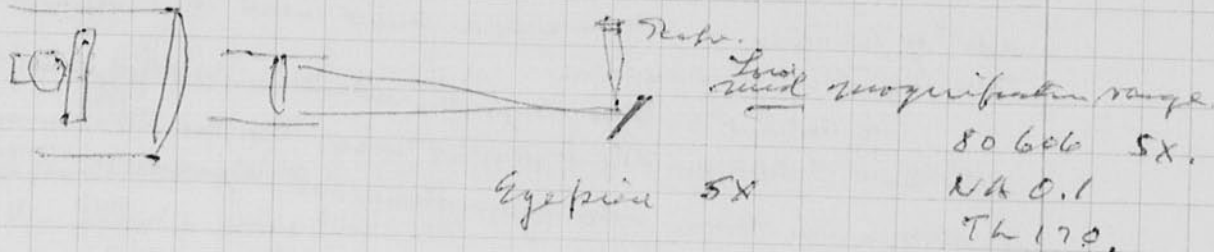
We examined the resolution target with a microscope. Apparently in contact the 20 cm lamp spacing gives excellent Resolution. I can line with the single beam at 20 cm spacing for 1 flash. Comment it would be better to use 2 or 4 x the energy.

I showed Elbb, and talked to Lee and Judy P. Lee recommended a sapphire window lamp FV-? which has a small gap and uses xenon at 5 atmospheres. Several will be sent to me for trial in this shadow experiment.

To do make microscope photos of some of the above records to show grain and resolution.

Mar 12 1986. Phoned Bob & Helen - Joe Lee He plans to send me
7, 5 mm 1930 665-9010 some sample lamps
3, mm 2470 (non standard) for experimentation.

Millon's plate - 7302 film Exam 100cm Dark 500v.
 B8 on 0.1mm scale. Model 515 flash and target lamp house

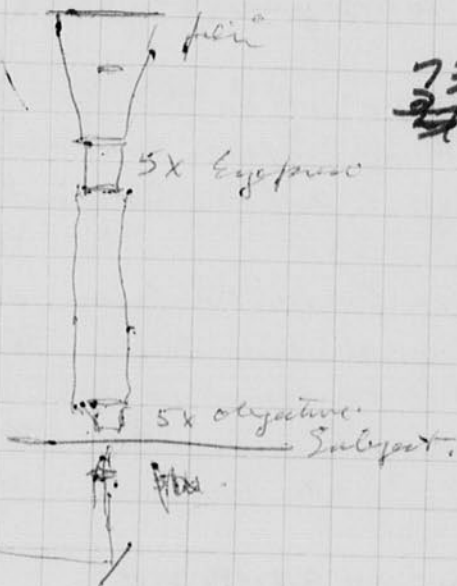


0 1
 full 1
 0 1
 full 1
 w x 1

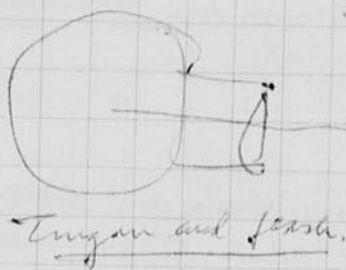
ASA 25 color.

- 33 full 1
- 34 0 1
- 35 full 2x
- 36 0 2x
- 37 full 2x
- 38 0 2x
- 39

focus problem
 Liquid Dim.



7302 ✓



All above
 with 7302 film
 lowest power.

Second film ASA 25 color. 1/125 sec. 343 Resolution.

- w. x mm scale
- 1 on 1
 - 2 off 1
 - 3 ?
 - 4 ??
 - 5 ?
 - 6 on 4
 - 7 off 4
 - 8 on 4
 - 9 off 1
 - 10
 - 11 on 2
 - 12 off 2
 - 13 on 4
 - 14 off 4

ships. why? curves maybe. 1?

I am known Mrs 386
 Chris Hamlin
 861 75 80 AT

discuss finding of vidicon of
 overlaid arcades on str
 Mar 21. 1986.

- from films
- 0
 - 240
 - 0
 - 0
 - 31 0
 - 32 0
 - 33 24
 - 34 24
 - 35 24
 - 36 24
 - 37 24
 - 38 24

All stands w/ angles
 are covered

Mar 13 1986. Harold Edgerton

Josh Noyler and Gene Ostroff (Cyanobacteria work) were in my office from 10 to 12 days. ~~They were~~ a lot of pictures - we under did not have looking up the negatives for action.

He called to Gus Kagawa about a set of big plates color and B SW further evident in the South main. Acknowledges some old equipment. Equipment was 20 or 30 years ago.

Mar 17, 1986. Director's meeting at 3:30. Street Boston Noyler's office. Don & Frank Maria Kuria - L. Lunch at old city hall "Robert" restaurant.

Mar 19, 1986. Kaufman due in am at 100 main St. try shut down fresh into salt water. find equipment for color photo graphs of plankton. 1st plankton Brine shrimp from Cyronium. Plankton from Pond. in can.

Mar 23 3rd 1986 M.I.

Photos of Drops falling 40cm and bottom layer of water some 1/4" thick. A 2cm thick layer was put adjacent at the cm and was cut with 4 inch at 500 V.

Using working data at 500 V. Results excellent. - 2cm 1302 developed 2mm in detector 1:2.

Mar. 25, 1986 Wednesday Esther has the chamber bridge due for some genes and lenses.

Mar 28 1986, Friday

1. Tank of water FILTERED - 05 with 900V 40cm Depth of 200 0.6cm
not enough pressure
2. 400V 900V 1.5 min Dev. 40cm Lots of Dirt
3. Re filled " " " "
4. 3-28 on Decem
5. 3-26 on delay. wrong?
6. 3-20
7. 3-18 0.9 Pump 40 Dev 0.9 cm
8. 3-20 0.9
9. 3-20 1.2 cm
10. 3-20 1.2 cm Pump 24 Dev 26
Problems with two circuit. P.R. Box delay.

Set Mar 29 86 - H. Goggin Set.

FX-209U Small gap metal
FX-712 Trigger module

FX-193U FX716 coil module

Photo High Pressure short gap metal Zephire 4000

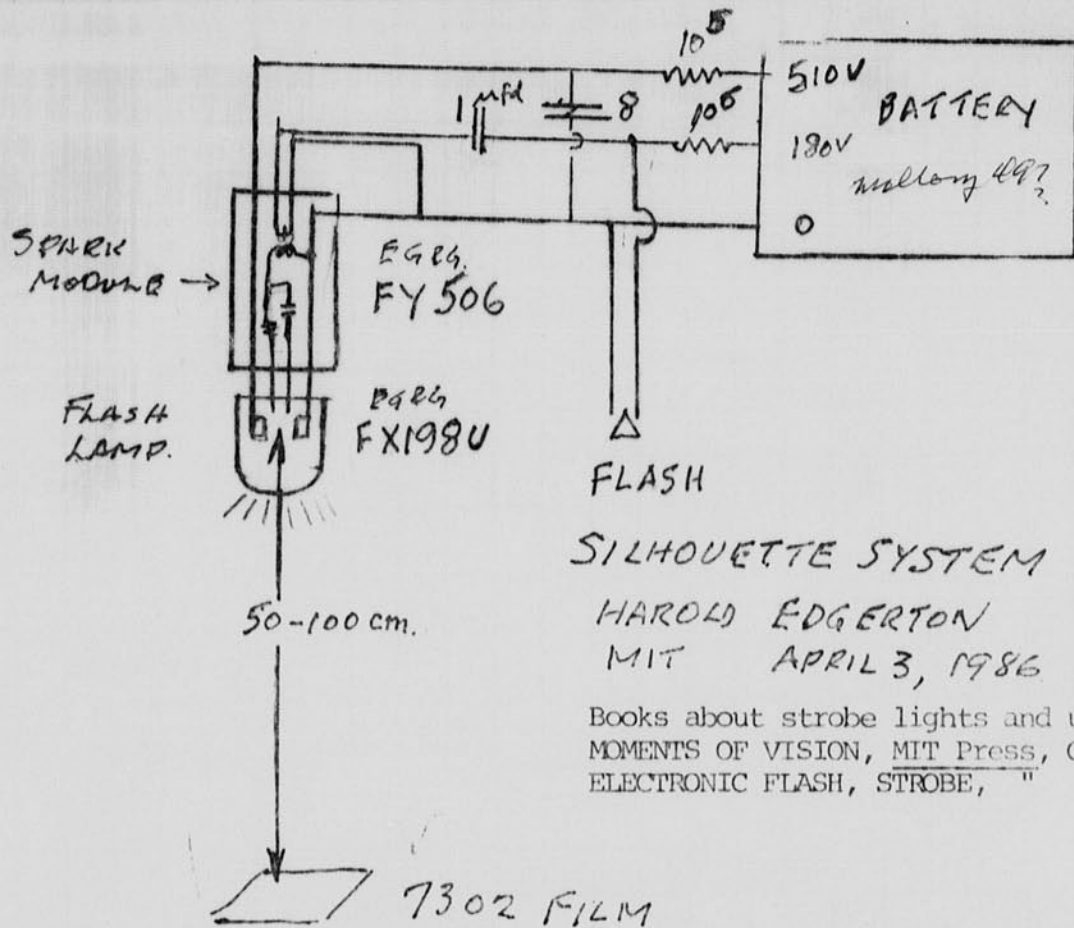
FX-193U. Starts sometimes at 900

later at 900 on serial 85322 PS302.

	Film	C	V	Dist	Remarks	D-9200	CS ₂	1.5 mm metal probe Rehoboth 1.2
#1	1930	343	18.55	900 S	50 cm	.38	.21	3 ± WS
2	1930	343	18.35	"	40	.49	.37	"
3	1930	343	18.5 ± 20	"	40	.64	.57	20 ± WS. Temp 500K.
4	7302	355	⁹⁰⁰ 500	50	water boundary not clear	1.17	.93	
5	7302	8	<u>500</u>	50		1.07	.78	Portals.
6	7302	8	500	70				Portals
7	7302	355	900	70	420 cm dark + Hypo Drop Hypo into water.			

MAR 30 1986 BASTER MT AUBURN POND 11 am.

1	343	^{3.55} 38	with 900V	50 cm	No exp? Part in light etc.
2	7302	^{3.55} —	"	50	Dark - Plankton near hole at Point in water, 1 cm thick.
3	343	38	"	50	1 copied! 1 cm thick
4	343	38	"	40	Water thicker 1.5 cm thick



Hi Edgerton,
Apr 4 1986 I am scheduled to go to Lawrence Kansas tomorrow with Gus Kanyagas for an exhibit and lecture about high-speed photography.

I am taking the above equipment for a demonstration plus a collection of slides.

Bob Ballard lectured about the finding of the Titanic last night at the rms. of Greene in the Associates of WFO.

April 10 Sunday, 1986. Last night with Rowe and June Well at the Country Club in Dedham.

Again a lecture illustrated with slides. Then a lunch and dinner at the country club in Brookline.

Apr 23 Wed. Lots of visitors. Mary Lou Dwyer Hickory N.C.
Mary Anne Hubbard N.C.
Rosemary " N.C.
Bob Edgerton Pontiac
Mina Edgerton "
Ellen Dwyer MIT Somerville

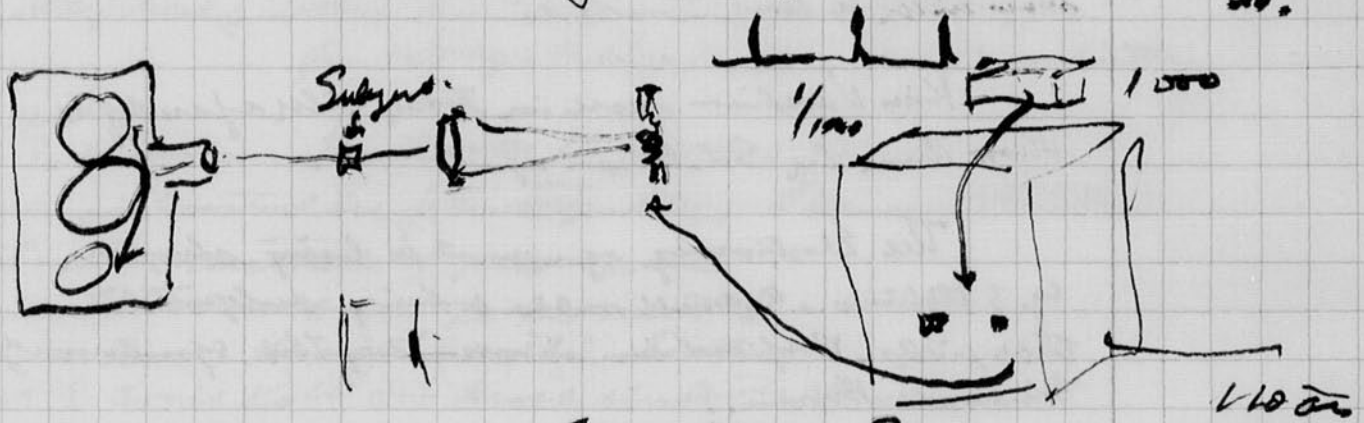
May 8 1986 H. S. ...
 Herbert and Margot Lander from Frankfurt Germany
 were here on the 7th 8.
 Lunch at W. G. H. Henry ... and 3 staff presented
 advertisement
 World coverage
 Special etc. programs for 1986 and 7
 Wilder's ... subjects in print out.

MAY 71 ...
 KARI LAVALLI }
 DIANA BARSHAW }
 MBL

ASIAOK POTAT. Tending and 1985-6. Small Fall.

MAY 13 1986 M.I.T.

KARI LAVALLI - BOSTON UNIVERSITY MARINE PROGRAM, MBL 548 3705 521
 Diana Barshaw - Boston University Marine Program, MBL Woods Hole MA 518.



5302 film. Pos.

#1. 60 cycles. 3 Comments 1. Focus soft
 2. Image too small
 P.O. mfl, Low Power.
 Exposure OK.

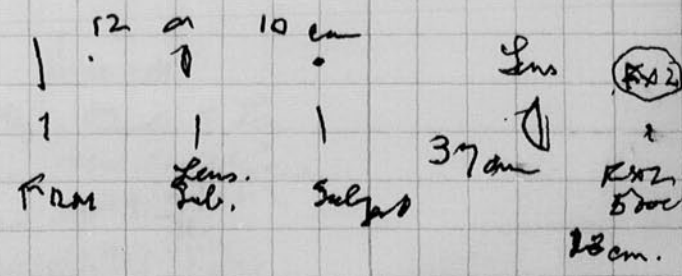
4th stage Lobsters copepods.

Suggestions, 1. Constraint. Smaller field.
 2. Adjust focus - (distance)

#2. Enlarged (mistake). f 5.6 500 cycles
 out of focus f2=8, f2=20

#3. 500 cycles, F11

in focus - can see copepods!



MAY 23 1986 MIT 4-405 Harold Edgerton

I went to Eta M.B.L. Marine Biological Laboratory -
 (Wed) on May 21 at noon: Kari Lovell & Diana Bardawil. ^{W.B.L. Wain Ale}
 mess.

and another stroke at 1000 gpm. To get a
 series of photos, the Telestar was 1" long, and
 did not move!

I lectured on Wed May 21 at noon. Slides
 were shown of stroke circuits etc., ~~7:00-9:00 AM~~

A lecture by Rutz Strubbe was presented
 at 4 pm - I attended, He showed movies and slides.

"Summer Student Register" 22 as of May 23.
 Chris Miller and wife Jean had a car accident in
 Charlottesville Virginia last week. He is home
 now with a broken rib etc.

Kim Vandiver came in today with a family to
 show them the Solitron equipment.

The Electromag equipment is being shown
 by 3 stations. A small radio is being subjected to
 the fields. Prof Mullen is operating the equipment,
 the small Brown!

Monday Recreational Day Lynn and Dick are here from
 Florida for a few days. We went to the
 Waynall inn ~~last~~ yesterday for a big lunch!

June 2 1986 Ellen Dixon graduated at MIT in the rain. Her mother
 Mrs Mary Len Dixon came up from Hickory N.C.
 Ellen and Wrayton left for a trip in Ellen's car
 stopped at Pontiac to see Bob's family and
 Retha Lavis family in Kentucky.

June 11 1986 Harold Edgerton.

Esther and I returned from Pontiac Detroit airport about 11 am today. We went to Midland Mich to attend a historic celebration on June 5 on Republic air line. The air port is called Bay city / Saginaw.

My talk was in the small auditorium at the Midland Art center. Some 400 people attended. News Judge Down introduced me.

We toured the Dow Corning co & saw the main super setups. Archie Kolt was our host most of the time. Mrs. Carol Kolt's pet was a quail & show us around.

After an interesting morning we had lunch at the headquarters building of the Dow Corning Co. A man for Hastings introduced is a vice president.

On Sat ^{for} ③ morning I met with 12 people who were interested in photography. I demonstrated the salt print method of photography.

A lamp bank coil are to be sent to Grand Porton. He will be called into and give it to Archie Kolt for some students to see at a camp.

We attended a luncheon party at Bob Edgerton's home in Pontiac on Sat. Sunday morning. Some 150 people attended. Then in the afternoon

Sylvia Edgerton graduated from Ropes. It was a bright sunny day. Some 48 students got their degrees. Ed Rowland was one of these. He and Sylvia are good friends!

Monday June 9 at Bob's Home

Tuesday morning at E.C.D. to see Bob's business model. The E.C.D. group are in a collection of buildings (Monahan 11).

Dinner at the Phoenix restaurant with June 10. I saw and Stanley Oschinsky, Schwartz, Bob & Liz before my lecture at the Institute. The talk was done fully. Bob had put up about a dozen of my photos. I showed a very of high speed slides and movie (dressed time of East Dallas and star film). Eric, Mrs. Bob and Liz, Ed were in the audience.



ON CALYPSO
IN CUBA 1987/6

PETER MUI

ON CALYPSO
IN CUBA

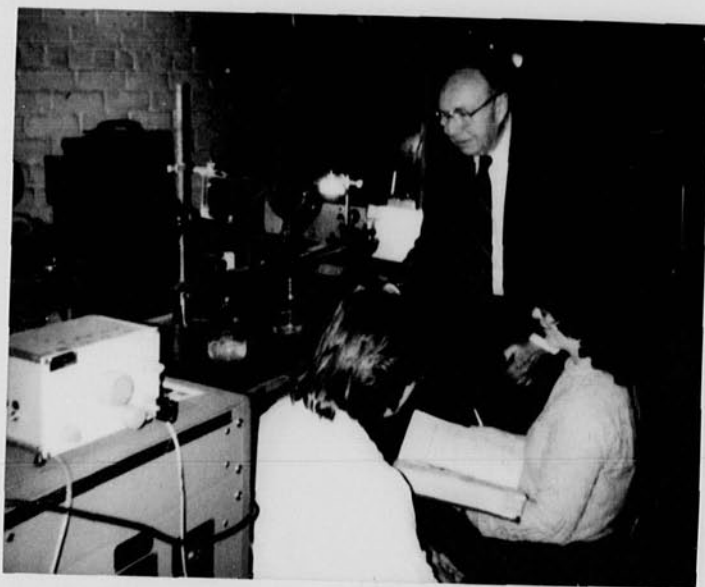


HAROLD
EDGEMAN



H. EDGERTON RELAXED! 83 years old
on colypso, 1986.

Diana Barshaw }
M.B.L.
Kari Lavelli } Wood
Hale.



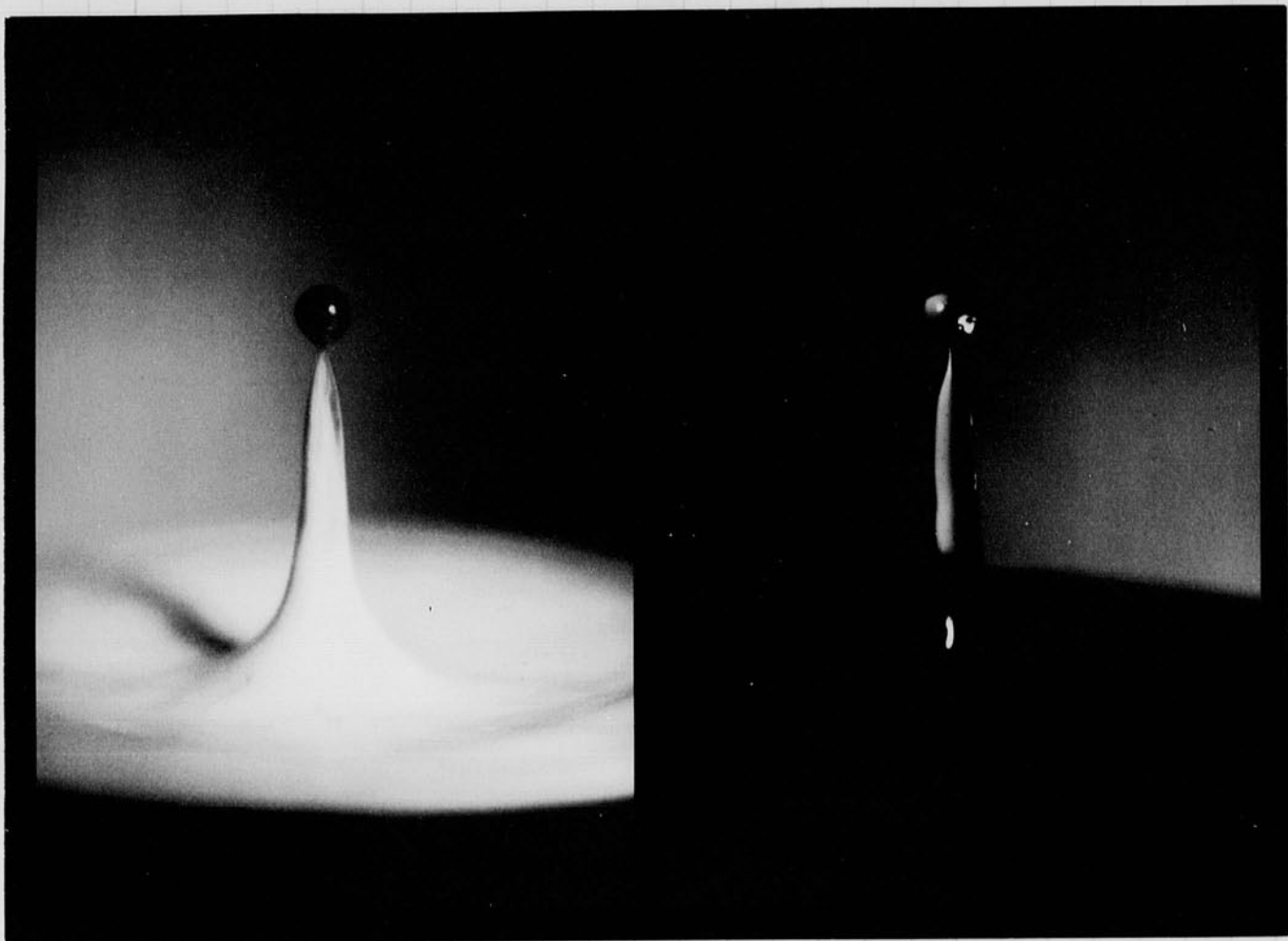
FROM
M.B.L.

M.B.L.
March 1986

KARI LAVALL DIANA Barshaw

March 86 Edgerton

1000/acc movies of
Folietas, 1" long, no action.



Cranberry juice into
milk.

Water into cranberry juice.

June 14 1986 Hawk Lodge

Chas. Miller is organizing a summer High Street
Seminar starting next week. Some 30 to 35 people
have signed up. Some 4 lectures during the week.
Many interesting people will give lectures.

Ray Swensen was in yesterday. He was in the
lab as a student years ago. He now works
for Haulott. Probably cost of lab.

	YEAR	Attendees	Date
	<u>H.S. Seminars</u>	<u>or C.E. WINTER</u>	
184	1984	33	
186	1985	25	
189	1986	40	June 16 1986

Notebook # 35

Filming and Separation Record

___ unmounted photograph(s)

___ negative strip(s)

3 unmounted page(s)
(notes, drawings, letters, etc.)

was/were filmed where originally located between page ___ and ____.
inside back cover

Item(s) now housed in accompanying folder.

"Rare Coins Are the Most Profitable Investment in America!"

The news is out—"Rare coins are the number-one investment in all of America." For more than three decades, rare coin investments have been providing a few smart investors with spectacular profits. Some of these investors have earned profits of more than 80 times their original investment.

What's more, rare coins have provided some of the most consistent gains of any investment. Rare coin investments stack up impressive profits in virtually every economic environment imaginable. Numerous studies have shown rare coins to be the top-rated investment over time periods ranging from 30 years, 10 years, 5 years, and 1 year, as well.

Well-respected investment publications across the country are now extolling the virtues of rare coin investments:

Rare coins -- #1 for the past 10 years!

Barron's magazine—June 17, 1985

Compounded Annual Rates of Return

	10 Years	Rank
U.S. Coins	20.4%	1
Chinese Ceramics	17.1	2
Stamps	14.5	3
Old Masters	10.7	4
Stocks	10.4	5
Treasury Bills	10.0	6
Diamonds	9.5	7
Bonds	9.3	8
Oil	8.0	9
Housing	7.9	10
CPI	7.3	11
U.S. Farmland	6.9	12
Gold	6.9	13
Silver	3.5	14
Foreign Exchange	-0.6	15

Basic Data: Salomon Brothers Investment Survey, 1985

And look at the fantastic gains they made this year!

Money magazine—November, 1985

	Early October	One year earlier	12-month change
Collectables			
Coin portfolio	\$36,450	\$23,840	+52.9%
Stamp portfolio	\$529.79	\$523.54	+1.19%
Stocks			
Dow Jones industrial average	1324	1182	+12%
Food stocks	216	145	+49%
Cosmetics stocks	59	49	+20.4%
Hospital management stocks	50	57	-12.2%
Interest-bearing securities (price index)			
Long-term corporate	74.08	65.74	+12.7%
Long-term Treasury	73.94	65.85	+12.3%
Interest-bearing securities (yield average)			
Long-term corporate	11.71%	13.34%	-12.2%
Long-term Treasury	10.83%	12.38%	-12.5%
Municipal bonds	9.74%	10.47%	-6.97%
Six-month CDs	7.48%	11.17%	-33.03%
Money-market funds	7.18%	10.62%	-32.39%
Metals and currencies			
Gold (per ounce)	\$326	\$346	-5.8%
French franc (per dollar)	8.67	9.3	-6.77%
Japanese yen (per dollar)	237.3	245.5	-3.34%
German mark (per dollar)	2.84	3.03	-6.27%
Real estate			
Median single-family house	\$77,100	\$73,700	+4.61%
REIT index	104.06	103.85	+0.2%

Notes and Cautions: House price is for August. Sources: Standard & Poor's, Shearson Lehman Bros., Federal Reserve, Bond Buyer, Bank Rate Monitor, Donoghue's Money Fund Report, National Association of Realtors, National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts, Linn's Stamp News, Numismatic Professionals. Foreign currency changes are percent gain or loss in units of the currency \$1 buys.

Basic Data: Money magazine, November, 1985

Fact magazine—July/August 1985

"While investor attentions have been focused elsewhere this year, rare coins have staged an impressive rally. Coins now rate the number-one investment in FACT's exclusive Investment Report Card, over the most recent six- and twelve-month periods included."

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Limited Offer—DO NOT DELAY!



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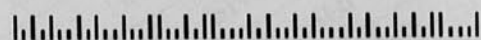
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Security Rare Coin's Commitment To Professional Service

From the moment you call SRC, you are in the hands of investment professionals—serious men and women who really care about you and your investments.



CC-195

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Every coin purchased from SRC is completely covered by a double guarantee of authenticity and complete satisfaction. This double guarantee, one of the strongest in the industry, makes buying rare coins virtually risk free.

If you are dissatisfied with your coins for any reason, you may return them within 30 days for a full refund. SRC will pay all shipping costs.



SRC's Ironclad Guarantee

Classic Old-World Gold

FRENCH GOLD ROOSTERS OVER 70 YEARS OLD



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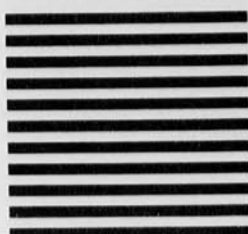
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Classic Old-World Gold

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Order Form Inside

Three Ways to Earn the Most Profits from Rare Coins

Rare coin investment expert William J. Ulrich, Chairman of the Board of Security Rare Coin & Bullion Corp, offers these three tips on rare coin investment:

1. Purchase only original mint-condition silver and gold coins. The reason for this is simple. Rare coins minted with precious metals (silver and gold) have two ways to appreciate: 1) They make strong gains whenever silver and gold bullion prices increase, and 2) they also make strong gains from their scarcity value.

Rare coins are exactly that—"rare." They are scarce and hard to come by, and the demand for them continues to increase. The result: Rare coins continue to profit in all kinds of economic environments—even when gold and silver drop in price. But it is during times of rising precious metals prices and heavy inflation that rare coins really excel.

In the past, these kinds of conditions have provided gains for many rare coins of more than 200% in a single year.

2. Buy the highest-quality coins. High-quality coins have consistently outperformed lesser-quality coins by an incredibly wide margin. These coins are scarcer and much harder to find. The problem is that many coin companies simply don't have these kinds of coins to sell.

*Fantastic
Profits
Ahead!*

Security Rare Coin was established to provide a source of superior, high-quality investment coins—coins that have a stronger potential for spectacular gains. The high-quality coins SRC sells offer a profit potential as high as 600% and more during the next three to five years.

3. Find a reputable coin company. I've gone to great trouble to see to it that my company, Security Rare Coin, is the industry's leader when it comes to service and dependability. When you call SRC's toll-free number, you'll speak with one of our Monetary Specialists—an expert in the coin investment field. We are trained to help people honestly with their coin investments...to answer your questions, and never, ever to use high-pressure sales tactics. These are the cardinal rules we live by.

SRC will always insist that you take immediate delivery of your coins. We will never hold your coins for you. That is a dangerous practice that has led to grave trouble for many investors in the past.

Most important, when you purchase coins from SRC you will get an ironclad guarantee of both authenticity and satisfaction. If any coin is ever found not to be authentic, or altered in any way, they will promptly refund the entire purchase price, plus 15% interest paid from the date of purchase.

Furthermore, if for any reason you are dissatisfied with your coins, you may return them within thirty days for a full refund. It is also SRC's practice to buy back the coins at the same grade at which they were sold. And we will even pay the shipping costs.

In short, there is absolutely no safer or more profitable way to purchase rare coins than by calling Security Rare Coin.

"While the profits earned on rare coin investments in the past have been great, every market indicator I've seen points to even more spectacular gains in the future. There has never been a better time to acquire high-quality rare coins than right now."

William J Ulrich

SECURITY 600 Shelard Plaza North
RARE COIN & BULLION Minneapolis,
CORP Minnesota 55426

Financial Analyst/Chairman of the Board
Security Rare Coin & Bullion Corp

Market Analysis

Specifications:

Purity: .900 Gold	Diameter: 21 mm
Gold Weight: .18 troy ounces	Type: "Rooster"
Mint: Paris, France	Dates: 1907-14

Rating:	Fair	Good	Superior	Outstanding
Scarcity	_____	_____	_____✓	_____
Liquidity	_____	_____	_____	_____✓
Quality	_____	_____	_____	_____✓
Safety	_____	_____	_____	_____✓

Projected Growth Potential	<i>Premium Grade*</i>	Mint Grade
(Next 3 to 5 years):	(MS 63+):	(MS 60+):
	475% to 725%	300% to 400%

*Most highly recommended for investment purposes.

ORDER FORM: Detach This Card And Mail Today!

YES! I want to take advantage of the fantastic profit potential of French Gold Roosters. Please rush the following original mint-condition coins to me. I understand that if I am dissatisfied with my coins for any reason, I may return them within 30 days for a full refund. SRC will pay all shipping costs.

Original Mint-Condition French 20-Franc Gold Roosters					
Coins And Rolls	Premium Grade MS 63+		Mint Grade MS 60+		Subtotal
	Quantity	Price*	Quantity	Price*	
Single Gold Coins	_____	\$ 155	_____	\$ 120	\$_____
5-Coin Mini-Rolls	_____	\$ 765	_____	\$ 595	\$_____
10-Coin Half Rolls	_____	\$1,525	_____	\$1,185	\$_____
20-Coin Full Rolls	_____	\$3,045	_____	\$2,365	\$_____
				TOTAL:**	\$_____

* Prices subject to change without notice.
** Minnesota residents add 6% sales tax.

Enclosed is my check/money order for: \$ _____

Please Print:

NAME _____

ADDRESS _____

CITY _____ STATE _____ ZIP _____

PHONE (_____) _____ (_____) _____
Area Code Daytime Area Code Evening

My SRC Monetary Specialist is: _____



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